### CHAPTER IX.

## MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

### § 1. General.

I. Introduction.—A complete statistical account of the growth of the manufacturing industry in Australia cannot be given owing to the fact that prior to 1906 the necessary statistics were not collected by the several States on a definite and uniform basis. A standard classification of manufacturing industries was formulated at a conference of Australian Statisticians in 1902 and adopted by all States in 1906. Figures on this basis were prepared for 1907 and subsequent years.

Prior to the federation of the Australian States in 1901, the manufacturing industry in Australia was primarily engaged in the production of goods for local use, mainly of food commodities, furniture, bricks, clothing made from imported materials, printing, the repair rather than the manufacture of machinery, and the preliminary treatment of primary products, such as wool-scouring and sawmilling.

After federation, steady expansion of the manufacturing industry resulted from the removal of interstate trade barriers and the operation of a uniform protective tariff. This expansion was quickened as a result of the demands created by the 1914-18 War, the curtailment of imports, and the rapid growth of spending power within the community. New and more advanced development took place, iron and steel works and many related and subsidiary industries were established, extensive manufacture of machinery was begun, and a wide range of high-grade products—textiles, metal manufactures, electrical goods, etc.—was added to the list of commodities made in Australia.

A check was made in this expansion by the world-wide economic depression of 1929-33, but subsequently returning general prosperity and the opportunities opened to local manufacturers by import restrictions, together with depreciation of Australian currency. gave renewed stimulus to manufacturing enterprise. As economic conditions improved, the tariff, revenue duties and primage were reduced, but without materially prejudicing the progress of local manufactures.

When war broke out in September, 1939, Australia became a major source of supply for British countries east of Sucz and in meeting these demands, as well as those arising locally because of interruption of oversea importations, existing manufacturing industries expanded, and new enterprises were developed rapidly for the production of all classes of munitions, aircraft, ships, many new kinds of machinery and metal manufactures, scientific equipment, textiles, chemicals, etc. The outbreak of war with Japan, the basing of Allied armed forces in Australia, and Australian responsibilities for supplies in the South-west Pacific Area, gave added impetus to these developments, and manufacturing in Australia outstripped all previous levels.

The cessation of war production and the transition of industry to a peace-time basis temporarily retarded progress, but after 1945-46 there was renewed expansion of the manufacturing industries to which an inflow of capital from overseas contributed.

2. Decentralization of Manufacturing Industries.—Following upon a report by the Secondary Industries Commission, the Commonwealth Government called a conference of Commonwealth and State Ministers in August, 1945 to formulate a national policy for the decentralization of secondary industries. It was agreed that the State Governments should seek to promote decentralization along the lines appropriate to each, providing necessary services, assistance and concessions to the full extent of State resources. The Commonwealth undertook to collaborate in all matters of Commonwealth industrial policy affecting the development and location of industry, to investigate in association with the States of developments desirable for defence purposes, and to provide financial assistance for projects of national importance where the cost would be great relative to the State's resources. The Commonwealth has assisted decentralization by allocating to private industry munitions and other defence buildings in decentralized areas and accommodating migrants in provincial centres with prospects of development. Oversea firms contemplating establishment in Australia are encouraged to select locations in rural areas or the less industrialized States.

3. Commonwealth Division of Industrial Development.—The functions of the Division of Industrial Development (formed in February, 1945 as the Secondary Industries Division of the Department of Post-war Reconstruction) were extended in August, 1948 to include the encouragement of industrial development, the exercising of Commonwealth responsibilities for the decentralization of industry, the promotion of industrial efficiency (especially the study of technical, production and managerial problems and the dissemination and application of new knowledge and methods), the encouragement of the development of technological institutes and the publication of studies of the structure and operation of Australian manufacturing industries. The Division was attached to the Ministry of National Development when formed in March, 1950 to plan the development of national resources and to promote decentralization and regional development in conjunction with the States.

At the same time the Secondary Industries Commission which was established in 1943 to investigate post-war uses for munitions factories, to plan for the transition of secondary industries from war-time to peace-time activities, and generally to seek to increase industrial efficiency and to explore opportunities for new industries was disbanded in April, 1950.

4. Customs and Excise Tariffs and Bounties on Manufactures.—Particulars of Australian customs and excise tariffs, and the constitution and functions of the Australian Tariff Board in relation to matters affecting the industrial development of Australia, are given in Chapter VIII.—Trade.

Bounties are paid by the Commonwealth Government to encourage local manufacture of certain products. The Statutory provisions usually fix a term of operation of the bounty, provide for payment at a rate varying according to changes in the corresponding customs duty, specify the annual maximum amount of bounty payable, and require the bounty to be withheld or reduced if a manufacturer's net profit in production of the commodity exceeds a certain rate or if rates of wages and conditions of employment in production of the commodity do not conform to prescribed standards.

5. Scientific Research and Standardization.—(i) The Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization. The function of this Organization, reference to which also appears in Chapter XXIX., is to initiate and conduct research in connexion with industries in Australia, to train research workers, to establish industrial research studentships and fellowships, to make grants in aid of pure scientific research, to establish industrial research associations in various industries, to provide for testing and standardization of scientific equipment, to conduct an information service relating to scientific and industrial matters, and to act for Australia in liaison with other countries in matters of scientific research.

(ii) The Standards Association of Australia. This Association, which is referred to also in Chapter XXIX., acts as the national standardizing organization of Australia and issues standard specifications for materials and codes of practice. Specifications and codes are prepared and revised periodically in accordance with the needs of industry, and standards are evolved and accepted by general consent.

(iii) The National Association of Testing Authorities. The National Association of Testing Authorities organizes national testing facilities throughout Australia to serve private and governmental needs. Laboratories may register voluntarily in respect of tests within their competence and the Association ensures the maintenance of their standards of testing. It is expected that there will be general acceptance of certificates of tests issued in the name of the Association by the registered laboratories.

#### GENERAL.

6. Definitions in Factory Statistics.—The statistics relating to factories have been compiled from returns supplied annually by manufacturers to, and tabulated by, the several State Statisticians, in the terms of the Statistical Acts of the States. A return must be supplied in respect of every factory, which is defined for this purpose as an establishment where four or more persons are employed or where power (other than manual) is used in any manufacturing process. This definition includes factories in educational and charitable institutions, reformatories, and other public institutions (except penitentiaries) but does not cover smallgoods makers, laundries, farriers, photography studios, florists and seedsmen, and most abattoirs. It should be noted that details relating to small establishments not classified for statistical purposes as factories are not included in the figures contained in this chapter.

If a manufacturing business is conducted in conjunction with any other activity, particulars relating to the manufacturing section only are included in the statistics. Where two or more industries are conducted in the same establishment, a separate return is obtained for each industry if practicable.

Manufacturers are requested to state in their returns particulars as to the number, age, wages, etc., of their employees, the value of premises and equipment, the horse-power of machinery, the value, and in most cases the quantities, of raw materials and fuel used, and quantities and values of principal materials and articles produced. The returns obtained from manufacturers are not intended to show a complete record of the income or expenditure of factories nor to show the profits or losses of factories collectively or individually.

The average number of persons employed is quoted on two different bases: the average during the period of operation and the average over the whole year. Of these the former is simply the aggregate of the average number of persons employed in each factory during its period of operation (whether the whole or only part of the year). This average is used only in respect of details relating to classification according to number of persons employed. The latter, which is used in all other instances, is calculated by reducing the average number working in the factories (irrespective of period of operation) to the equivalent number working for a full year.

Working proprietors are included in all employment figures other than those relating to monthly employment and age dissections, but salaries and wages paid in all cases exclude drawings by working proprietors.

The value of factory output is the value of the goods manufactured or their value after passing through the particular process of manufacture and includes the amount received for repair work, work done on commission and receipts for other factory work. The basic of valuation of the output is the selling value of the goods at the factory, exclusive of all delivery costs and charges and excise duties, but inclusive of bounty and subsidy payments to the manufacturer of the finished article.

The value of production is the value added to raw materials by the process of manufacture. It is calculated by deducting from the value of factory output the value (at the factory) of the materials used, containers and packing, power, fuel, and light used, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant (but not depreciation charges).

In the process of manufacture, many goods are treated in several industries, the output of one becoming the raw materials of another, so that such commodities are counted more than once in the aggregate value of output and of raw materials. Examples are raw sugar passing from the mills to the refinery, metals from the smelters which become raw materials in establishments concerned in the production of metal goods, and timber from the sawmills used in furniture factories and in joinery. On the other hand, the aggregate value of production is assessed without duplication, the value added by each industry being taken into account once only. For this reason the value of production, and not the value of the output, is used as a measure of activity in the manufacturing industries as a whole.

In the special case of Government factories and workshops, the value of output is, in most cases, estimated by adding 10 per cent. to the value of materials and fuel used and other factory costs, including salaries and wages paid. 7. Classification of Factories.—In the compilation of statistical data relating to factories in Australia, a standard classification of manufacturing industries, formulated at a conference of Australian Statisticians in 1902 and revised from time to time, was used until the year 1929-30. A new classification was introduced in 1930-31, and this in turn was revised and extended (principally in regard to the placement and composition of sub-classes) in accordance with decisions of the Statisticians' Conference, 1945.

Owing to limitations of space, details published in general tables in this chapter are confined either to the sixteen classes of industry or total factory activity. Particulars of certain of the sub-classes shown below are published in the latter portion of this chapter and full details for all sub-classes may be found in the Secondary Industries Bulletin, published annually.

The principal classes and sub-classes in the current classification of factories are as follows :--

#### **CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORIES.**

CLASS I.—TREATMENT OF NON-METALLIFEROUS MINE AND QUARRY PRODUCTS.	CLASS IVINDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCEScontinued.					
Coke Works. Briquetting and Pulverized Coal. Carbide. Lime, Plaster of Paris, Asphalt. Filrous Plaster and Products.	Sewing Machines. Arms, Amnuuition (excluding Explosives). Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus. Other Metal Works.					
Marble, Slate, etc.	CLASS V PRECIOUS METALS, JEWELLERY, PLATE					
Cement. Asbestos Cement Sheets, etc. Other Cement Goods. Other.	Jewellery. Watches and Clocks (including Repairs). Electroplating (Gold, Silver, Chromium).					
CLASS IIBRICKS, POTTERY, GLASS, ETO.	CLASS VITEXTILES AND THATILE GOODS (NOT DRESS).					
Bricks and Tiles, Fire Bricks and Fire-clay Goods. Earthenware, China, Porcelain, Terra-cotta. Glass (other than Bottles). Glass Bottles. Other.	Cotton Ginning. Cotton Spinning and Weaving. WoolCarding, Spinning, Weaving. Hosiery and other Knitted Goods. Silk, Natural. Rayon, Nylon and other Synthetic Fibres.					
CLASS III.—CHEMICALS, DYES, EXPLOSIVES, PAINTS, OILS, GREASE.	Flax Mills. Rope and Cordage. Canvas Goods, Tents, Tarpaulins, etc.					
ludustrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids. Pharmaceutical and Tollet Preparations. Explosives.	Bags and Sacks. Other.					
White Lead, Paints, Varnish. Oils, Vegetable. Oils, Mineral.	CLASS VII.—Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear).					
Ous, Animal. Boiling Down, Tallow Refining. Soap. and Candles. Chemical Fertilizers. Fuks, Polishes, etc. Matches. Other.	Furriers and Fur Dressing. Woolscouring and Fellmongery. Tanning, Currying, and Leather Dressing. Sadilery, Harness, Whips. Machine Beiting. Bags, Trunks, etc.					
Other.	CLASS VIIICLOTHING (EXCEPT KNITTED).					
<ul> <li>CLASS IVINDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCES.</li> <li>Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel.</li> <li>Foundries-Ferrous.</li> <li>Plant, Equipment and Machinery.</li> <li>Other Engineering:</li> <li>Rxtracting and Refining of other Metals, Alloys.</li> <li>Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus.</li> <li>Construction and Repair of Vehicles (to groups).</li> <li>Ship and Boat Building and Repairing, Marine, Engineering.</li> <li>Contlery and Small Hand Tools.</li> <li>Agricultural Machines and Implements.</li> <li>Non-Ferrous Metals- Rolling and Extrusion.</li> <li>Foundries, Casting, etc.</li> <li>fron and Steel Sheets.</li> </ul>	Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing. Waterproof and Oilskin Clothing. Dressmaking. Millinery. Shirts, Collars, Underclothing. Foundation Garments. Handkerchiefs, Ties, Scarves. Hats and Caps. Glovcs. Boots and Shoes (not rubher). Boot and Shoe Accessories. Umbrellas.and Walking Sticks. Dyeworks and Cleaning. Other. CLASS IX.—FOOD, DRINE AND TOBACCO. Flour Milling.					
Sheet Metal Working, Pressing, and Stamping. Pipes, Tubes and Fittings—Ferrous. Wire and Wire Netting (including Nails). Stores, Ovens and Ranges. Gas Fittings and Meters. Lead Mills.	Coreal Foods and Starch. Animal and Bird Foods. Chaffeutting and Corn Crushing. Bakeries (including Cakes and Pastry). Biscuits. Sugar Mills.					

Sugar Refining. Sugar Confectionery (including Chocolate). Jam. Fruit and Vegetable Canning. Pickles. Sauces, Vinegar. Bacon Curing. Butter Factories. Cheese Factories. Condensed and Dried Milk Factories. Margarine. Margarme. Meat and Fish Preserving. Condimenta. Coffee, Spices, etc. Ice and Refrigerating. Salt Refining. Aerated Waters, Cordials, etc. Brewerles. **Distilleries** Wine Making. Cider and Perry Making. Malting. Bottling. Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Snuff. Dehydrated Fruit and Vegetables. [ce-eream. Sausage Skins. Arrowroot. Other. CLASS X.-SAWMILLS, JOINERL, WOOD TURNING AND CARVING. -SAWMILLS, JOINERY, BOXES, ETC., Plywood and Veneer Mills. Bark Mills. Joinery. Cooperage Boxes and Cases. Basketware and Wickerware (including Sea-grass and Bamboo Furniture). Perambulators. Wall and Ceiling Boards (not Plaster or Cement). Other. CLASS XI .- FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING, ETC.

Billiard Tables, Cabinet and Furniture Making and Upholstery. Bedding and Mattresses.

Furnishing Drapery, etc.

CLASS XI .- FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING. ETC.—continued. Picture Frames. Blinds. Other. CLASS XII.—PAPER, STATIONERY, PRINTING. BOOKBINDING, ETC. Newspapers and Periodicals. Printing-Government. General, including Bookbinding. Manufactured Stationery. Ster otyping and Electrotyping. Process and Photo Engraving. Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Containers. Paper Bags. Paper Making. Pencils, Penholders, Chalks, Crayons. Other. CLASS XIII .--- RUBBER. Rubber Goods and Tyres Made. Tyre Retreading and Repairing. CLASS XIV .--- MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS Gramophones and Gramophone Records. Pianos, Piano-Players, Organs. Other. CLASS XV.-MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS. Linoleum, Leather Cloth, Oil Cloth, etc. Bone, Horn. Ivory and Shell. Plastic Moulding and Products.

Plastic Moulding and Products. Brooms and Brushes. Optical Instruments and Appliances. Surgical and other Scientific Instruments and Appliances. Photographic Materials, including Developing and Printing. Toys, Games and Sports Bequisites.

Artificial Flowers.

Other.

CLASS XVI.—HEAT, LIGUT, AND POWEB Electric Light and Power. Gas Works.

8. Factory Development since 1901—Australia.—The development of the manufacturing industries in Australia at intervals since 1901 is summarized in the following table :—

						Value of-						
Year.			Fac- tories.	Employ- ment.(a)		Materials and Fuel Used.	Output.	Pro- duction. (c)	Land and Build- ings.	Plant and Ma- chinery.		
			No.	°000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.		
1901			11,143	198	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)		
1911			14.455	312	27.528	81,763		51,259		31,516		
1920-21			17,113	367	62,932	213,579		110,434		68,655		
1930-31	••		21,751	339	62,455	172,489		118,310	112,211	124,498		
1938-39	••		26,941	565	106,743	297,003	500,420	203,417	130,920	143,662		
1945-46		1	31,184	745	205,819	515.324	867,648	352,324	186,939	185,545		
1948-49	• •	[	40.070	890	339,219	856,609		568,769	232,740	246,494		
1949-50	• •		41,596	917	385,797	983,924	1,645,456	661,532	259,549	285,602		
1950-51	••		43,147	969	491,718	1,306,963	2,150,835	843,872		336,615		
1951-52	••		45,844	978	611,789	1,609,839		1,024,867	359,490	410,144		
1952-53	••	[	47,740	933	635,245	1,637,142		1,082,862		493,534		
1953-54		}	49,576	990	705.137	1,868,431	3,095,476	1,227.045	483.431	580,715		

FACTORIES : AUSTRALIA.

(a) 1901 and 1911—average employment during period of operation. Later years relate to average employment over whole year. Working proprietors are included in all years. (b) Excludes drawings by working proprietors. (c) Value of output less value of materials and fuel, etc., used. (d) Not available. Single year tables in this issue relate to the year 1953-54 and in the immediately preceding issue to the year 1951-52. Corresponding tables for 1952-53 may be found in the Secondary Industries Bulletin 1952-53, No. 47.

## § 2. Number of Factories.

1. Number of Factories in each State.—The following table shows the number of factories operating in each State in the years 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54 :--

Year.	 N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39	 9,464	9,250	3,087	2,067	2,129	944	26,941
1948-49	 16.087	12,702	4,083	2,927	2,925	1,346	40,070
1949-50	 16,346	13,231	4,494	3,046	3,023	1,456	41,596
1950-51	 17,129	13,504	4,776	3,141	3,111	1,486	43,147
1951-52	 18,144	14,758	4,918	3.245	3,267	1,512	45,844
1952-53	 19,251	15,154	5,068	3,339	3,424	1,504	47,740
1953-54	 20,199	15,533	5,199	3,577	3,523	1,545	49,576

FACTORIES : NUMBER.

2. Number of Factories in Industrial Classes.—(i) Australia. The next table shows the number of factories in Australia during 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1953-54classified in the industrial classes agreed upon by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. This classification, which was introduced during 1930-31, superseded the grouping which had been in use since 1902. Details of some of the principal industries included in the table will be found in § 11, page 359.

FACTORIES :	NUMBER	IN	INDUSTRIAL	CLASSES,	AUSTRALIA
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Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine	1 1					
. and Quarry Products	564	1,126	1,235	1,316	1,276	1,280
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	471	561	583	601	623	639
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,		-		· ·	-	
Oils and Grease	666	1,006	1,020	1,049	1,090	1,099
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-						
ances	7,255	12,362	13,106	14,513	15,672	16,868
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and Plate	290	619	629	662	681	720
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	611	1,155	1,190	1,246	1,270	1,336
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or					_	
Footwear)	533	75I	761	785	778	783
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	4,314	6,620	6,684	6,989	7,036	7,260
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	5,202	6,796	6,865	7,033	7,248	7,379
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood	_					
Turning and Carving	2,822	4,893	5,165	5,546	5,790	5,769
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc	1,149	1,820	1,936	2,052	2,157	2,180
XII. Paper. Stationery, Printing, Book-						
binding, etc	1,816	1,981	2,010	2,084	2,121	2,179
XIII. Rubber	299	404	411 66	430	446	465
XIV. Musical Instruments	34	59		68	69	75
XV. Miscellaneous Products	413	985	1,032	1,039	1,035	1,095
Total, Classes I. to XV	26.439	41,138	42,693	45,413	47,292	40.127
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	502	458	454	43I	448	449
Grand Total	26,941	41,596	43,147	45,844	47,740	49,576

Although not the best index of manufacturing activity, the number of factories affords some indication of the development of secondary industries. Except for the two war years 1941-42 and 1942-43, when there were decreases, the number of factories increased each year from 1931-32 to 1953-54; in the latter year the number of factories in Australia reached the record total of 49,576 or 84.0 per cent. greater than in 1938-39.

(ii) States, 1953-54. The following table shows the number of factories in each State classified according to the nature of the industry :---

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous	·		1				
Mine and Quarry Products	427	427	88	168	119	51	1,280
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	308	150	54	60	50	17	639
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,					1 1		
Paints, Oils and Grease	543	340	66	74	52	24	1,099
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Con-		÷			-	•	
veyances	7,010	5,101	1,737	1,327	1,264	429	16,868
$\nabla$ , Precious Metals, Jewellery and		•			·		1
Plate	317	240	41	50	66	б	720
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not				ľ			
Dress)	477	731	31	45	40	12	1,336
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or	1		1 5	1			-/55
Footwear)	351	294	55	42	32	9	783
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	3.304	2,560	536	381	407	72	7,260
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	2,675	2,089	1,051	675	585	304	7,379
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	-1075	.,,	-1-3-	,,	5.5	304	1,313
Wood Turning and Carving	2,265	1,411	873	315	440	465	5.769
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	765	709	290	161	172	83	2,180
XII. Paper. Stationery, Printing, Book-	103	709	290	101	-/-	03	2,100
	917	792	187	133	117		2.179
binding, etc.	176		63	46	28	33 19	465
WITT Menters Y-starsments		133		40	1		
	35	24	5 52	-	5		75
XV. Miscellaneous Products	506	431	52	47	49	10	1,095
Total Classes I. to XV	20,076	15,432	5,129	3,530	3,426	1,534	49,127
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	123	101	70	47	97	11	449
Grand Total	20,199	15,533	5,199	3,577	3,523	1,545	19,576

FACTORIES : NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1953-54.

## § 3. Classification of Factories according to Number of Persons Employed.

1. General.—The size classification of factories is based on the average weekly number of persons employed during the period of operation (including working proprietors). Prior to 1945-46 there was no dissection of the "over 100 employees" group, but for that and subsequent years this group was subdivided into the seven size groups as shown in the table below.

2. States, 1953-54.—The following table shows, for each State, the number of factories classified according to the average number of persons employed :—

FACTORILS		ASSIFICA	HON ACC	okbinu	10 3121	OF PAC	<u>10KI, 1</u>	00-04.
Size of Factory (Persons employed).		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Aust.
			NUMBER	OF FACT	ORIES.			
Under 4		7,788	5,474	1,714	1,128	1,559	640	18,303
4		1,655	1,251	496	329	166	162	4,059
5 to 10	••	5,043	3,841	1,480	960	888	391	12,603
11 to 20		2,646	2,179	686	533	454	168	6,666
21 to 50		1,825	1,660	495	371	279	116	4,746
51 to 100		648	572	158	132	110	37	1,657
101 to 200		322	307	85	63	44	15	836
201 to 300		92	109	50	28	14	6	299
301 to 400		44	41	13	8	6	I	113
401 to 500		34	30	6	7		3	80
501 to 750		43	39	8	7	I	2	100
751 to 1,000		23	12	4	3	1	I	44
Over 1,000		36	18	4	8	1	3	
Total		20,199	15,533	5,199	3,577	3,523	1,545	49,576

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1953-54.

The relative importance of large and small factories is illustrated by a classification of the average number of persons employed according to the size of factory in which they work :---

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1953-54.

Size of Factory (Persons employed).	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.

Average Number Employed during Period Worked.										
Under 4		14,927	10,725	3,600	2,408	3,237	1,292	36,189		
4		6,620	5,004	1,984	1,316	664	648	16,236		
5 to 10	••	34,850	26,824	10,258	6,667	5,856	2,694	87,149		
11 to 20		38,492	32,035	10,025	7,652	6,486	2,463	97,153		
21 to 50	••	57,343	52,602	15,652	11,840	8,789	3,671	149,897		
51 to 100	••	45,173	40,617	10,814	9,420	7,338	2,571	115,933		
101 to 200	••	44,734	42,525	11,765	8,478	5,879	1,960	115,341		
201 to 300		22,512	26,975	12,121	6,921	3,546	1,411	73,486		
301 to 400 '	••	15,204	14.195	4,358	2,832	2,045	350	38,984		
401 to 500	••	15,066	13,328	2,715	3,133		1,096	35,338		
501 to 750	••	26,192	24,003	4,966	4,391	566	1,343	61,461		
751 to 1,000	• •	20,368	10,588	3,472	2,666	876	917	38,887		
Over 1,000	••	64,363	33,833	7,024	18,324	2,755	4,768	131,067		
Total	••	405,844	333,254	98,754	86,048	48,037	25,184	997,121		
Average per Fa	ictory	20.09	21.46	19.00	24.06	13.64	16.30	20,11		

3. Australia, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54.—In the following table factories in Australia are classified according to the number of persons employed in conformity with the practice prior to 1945-46.

FACTORIES :	CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED,	
	AUSTRALIA.	

<u> </u>			Establishments Employing on the Average-									
-			20 and	under.	21 to	100.	101 and	upwards.	То	tal.		
Year.		Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persona em- ployed.			
1938-39- Number Average		establish-	21,982	129,505	4,013	170,971	946	272,022	26,941	572,498		
ment	per .		1	5.89		42.60		287.55		21.25		
1948–49— Number Average	per.	establish-	32,394	200,889	6,226	257,204	1,450	439,595	40,070	897,688		
ment 1949-50	• •	• ••	1	б.20		41.31	1	303.17		22.40		
Number	DOF	establish-	33,673	207,600	6,442	266,027	1,481	455,187	41,596	928,814		
ment 1950-51-	.per			6.17		41.37		307.16		22.33		
Number	Der	establish-	34,885	214,044	6,665	274,621	1,597	488,245	43,147	<b>976,</b> 910		
ment 1951-52				6.14		41.20		305.84	•	22.65		
Number		establish-	37,634	224,763	6,635	271,611	1,575	489,579	45,844	98 <b>5,9</b> 53		
ment	per .			5.97		40.94		310.84		21.51		
Number Average		establish-	40,066	230,549	6,234	257,099	1,440	453,657	47,740	941,305		
ment	per.			5.75		41.24		315.04		19.72		
1953-54 Number Average	Der.	establish-	41,631	236,727	6,403	263,830	1,542	494,564	49,576	997,121		
ment	<u> </u>			5.69	1	41.52		320.73	l	20.11		

#### § 4. Power Equipment in Factories.

1. General.—In 1936-37 statistics of power equipment in factories were collected on a basis different from that previously in use. Information now obtained relates to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use and of engines in reserve or idle, omitting obsolete engines. In addition, particulars of the power equipment of Central Electric Stations are collected in greater detail. To avoid duplication it is essential that some distinction should be made between Central Electric Stations and other classes of industries. In the following tables Central Electric Stations have been treated separately from other factories.

In para. 2 below, 555 factories are shown in 1953-54 as using no power other than hand-power, the distribution of these factories among the various industries being as follows :--Fibrous Plaster and Products, 33; Galvanized Ironworking, Tinsmithing, 23; Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing, 128; Dressmaking, 26; Millinery, 13; Bakeries, 56; Cabinet and Furniture Making, 12; all other industries, 264.

2. Rated Horse-power of Engines in Factories other than Central Electric Stations.— The following table shows the number of factories using power-driven machinery, those using manual labour only, and the total rated horse-power of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle during 1953-54:—

# FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS, 1953-54.

	 	Number	of Establishm	Rated Horse-power of Engines and Motors.(a)		
State.	Using Power.	Others.	Total.	Ordinarily in use.(b)	In Reserve or Idle (omit- ting obsolete).	
New South Wales		20,089	26	20,115	1,598,121	290,824
Victoria		15,362	104	15,466	1,089,697	155,315
Queensland	1	4,976	169	5,145	426,868	55,672
South Australia		3,444	89	3,533	295,291	39,843
Western Australia		3,293	137	3,430	169,694	24,566
Tasmania	•• 1	1,506	30	1,536	193,611	25,118
Australia.	•••	48,670	555	49,225	3,773,282	591,338

(a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes motors driven by electricity generated by factories.

3. Rated Horse-power of Engines and Electric Motors Ordinarily in Use.—(i) According to Type, States. Particulars of the types and the total rated horse-power of engines, etc., ordinarily in use in each State are given below :—

# FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, 1953-54.

		Steam.		Internal Combustion.				Motors driven by electricity.			
State.		Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total. (b)	
N.S.W. Victoria Queensland S. Australia W. Australia Tasmania Australia	· · · · · · · · ·	24,516 92,402	85,536 42,467 33,620 9,150 130 11 170,914		48,097 23,950 14,921 4,636 9,482 8,833 109,919	47,809 19,629 15,879 11,157 13,786 1,033 109,293	202 1,317 10  242 1,771	1,314,681 976,138 266,462 261,817 134,939 <u>181,35</u> 8 3,135,395	75,070 75,476 22,069 7,480 85	295,291 169,694	

(a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. column (c). (b) Excludes particulars in

4032/55.-11

(ii) According to Type, Australia. In the following table details of the total rated horse-power of the various types of engines in use are given for Australia for the years 1938-39, and 1948-49 to 1953-54.

Vaca		Ste	am.	Inter	nal Combustion.			Motors d elect	Total.	
Year.		Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	(b)
1938-39		268,409	84,149	32,916	17,971	55,799	1,616	1,017,912	179.890	1,478,772
1948-49		229,953	120,289	16,024	55,158	72,165	1,515	2,249,360		2,744,464
1949-50		232,047	135,217	15,035	67,986	92,151		2,421,174		2,965,313
1950-51	••	230,664	140,145	15,879	91,415	135.260		2,635,713	181,788	3,250,958
1951-52	••	232,512	149,435	13,684	122,704	160,142		2,764,321	205,729	3,444,624
1952-53		232,570	171,824	10,268	109,172	150,342	1,666	2,913,521	214,617	3,589,363
1953-54		237,533	170,914	8,457	109,919	109,293	1,771	3,135,395	255,917	3,773,282

## FACTORIES(a): TYPES AND TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, AUSTRALIA.

(a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes particulars in column (c).

(iii) In Classes of Industry, 1953-54. The next table shows the total rated horsepower of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use in the various classes of industry in each State.

# FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, 1953-54.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-							
ferous Mine and Quarry	ł						
Products	70,849	45,234	13,324	16,711	10,809	13,581	170,508
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	45,415		8,378			1,776	
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	10,110	-274			J)=J=	-,,,,-	,,
Paints, Oils and Grease	96,179	88,470	8,744	15,885	12,178	3,571	225,027
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,						5,57	
Conveyances	760,284	327,908	88,819	132,646	45,617	44,432	1,399,706
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery							
and Plate	4,527	5,932	453	1,020	614	68	12,614
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods							
(not Dress)	52,151	90,358	5,454	7,491	2,601	5,311	163,366
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-							
ing or Footwear)	18,585					484	
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	24,496					716	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	199,795	173,700	180,430	51,639	32,644	17,269	655,477
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving	166,584		86,841				
<b>XI.</b> Furniture of Wood. Bedding.	100,504	111,701	00,041	27,900	39,819	32,576	465,421
	17,616	17,713	7,726	6,647	4,121	1,832	
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	17,010	1/,/13	7,720	0,047	4,121	1,032	55,655
Bookbinding, etc.	58,096	78,690	8.027	13,488	4,569	71,166	234,036
XIII. Rubber	46,749		6,922			381	
XIV. Musical Instruments	2,279		44				2,938
XV. Miscellaneous Products	19,174		450			337	42,084
	-3,-74	- 317 +0					42,004
Total, Classes I. to XV	1,582,779	1,079,957	424,734	293,765	168,492	193,500	3,743,227
XVI. Gas Works	15,342	9,740	2,134	1,526	1,202	111	30,055
Grand Total	1.508.121	1,089,697	426,868	295,291	169,694	103.611	3,773,282

(a) Excludes Central Electric Stations.

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#### EMPLOYMENT IN FACTORIES.

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS : POWER EQUIPMENT, AUSTRALIA, 1953-54.

	Capacity of Engines and Generators.										
Particulars.	Steam.		Internal Combustion.								
	Recipro- cating.	Turbine.	Gas.	s. Light Heavy Oils. Oils.		Water.	Total.				
Engines installed Rated H.P.	10,313	3,841,909	16,597	9,916	324,183	531,156	4,734,074				
Generators installed — Kilowatt capacity— Total installed K.W. Effective capacity ,,	7,281 6,921	2,794,973 2,527,587	11,425 8,775	7,378 5,837	214,843 195,781	380,709 376,334	3,416,609 3,121,235				
Horse-power equivalent— Total installed H.P. Effective capacity "	9,759 9,277	3,746,606 3,388,180	15,314 11,762	9,889 7,823	287,993 262,441	510,333 504,469	4,579,894 4,183,952				

NOTE.-The number of establishments classified as Central Electric Stations in 1953-54 was 351.

(ii) States. Details of the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in each State in 1953-54 are given in the next table.

<b>CENTRAL ELECTRIC</b>	STATIONS :	NUMBER	AND	POWER E	OUIPMENT.	1953-54.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Central Electric Stations No	. 84	67	54	44	93	9	351
Engines installed Rated H.I	2. 1,970,787	1,169,152	537,014	(a)	278,017	(a)	4,734,074
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed K.W Effective capacity ,	. 1,421,951 1,271,871		398,625 292,211	(a) (a)	198,982 187,799	(a) (a)	3,416,609 3,121,235
Horse-power equivalent Total installed H.I Effective capacity ,		1,111,799 1,080,342		(a) (a)	266,732 251,740	(a) (a)	4,579,894 4,183,952

(a) Not available for publication.

#### § 5. Employment in Factories.

1. Number Employed.—(i) General. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory, including proprietors who work in their own business and "outworkers" (see para. 4 (ii), page 337), are counted as factory employees, while those employed in selling and distributing, such as salesmen, travellers, collectors, carters employed solely on outward delivery of manufactured goods and retailing storemen are excluded. Prior to 1945-46 the occupational grouping collected was (i) working proprietors; (ii) managers and overseers; (iii) accountants and clerks; (iv) enginedrivers and firemen; (v) workers in factory, skilled and unskilled; (vi) carters and messengers; and (vii) persons working regularly at home for the establishment. This grouping did not record separate details for technical staff (e.g., chemists, draftsmen, etc.) and supervisory staff and in 1945-46 the set-up on the collection form was amended to obtain the following groupings :—(i) Working proprietors; (ii) managerial and clerical staff including salaried managers and working directors; (iii) chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff; (iv) foremen and overseers; (v) skilled and unskilled workers; (vi) carters (excluding delivery only), messengers and persons working regularly at home. Prior to the year 1928-29 average employment in factories was computed by dividing the sum of the number employed each week by the number of weeks worked. The figures therefore represented the average number employed over the period worked, which, for many factories, was less than a full year. Commencing with the year 1928-29 the figures represent the equivalent average number employed over a full year of fifty-two weeks. The classification of factories according to the number of persons employed (see § 3, page 329), however, is still based on the old method, but for all other purposes the average number engaged over the full year is used.

(ii) Australia. Particulars of the numbers employed, the increase in employment and the rate per cent. of such increase are given for the years 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54 in the following table :—

En			Males.			Females.		Persons.			
		Number Em-			Number Em-			Number Em-	Increase on Preceding Year.		
		ployed.	Number.	Per Cent.	ployed.	Number.	Per Cent.	ployed.	Number.	Per Cent	
1938-39		412,591	3,989	0.98	152,515	1,957	1.30	565,106	5,946	1.06	
1948-49		669,961	29,036		220,156	12,205	5.87	890,117	41,241	4.86	
1949-50		689,347	19,386		228,152	7,996	3.63	917,499	27,382		
1950-51		726,051	36,704	5.33	242,867	14,715	6.45	968,918	51,419		
951-52		741,971	15,920		235,546	- 7,321	-3.02	977,517	8,599	0.89	
952-53	• •	723,404	- 18,567	-2.50	209,857	-25,689	- 10.91	933,261	-44,256		
1953-54		758,508	35,104	4.85	231,034	21,177	10.09	989,542	56,281	6.03	

FACTORIES : EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRALIA.

NOTE .--- Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

(iii) States. The following table shows, for the same years, (a) the average number of persons employed in manufacturing industries in each State; (b) for each State, the percentage of the total number employed in factories in Australia; and (c) the number so employed per ten thousand of the mean population in each State and Australia.

#### FACTORIES : EMPLOYMENT.

Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
A	VERAGE	NUMBER	Employe	D DURING	FULL Y	EAR (52 V	Veeks).	
1938-39	••	228,781	201,831	54,110	43,371	23,211	13,802	565,106
1948-49	••	378,380	292,006	82,945	75,830	38,354	22,602	890,117
1949-50	••	382,385	303,476	88,963	78,436	40,733	23,506	917,499
1950-51		406,965	316,792	94,579	82,994	43,761	23,827	968,918
1951–52		405,994	324,143	94,349	83,907	45,097	24,027	977,517
1952-53		380,213	310,759	93,123	80,483	45,188	23,495	933,261
1953-54	• •	402,595	331,277	98,119	85,503	47,459	24,589	989,542
		Perc	ENTAGE O	F AUSTRA	LIAN TOT	AL		·
1938-39		40.48	35.72	9.58	7.67	4.11	2.44	100.0
1948-49	••	42.51	32.80	9.32	8.52	4.31	2.54	100.00
1949-50		41.68	33.08	9.70	8.55	4.44	2.56	100.0
1950-51		42.00	32.69	9.76	8.57	4.52	2.46	100.0
1951-52	• •	41.53	33.16	9.65	8.58	4.62	2.46	100.0
1952-53	• •	40.74	33.30	9.98	8.62	4.84	2.52	100.0
1953-54	• •	40.68	33.48	9.92	8.64	4.80	2.48	100.0

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
	 1	PER 10,000	о ог Рог	ULATION.			
938-39 948-44 949-50 950-51 951-52 952-53	 836 1,235 1,206 1,243 1,208 1,112	1,078 1,382 1,398 1,416 1,409 1,315	537 731 765 793 773 746	729 1,140 1,129 1,167 1,150 1,074	497 734 746 766 763 737	581 843 847 829 801 761	815 1,141 1,140 1,160 1,145 1,067

FACTORIES : EMPLOYMENT-continued.

2. Rates of increase, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54.—The percentage increase on the average number of persons employed in the preceding year is shown below for each State :—

FACTORIES :	ANNUAL	PERCENTAGE	INCREASE	0F	PERSONS	EMPLOYED.

Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39 1948–49 1949–50 1950–51 1951–52 1952–53 1953–54	··· ·· ·· ··	$     1.74 \\     4.13 \\     1.06 \\     6.43 \\     -0.24 \\     -6.35 \\     5.89 $	0.02 4.94 3.93 4.39 2.32 4 13 6.60	3.82 8.07 7.26 6.31 -0.24 -1.30 5.36	-1.62 3.38 3.44 5.81 1.10 -4.08 6 24	0.34 6.64 6.20 7.43 2.99 0.20 5.03	4.80 6.75 4.00 1.37 0.84 -2.21 4.66	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.06 \\ 4.86 \\ 3.08 \\ 5.60 \\ 0.89 \\ -4.53 \\ 6.03 \\ \end{array} $

NOTE .- Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Persons Employed in Classes of Industry.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the average number of persons employed in factories in each industrial class in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1953-54 :—

FACTORIES : PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

Class of Industry.	1938-39.	10/0-50	1950-51.	1051-52	1	1052-54
class of industry:	1930 39.	1949 50.	1950 51.	-93- 31	-95~ 55.	*955 54.
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine		1			Į	
and Quarry Products	10,343	16,598	18,436	19,365	18,752	18,748
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	15,709	19,241	20,449	20,912	19,571	21,708
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,						
Oils and Grease	19,816	34,525	36,323	38,248	36,139	37,988
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-		]				
ances	177,677	344,313	373,798	389,252	376,398	397,713
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and Plate	3,726	6,638	6,344	5,953	5,398	5,970
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	46,082	65,528	68,280	63,548	60,087	69,482
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or	• •					
Footwear)	10,767	16,277	15,801	14,324	14,126	14,676
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	86,092	118,757	122,464	116,705	105,681	112,520
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	83,846	122,783	124,350	122,734	120,668	123,073
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood	- 3,- 4-		1.00			5, 5
Turning and Carving	30,739	53,169	56,300	59,664	56,984	58,932
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	15,287	21.021	22,818	22,156	20,353	20,975
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	<b>U</b> , .					
binding, etc.	39,913	53,002	55,328	56,455	53,219	56,119
XIII. Bubber	7,502	12,382		14,021	12,258	14,962
XIV. Musical Instruments	451	1,456		1,581	1,267	
XV. Miscellaneous Products	7,727		19,401	18,176	17,240	19.565
(Data) (Beasan I to WW	555,677	904,251	955,232	963,094	918,171	974,006
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	9,429	13,248	13,686	14,423	15,000	15,536
Grand Total	565,106	917,499	968,918	977,517	933.261	989.542

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each industrial class are shown in the following table for each State :--

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli- ferous Mine and Quarry							
Products	7.520	5,629	1,535	1,524	1,737	703	18,748
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	11,049	5,532	1,216	2,046	1,539	326	21,708
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	,049	5,55-	-,	-,-1-	-,555	J	,-
Paints. Oils and Grease	17,157	14,104	1,525	2,968	1,846	388	37,988
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1						
Conveyances	176,527	116,812	32,690	45,209	18,241	8,234	397,713
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery		, i		1			
and Plate	2,214	2,777	336	365	260	18	5,970
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods					1		
(not Dress)	24,288	37,753	2,098	2,082	863	2,398	69,482
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	ł.	ł		(			
ing or Footwear)	5,74I	5,436	1,299	1,400	684	116	14,676
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	44,892	47,196	9,125	5,920	4,453	934	112,520
IX. Food, Drink and Tubacco	38,614	37,740	25,914	10,598	6,073	4,134	123,073
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,				1			-
Wood Turning and Carving	19,902	14,595	10,672	4,353	6,342	3,068	58,932
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,				1			] .
etc	7,870	6,048	3,028	2,068	1,460	501	20,975
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	1	1		1			
Bookbinding, etc.	23,457	18,898	4,822	3,495	2,216	3,231	56,119
XIII. Ruhber	6,856	5,371	1,485	902	187	161	14,962
XIV. Musical Instruments	1,176	298	44	41	16		1,575
XV. Miscellaneous Products	8.659	8,937	607	797	380	185	19,565
Total, Classes I. to XV.	305,022	327.120	96.396	83,868	46,297	1: 397	974,006
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	6,673	4,151	1,723	1,635	1,162	192	15,536
Grand Total	402,595	331,277	98.119	85,503	47,459	24,589	989,542

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1953-54.

4. Persons Employed According to Occupational Grouping.—(i) General. In the following table the average number of persons employed in each State during 1953-54 are classified according to their occupational grouping. As mentioned previously, persons employed in factories are now classified on a basis different from that adopted prior to 1945-46. The nature of this change is indicated in § 5, para. I, above.

FACTORIES :	PERSONS EMP	LOYED—OCCUP	ATIONAL	GROUPING.	1953-54.
-------------	-------------	-------------	---------	-----------	----------

	Average Number of Persons Employed.									
State.	Working Pro- prietors.	Manager- ial and Clerical Staff, etc.(a)	Chemists, Drafts- men, etc.	Foremen and Overseers.	Workers in Factory (Skilled and Un- skilled).	Carters (excluding Delivery only) and Messen- gers, etc. (b)	Total.			
New South Wales	15,611	44,663	5,353	16,816	317,532	2,620	402,595			
Victoria	13,722	33,789	4,299	14,193	262,916	2,358	331,277			
Queensland	4,609	8,981	834	3,454	79,585	656	98,119			
South Australia	2,602	9,491	1,236	3,639	68,156	379	85,503			
Western Australia	2,539	3,647	308	1,855	38,993	· 117	47,459			
Tasmania	928	2,389	373	1,036	19,740	123	24,589			
Total Males	35,914	63.866	11,475	37,948	604,250	5.055	758,508			
Total Females	4,097	39,094	928	3,045	182,672	1,198	231,034			
Total Persons	40,011	102,960	12,403	40,993	786,922	6,253	989,542			

(a) Includes salaried managers and working directors. (b) Includes persons working regularly at home.

(ii) Outworkers. The term "outworker" or "homeworker" has acquired a special meaning in connexion with manufacturing industries, and embraces only persons to whom work is given out by factories to be done at home. Owing to the amended employment groupings adopted in 1945-46 (see § 5. 1.) persons working regularly at home for factories are now included with carters, messengers and others and separate details are no longer available. The number of "outwo.kers' smployed by factories in 1944-45 was 1,049.

5. Monthly Employment, 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1953-54.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the number of persons (excluding working proprietors) employed in factories on the pay-day nearest to the 15th of each month for years up to 1949-50 and on the last pay-day of the month thereafter.

М	onth.		1938–39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.						
	Males.													
July	••	• • •	387,693	1584,186	682,797	710,373	688,679	704,109						
August			389,979	622,085	685,454	711,656	682,882	707,438						
September			391,576	646,928	685,873	712,284	680,026	710,246						
October			393,977	652,463	687,498	714,424	679,901	715,338						
November			395,192	655,097	692,615	716,300	680,398	719,230						
December	••	••	394,438	655,306	690,565	708,848	678,174	716,202						
January			385,742	658,082	692,678	710,357	680,298	722,277						
February			392,056	664,547	694,602	709,453	689,012	727,754						
March			395,146	669,336	696,262	707,701	694,516	732,000						
April			391,005	669,389	700,154	702,571	697,202	731,923						
May			393,609	674,263	702,628	696,475	698,711	734,340						
June		••	390,973	677,513	704,515	694,871	701,500	738,002						
	June   390,973   677,513   704,515   694,871   701,500   738,002 FEMALES.													
Julv	•••		147,282	195,016	229,987	243,646	201,464	212,322						
August			149,294	211,519	232,090	244,629	200,393	214,644						
September			151,159	219,867	233,914	244,712	199,910	218,078						
October			152,473	222,680	236,282	245,285	201,107	222,255						
November		••	152,806	225,063	238,740	242,831	201,346	224,672						
December		••	151,165	223,894	237,141	237,174	199,707	224,100						
January			141,853	223,213	236,018	231,186	201,596	228,838						
February.	••	••	151,883	228,232	230,018	229,047		232,678						
NF 1 -	••	••	154,854	231,238	242,902		209,939	232,078						
A . 17	••	••				225,487 216,845	213,470							
16	••	••	152,614	230,354	243,011 243,768	210,845	211,725	234,175						
June	••	•••	148,601	231,345	244,268	207,163	211,392 211,551	232,333						
				Persons.		(/,)								
July					010 08 :	074 070	800 740	016 101						
	••	••	534,975	779,202	912,784	954,019	890,143 883,275	916 <b>,43</b> 1 922 <b>,082</b>						
August September	••	••	539,273	833,604	917,544	956,285	879,936							
October	••	••	542,735	866,795	919,787	056,996	881,008	928,324						
November	••	••	546,450 547,998	875,143 880,160	923,780	959,709	881,744	937,593						
December	•••	••	547,998	879,200	931,355 927,706	959,131 946,022	877,881	943.902 940,302						
December	••	••	545,005	0/9,200	927,700	940,022	0//,001	940,302						
January	••	••	527,595	881,295	928,696	941,543	881,894	951,115						
February	••	••	543,939	892,779	937,504	938,500	898,951	960,432						
March	••	••	550,000	900,574	939,443	933,188	907,986	968,354						
April	••	••	543,619	899,743	943,165	919,416	908,927	966,098						
May	••	••	544,302	905,608	946,396	908,511	910,103	966,673						
June	••		539,574	908,719	948,783	902,034	913,051	970,011						

FACTORIES :	MONTHLY	EMPLOYMENT,	AUSTRALIA.
(Exe	CLUDING WO	ORKING PROPRIET	ORS.)

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each State on the last pay-day of each month in 1953-54 are shown in the following table :--

<u> </u>			4					
Month.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			I	MALES.				
July		283,739	221,333	77,888	65,666	37,288	18,195	704,109
August		284,407	222,799	78,920	65,870	37,237	18,205	707,438
September		286,102	223,637	78,157	66,372	37,566	18,412	710,246
October		288,626	225,798	77,267	67,212	37,685	18,750	715,338
November	••	290,357	227,090	76,995	67,723	38,060	19,005	719,230
December	••	289,630	227,419	73,786	68,061	38,062	19,244	716,202
January		291,795	230,002	73,449	69,277	38,053	19,701	722,277
February	••	294,410	231,210	75,134	69,360	38,208	19,432	727,754
March	• •	295,300	233,108	75,793	69,604	38,521	19,674	732,000
April	••	295,443	232,739	75,962	69,713	38,314	19,752	731,923
May June	• •	296,112	232,348	77,925	69,695 69,847	38,511	19,749	734,340
June	••	297,064	233,182	79,894	09,047	3 <sup>8</sup> ,434	19,581	/30,002
			F	EMALES.				
		[	1		ł		1	1
July	••	89,826	83,294	15,750	13,087	6,494	3,871	212,322
August	••	91,063	84,149	15,791	13,210	6,568	3,863	214,644
September October	• •	92,648	85,488	15,878	13,534	6,681	3,849	218,078
October November		94,609	87,318	15,995	13,716	6,753	3,864	222,255
December	•••	95,600	88,223 87,883	15,893 15,751	14,025 14,980	6,833 6,794	3,892 4,071	224,672
December	••	94,021	07,003	13,731	14,900	0,794	4,071	224,100
January		95,305	90,012	16,199	16,002	6,791	4,529	228,838
February	••	97,146	91,988	16,863	15,413	7,030	4,238	232,678
March		98,590	93,735	16,748	15,419	7,262	4,600	236,354
April		97,537	92,829	16,332	15,444	7,265	4,768	234,175
May	• •	97,675	91,174	16,458	15,011	7,206	4,809	232,333
June	••	97,645	90,967	16,613	14,961	7,073	4,750	232,009
		<u>.</u>	P	ERSONS.	<u> </u>	,		<u> </u>
		[	[	Í	[	[	1	1
July	••	373,565	304,627	93,638	78,753	43,782	22,066	916,431
August	••	375,470	306,948	94,711	79,080	43,805	22,068	922,082
September October	••	378,750	309,125	94,035	79,906	44,247	22,261	928,324
November	••	383,235	313,116	93,262	80,928	44,438	22,614	937,593
December	•••	386,163	315,313	92,888 89,537	81,748 83,041	44,893	22,897	943,902
1	••	1 304,231	315,302	09,537	03,041	44,856	23,315	940,302
January		387,100	320,014	89,648	85,279	44,844	24,230	951,115
February		391,556	323,198	91,997	84,773	45,238	23,670	960,432
March	••	393,890	326,843	92,541	85,023	45,783	24,274	968,354
April	••	392,980	325,568	92,294	85,157	45,579	24,520	966,098
May	••	393,7 <sup>8</sup> 7	323,522	94,383	84,706	45,717	24,558	966,673
June	••	394,709	324,149	96,507	84,808	45,507	24,331	970,011
			1	1	4	1	•	1

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, 1953-54.

(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

6. Distribution of Employees According to Age.—The extension of statistics of employment in factories, decided upon at the Conference of Australian Statisticians held in 1945, permits of a distribution of employees (excluding working proprietors) into seven age-groups from 1945-46 onwards, instead of three as in previous years. The particulars are collected as at June. The numbers employed in each age-group on the last pay-day in June, 1953 and 1954 are given below :—

## FACTORIES : DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES ACCORDING TO AGE, JUNE, 1953 AND 1954.

_	(EXOLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)													
					June, 1953		1	June, 1954.						
	Age Gr	oup.		Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.					
Ün	der 16 years	÷.		9,011	6,874	15,885	9,294	7,228	16,522					
16	years .	• •		12,451	8,303	20,754	12,874	8,945	21,819					
17	· ,, 2.	• •	• •	13,893	9,072	22,965	14,947	9,899	24,846					
18	,,	• •		13,655	9,237	22,892	14,591	9,702	24,293					
19	,,	• •		12,383	8,623 '	21,006	12,971	8,719	21,690					
20	,,			12,293	7,945	20,238	12,426	7,807	20,233					
2 I	" and over	• •	••	627,814	161,497	789,311	660,899	179,709	840,608					
	Total	· ·	••	701,500	211,551	913,051	738,002	232,009	970,011					

As comparative details based on the new age grouping are not available for the years prior to 1945-46, the following table shows the age distribution in sexes for Australia in June, 1939, and 1949 to 1954 on the old basis.

# FACTORIES : DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES IN JUNE, ACCORDING TO AGE, AUSTRALIA.

-									···	
in Ju	ne	Under 1	6 Years.		under 21 ears.	21 Years	and Over.	Total.		
11 00		No.	Per Cent.	No.	Per Cent.	No.	Per Cent.	No.	Per Cent.	
				]	MALES.					
1939	· ·	16,109	4.12	76,418	19.55	298,436	76.33	390,963	100	
1949		7,791	1.21	66,030	10.23	572,440	88.56	646,261	100	
1950		7,812	1.15	63.310	9.35	606,391	89.50	677,513	100	
1951	••	8,219	1.17	60,913	8.64	635,383	90.19	704,515	100	
1952	••	9,079	1.31	59,616	8.58	626,176	90.11	694,871	100	
1953		9,011	1.28	64.675	9.22	627,814	89.50	701,500	100	
1954		9,294	1.26	67,809	9.19	660,899	87.55	738,002	100	
				F	EMALES.					
1939		15,497	10.43	56,273	37.87	76,831	51.70	148,601	100	
1949		6,326	2.88	51,563	23.47	161,763	73.65	219,652	100	
1950		6,055	2.62	48,021	20.77	177,130	76.61	231,206	100	
1951		6,236	2.55	46,848	19.18	191,184	78.27	244,268	100	
1952		5,669		40,431	19.52	161,063	77.74	207,163	•100	
1953		6,874	3.25	43,180	20.41	161,497	76.34		100	
1954		7,228	3.11	45,072	19.43	179,709	77.46	232,009	100	
				P	ERSONS.					
1939	•• 1	31,606	5.86	132,691	24.59	375,267	69.55	539,564	100	
1949	· · }	14,117	1.63	117,593	13.58	734,203	84.79	865,913	100	
1950		13,867	1.53	111,331	12.25	783.521	86.22	908,719	100	
1951		14,455	1.52	107,761	11.36	826,567	87.12	948,783	100	
1952		14,748	1.64	100,047	11.09	787,239		902,034	100	
1953		15,885	1.74	107,855	11.81	789,311	86.45	913,051	100	
1954	<u></u>	16,522	1.70	112,881	11.64	840,608	86.66	970,011	100	

(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

### § 6. Sex Distribution in Factories.

1. Distribution According to Sex of Persons Employed.—(i) General. In New South Wales the ratio of the number of females engaged in factories to the number of males during 1886 was about one to seven; in 1891 one to six; in 1903 it became about one to four; and in 1951-52 was one to three. In Victoria the ratio of females to males during the year 1886 was about one to five. Five years later (1891) it was somewhat less, but in 1896 had increased to about one to three, and in 1951-52 was about two to five. For Australia as a whole the ratio of females employed in factories was highest in 1943-44 at about two females to five males but by 1946-47 the ratio had declined to the level of one female to three males, where it has since remained.

(ii) Average Number of Males and Females Employed. The following table shows the average number of males and females employed in factories in each State for 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1953-54 :--

State.		1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	195152.	1952-53.	1953-54.				
Males.											
New South Wales		167,172	284,055	301,307	304,808	291,704	305,040				
Victoria		136,218	216,198	224,919	233,699	228,724	240,698				
Queensland		43,941	72,948	77,182	77,673	77,627	81,425				
South Australia		35,406	63,133	66,840	68,045	67,114	70,657				
Western Australia		18,704	33,711	36,349	37,812	38,614	40,439				
Tasmania		11,150	19 <u>,3</u> 02	19.454	19,934	19,621	20,249				
Australia		412,591	689,347	726,051	741,971	723,404	758,508				
			FEMA	LES.							
New South Wales		61,609	98,330	105,658	101,186	88,509	97,555				
Victoria		65,613	87,278	91,873	90,444	82,035	90,579				
Queensland		10,169	16,015	17,397	16,676	15,496	16,694				
South Australia		7,965	15,303	16,154	15,862	13,369	14,846				
Western Australia		4,507	7,022	7,412	7,285	6,574	7,020				
Tasmania	• •	2,652	4,204	4,373	4,093	3,874	4,340				
Australia		152,515	228,152	242,867	235,546	209,857	231,034				

FACTORIES: MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED.

2. Rate of Variation for each Sex.—The percentages of increase or decrease on the average numbers of males and females employed in the preceding year are shown below for the years 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1953-54 :—

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASES OF MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED.

State.		1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.				
Males.											
New South Wales		1.69	0.62	6.07	1.16	-4.30	4.57				
Victoria	••	0.04	3.85	4.03	3.90	-2.13	5.24				
Queensland	!	3.79	6.67	5.80	0.64	-0.06	4.89				
South Australia		-2.39	3.68	5.87	1.80	-1.37	5.28				
Western Australia	••	-0.30	6.40	7.83	4.02	2.12	4.73				
Tasmania		4.40	4.29	0.79	2.47	-1.57	3.20				
Total	••	0.98	2.89	5.32	2.19	-2.50	4.85				
	-		Femal	LES.							
New South Wales		1.88	2.35	7.45	- 4.23	-12.44	10.22				
Victoria		-0.03	4.12	5.26	- 1.56	- 9.30	10.42				
Queensland	,	3.96	9.99	8.63	- 4.14	- 7.08	7.73				
South Australia		1.98	2.43	5.56	- I.8i	-15.72	11.05				
Western Australia	.,	3.06	5.25	5.55	- 1.71	- 9.76	6.78				
Tasmania	••	6.51	2.69	4:02	- 6.40	- 5:35	12.03				
Total	••	1.30	3.63	6.45	- 3.01	- 10.91	10.09				

NOTE .-- Minus sign (--- ) indicates decrease.

3. Masculinity of Persons Employed in Factories.—The extent to which females are employed in the factories of Australia may perhaps be more clearly shown by giving the masculinity of persons employed in each State. The following table shows particulars for the years 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54 :—

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39		271	208	432	445	415	420	271
1948-49 1949-50	•••	294 289	248 248	470 455	408	475 480	452 459	304 302
1950-51	••	285 201	245 258	444 466	414	490	44.5 487	299
1951-52 1952-53	••	301 330	279	501	429 502	519 587	506	315 345
195354 ••	••	313	266	488	476	576	467	328

FACTORIES : MASCULINITY(a) OF PERSONS EMPLOYED.

(a) Number of males per 100 females.

For a number of years prior to 1926-27 there were on the average 300 males employed in factories for every 100 females, but by 1932-33, as a result of the particularly severe effect of the depression on the heavier industries where males predominate in number, there were only 239 males employed to every 100 females. With the subsequent recovery of employment in the heavier industries the proportion of males per 100 females increased to 271 in 1937-38 and 1938-39. The enlistment of men in the armed services and the expansion of industry and the consequential absorption of women brought about by the 1939-45 War caused a decrease in masculinity from 1938-39 to 1943-44. However, following the cessation of hostilities in 1945 and the return of servicemen to civilian life, the number of females employed in factories declined and masculinity increased, and in 1953-54 there were 328 males to every 100 females employed in factories.

4. Employment of Females in Particular Industries.—(i) General. The majority of females in manufacturing industries are employed in four classes, namely:—IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, etc.; VI., Textiles; VIII., Clothing; and IX., Food, Drink and Tobacco. In 1953-54 these industries accounted for 79.68 per cent. of all females in factories. In two classes only did the number of females exceed the number of males, namely, in Class VI., Textiles, where there were 129 females to every 100 males and in Class VIII., Clothing, with 230 females per 100 males. The following tables show the average number of males and females employed in each of these classes in 1953-54 :—

Class.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		MALES.	·				·
IV. Industrial Metals, etc VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	158,529	105,395	30,945	41,094	17,478	7,885	361,326
(not Dress) VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco All Other Classes	10,206 12,962 27,272 96,071	17,015 14,836 27,927	709 2,623 22,261 24,887	1,048 1,897 7,862 18,756	469 1,362 4,705 16,425	929 366 2,928 8,141	30,376 34,046 92,955 239,805
Total	305,040	75.525	81,425	70,657	40,439	20,249	758,508
	]	Females	3.				
IV. Industrial Metals, etc. VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	17,998	11,417	1,745	4,115	763	349	36,387
(not Dress)	14,082 31,930 11,342	20,738 32,360 9,813	1,389 6,502 3,653	1,034 4,023 2,736	394 3,091 1,368	1,469 568 1,206	39,106 78,474 30,118
All Other Classes Total	22,203	16,251 90.579	3,405 16,604	2.938	7.020	748	46,949

MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED IN PARTICULAR INDUSTRIES, 1953-54.

(ii) Females Employed in Clothing Manufacture. The employment of females in the several industries of Class VIII., Clothing—in which class the largest number of females is employed—and the relation of their number to that of the males so employed are shown in the following table.

	New	South W	Tales.		Victoria.			Other States.		
Industry.	Males.	Fe- males.	Femi- ninity. (a)	Males.	Fe- males.	Femi- ninity. (a)	Males.	Fe- males.	Femi- ninity (a)	
Tailoring and Ready-made										
Clothing Waterproof and Oilskin	3,109	13,977	450	3,139	7,454	237	1,313	4,272	325	
Clothing	104	593	570	123	320	260	15	95	633	
Dressmaking, Hemstitching	217	2,235	1,030	1,459	8,738	599	160	2,990	1,769	
Millinerv	265	1,445	545	240	863	347	43	524	1,219	
Shirts, Collars and Under-	20,	1,445	545	-44	000	547	<del>4</del> 5	J-1	-,,	
clothing	374	3,371	901	599	4,676	781	154	1,982	1,287	
Foundation Garments	118	1,427	1,200	193	1,264	655	20	168	840	
Handkerchiefs, Ties and		-,-,	-,,	-55	1	- 55			ļ	
Scarves	179	1.044	583	83	377	454	13	127	977	
Hats and Caps	650	787	121	305	246	81	31	138	445	
Gloves	126	369	293	68	362	533	35	174	497	
Boots and Shoes	3,738	3,806	102	5,710	5,692	100	2,162	1,789	83	
Boot and Shoe Repairing	1,482	71	5	669	30	4	665	36	5	
Boot and Shoe Accessories	228	134	59	376	219	58	32	4	13	
Umbrellas and Walking				t	1			ł		
Sticks	54	112	207	23	65	283	16	41	256	
Dyeworks and Cleaning (in-		1		1		1		1		
cluding Renovating and		1		[				1		
Repairing)	2,259	2,149	95	1,728	1,681	97	1,580	1,844	117	
Other	59	410	695	112	373	333				
Total	12,962	31,930	247	14,836	32,360	218	6,248	17,184	227	

MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED IN CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1953-54.

(a) Number of females per 100 males.

## § 7. Child Labour in Factories.

1. Conditions of Child Labour.—The employment of young persons in factories in the States is regulated by Acts of Parliament, as is the case with the employment of female labour. The object of the restrictions imposed is to ensure, amongst other things, that a proper period shall be devoted to primary education, and that the early years of labour shall not exhaust the worker before the attainment of full growth.

2. Number of Children Employed, 1939, 1953 and 1954.—In the returns for the various States, the term "child" denotes any person under sixteen years of age. The decline in the number of children employed from the peak of 33,553 reached in June, 1940 to 16,522 in June, 1954 which is most marked in all States excepting Western Australia, was probably caused by several factors, including (i) the raising of the school leaving age in New South Wales and Tasmania, (ii) fewer children available for employment owing to the decline in the birth rate which occurred about 1929, and (iii) the high level of employment which enabled parents to keep their children at school beyond the statutory leaving age.

The following table shows the number of children of each sex employed in manufacturing industries in June of the years mentioned.

		1939.			1953.			1954.	
State.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons
New Sth. Wales Victoria Gueensland South Australia Western Aust Tasmania	5,759 6,167 1,790 1,296 705 392	7,084 5,005 1,334 1,053 521 500	12,843 11,172 3,124 2,349 1,226 892	2,563 2,972 1,712 797 846 121	2,221 2,432 1,106 701 344 70	4:784 5,404 2,818 1,498 1,190 191	2,671 3,093 1,768 819 835 108	2,257 2,527 1,198 750 430 66	4,928 5,620 2,966 1,569 1,265 174
Australia	16,109	15,497	31,606	9,011	6,874	15,885	9,294	7,228	16,522

FACTORIES : CHILDREN(a) EMPLOYED, JUNE.

<sup>(</sup>a) Under sixteen years of age.

3. Industries Employing Child Labour.—The distribution of children employed in factories in June, 1954 and the proportion of children employed to total employees are given in the following table according to the class of industry :—

Class of Industry.	Children l	Employed.		nployees. 1)	Proportion (per cent.) of Children Employed to Total Employees. (a)		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey- ances Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress) Clothing (except Knitted)	581	724 1,366 3,086	357,880 29,656 28,489	38,336 39,492 77,850		1.89 3.46 3.96	
Food, Drink and Tobacco Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Bookbind-		69	88,285 52,267 15,909	28,367	1.15	2.77 3.01 2.14	
ing	667 25	546 574	41,250 124,266	15,274 26,909	1.62 0.02	3.57 2.13	
Total	9,291	7,228	738,002	232,009	1.26	3.16	

FACTORIES : CHILDREN EMPLOYED, BY CLASSES, AUSTRALIA, JUNE, 1954.

(a) Excludes working proprietors.

4. Apprenticeship.—In all the States, Acts are in force for the regulation of the age at which children may be employed in gainful occupations. Legislative provision is also made for the regulation of apprenticeship under the various State Factories Acts or Arbitration Acts. These Acts, while laying down general principles, leave to the wages tribunals the actual determination of the conditions under which apprentices may be employed.

### § 8. Salaries and Wages Paid and Value of Production.

Note.—In all tables relating to salaries and wages paid in factories the amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded.

1. General.—The importance of the manufacturing industries of Australia is indicated by the fact that the total value of the output for 1953-54 was £3,095,476,000, of which amount £1,747,973,000 represented the value of the materials used, including containers, etc., tools replaced and repairs to plant and buildings, and £120,458,000 the value of the power, fuel and light used. The difference between the sum of the last two amounts and the value of the output, namely, £1,227,045,000, represents the value of production as defined by the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925, i.e., "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production." The total amount of salaries and wages paid in factories in 1953-54 was £705,136,920. This figure, which excludes amounts drawn by working proprietors, was the highest ever recorded and shows an increase of £69,892,000 or 11 per cent. on that for the previous year.

2. Salaries and Wages Paid.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1953-54. The amounts of salaries and wages paid in the various classes of industry in each State are shown in the following table.

		( 2000.	<u> </u>	<b></b>			
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	6	1.075			1	516	
ducts	6,345	4,275	1,108 842	1,230 1,600	1,304	280	14,778
	8,757	4,171	04.4	1,000	1,138	200	10,700
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints. Oils and Grease	1 10 000	11,248	1,089	0.000	1 5 5 6 6		
	13,705	11,240	1,009	2,335	1,529	343	30,249
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	137,660	89,637	20,969	35,538	12,408		302,163
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery	137,000	09,037	20,909	33,230	12,400	5,951	302,103
and Plate	1	1,960	173	224	144	10	3,882
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1,371	1,900	1/3	224	144	10	3,002
(not Dress)	15,776	24,546	1,071	1,342	ابيعا	1,459	44,738
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	13,770	24,340	1,0/1	1,342	544	1,439	. 44,/30
ing or Footwear)	4,192	3,949	864	1,061	474	88	10,628
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	23,824	26,556	4,218	3,008	2,022	463	60,001
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	27,117	27,395	19,185	7,159	4,142	2,783	87,781
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	2/,/	27,393	19,103	7,139	4,140	2,703	07,701
Wood Turning and Carving	13,381	9,641	6,447	3,135	4,192	2,082	38,878
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	-3,30+	9,04-	0,447	3,-33	4,,,92	2,002	30,070
etc.	5,137	3,702	1,612	1,245	816	286	12,798
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	5,-57	3,702	-,012	2,245	0.0	200	12,790
Bookbinding. etc.	17.455	14,359	3,131	2,556	1,500	2,699	41,709
XIII. Rubber	5,776	4,533	952	716	110	117	12,213
XIV. Musical Instruments	841	206	24	25	9	,	1,105
XV. Miscellaneous Products	6.062	6.034	242	108	210	113	12,250
Total, Classes I. to XV.	287,300	232,212	62,028	61,672	30.560	17.100	601.061
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	6.187	3,825	1.405	1.438	1.030	τοτ	14.076
Grand Total	207,586	236,037	63.433	63,110	31,590	17,381	705.137

## FACTORIES : SALARIES AND WAGES PAID, 1953-54.

(£'000.)

(ii) Totals and Averages, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54.—The following statement shows the total amount of salaries and wages paid, and the average amount paid per employee in each State, for each of the years indicated. The figures exclude working proprietors and the amounts drawn by them :—

FAU	ORIES :	IUIAL	ANU AVI	CRAUE S	ALAKIES	AND WA	UES PAI	D
Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Qid.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Тав.	Aust.
		]	TOTAL AM	OUNT PAI	D (£'000).	<u></u>	·	· ·
1938-39		44,606	36,027	10,887	8,169	4,574	2,480	106,743
1948-49		146,536	112,410	29,447	29,442	12,928	8,456	339,219
<b>19</b> 19-50		162,147	130,255	34,748	33,708	15,293	9,646	385,797
1950-51		211,339	163,207	42,837	42,940	19,658	11,737	491,718
1951-52		263,652	202,586	51,906	53,558	25,384	14,703	611,789
1952-53		265,910	210,878	57,591	56,546	28,344	15,976	635,2 <b>45</b>
<b>19</b> 53-54		293.586	236,037	63,433	63,110	31,590	17,381	705.137
			AVERAGE	Per Empi	LOYEE (£).			
1938-39		201.77	185.64	210.78	195.57	207.90	188.31	196.31
1948-49		401.06	399.86	371.11	398.93	357.18	389.57	395.57
194950		439.04	429.21	408.67	441.70	397.13	428.29	436.56
1950-51		537.13	534.64	473.80	531.59	474.15	513.74	526.34
1951-52		673.13	650.79	576.57	656.54	594.67	637.29	650.61
1952-53	••	728.11	709.15	649.94	724.52	664.59	707.89	710.21
1953-54	••	758.65	743.29	678.35	761.27	703.26	734 60	742.62

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES PAID.

In comparing the figures in the preceding table, regard should be paid to the nature of certain industries which are carried on to a greater extent in some States than in others. In Victoria, for instance, there is a large number of hands employed in Class VIII., Clothing, comprising a relatively high percentage of women and children. The highest average wages per employee in 1953-54 were paid in South Australia, New South Wales and Victoria, in that order.

The average earnings per employee rose annually from 1938-39 to 1943-44 when a record high level of £291 was attained as a result of war-time conditions. In 1944-45 the average dropped to £285 and remained at this level in 1945-46. From 1945-46 average earnings rose each year and in 1953-54 reached a new record level of over £742.

(iii) Total and Average Earnings of Males and Females, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54. Particulars for these years are given in the table on the following page.

			FEMALES	·			
Year,	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			MALES.	· ·			
		TOTAL	AMOUNT PA	ID (\$'000).			
1938-39	38,272	29,006	9,920	7,488	4,129	2,234 1	91,049
1930-39		90.765	26,331	26.072	11,555	7,503	285,189
1949-50		105,135	30,948	29,809	13,692	8,538	323,997
1050-51		130.023	37,870	37,786	17.620	10,336	410,566
1951-52		163.688	46.087	47,194	22,870	13,056	513,780
1952-53		171,897	51,519	50,594	25,756	I 1.249	538,760
1953-54		190,573	56,608		28,684	15,320	593,233
		AVERAG	E PER EMP				
1938-39	239.24	224.47	238.59	220.95	235 49 1	212 00 1	231.84
1948-49	1	457.85	405.20	441.83	390.29	425.40	446.17
1949-50		510.86	446.87	487.39	433.41	465.46	492.20
1950-51		Ğ10.44	516 83	583.37	515.67	558 67	591.41
1951-52	756.84	736.68	625.91	716.25	643.68	687.09	725.57
1952-53	807.77	793.11	701.45	779.90	711.80	761.21	782.87
1953-54	844.05	833.7r '	733-34	824.49	754.20	791.86	820.98
			FEMALES.				
		TOTAL .	AMOUNT PAL				
1938-39	6,334	7.021	967	681	445	246	15.694
1948-49		21,645	3,116	3,370	1,373	953	53,730
1949-50	26,272	25,120	3,800	3,899	1,601	1,108	61,800
1950-51		32,284	4,967	5,154	2.038	1,401	81,152
1951-52	42,767	38,898	5,819	6,364	2,514	1,647	98,009
1952-53		38,981	6,072	5,952	2,588	1,727	96,48 <b>5</b>
1953-54	47,837	45.464	6,825	6,811	2,906	2,061	111,904
		AVERAGE	PER EMPI				
1938-39	1 103.66	108.25	96.00	86.44	99.58	93.19	103.92
1948-49	245.02	261.17	216.90	227.81	208.35	234.25	246.83
1949-50	270.27	291.34	240.93	257.31	231.57	265.37	274.12
1950-51	338.08	355.57	289.82	322.03	279.55	322.46	338.12
1951-52	428.40	436.60	354.96	405.70	351.30	404.71	422.04
1952-53		483.46	400.48	451.80	400.32	448.58	467.79
1953-54	499.19	510.96	418.23	465.95	421.93	477.84	493.10

FACTORIES : TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES-MALES AND FEMALES.

(iv) Managers, Clerical Staff and Other Employees. A further analysis of salaries and wages paid is given in the following table for 1953-54 and shows the amounts paid to managerial and clerical staff including salaried managers and working directors, ohemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff, and those paid to other employees. As previously mentioned, amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded in all cases :--

FACTORIES : SALARIES AND WAGES PAID TO MANAGERS, CLERICAL STAFF, ETC., AND OTHER EMPLOYEES, AUSTRALIA, 1953-54.

Class of Industry.	Staff, C	, Clerical hemists, hen, etc.	All Other Employees.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine and Quarry	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000,	
Products	1,649	257	12,790	82	
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	1,270	323		519	
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils and			;	5-,	
Grease	5,860	1.344	19,838	3,207	
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	39,147	8,326	244,796	9,894	
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and Plate	384	148	2,942	408	
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	3,570	1,401	21,876	17,891	
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)	1,085	211	7,990	1,342	
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	3,444	1,828	19,439		
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	10,474	2,870		11.650	
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning					
and Carving	3,702	751	34,055	370	
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	1,102	346	10,210	1,140	
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Bookbinding, etc.	5,142	1,758	29,472	5,337	
XIII. Rubber	1,594	358	8,905	1,356	
XIV. Musical Instruments	116	48	834	107	
XV. Miscellaneous Products	1,616	528	8,448	2,668	
Total, Classes I. to XV	80,155	20,497		91,351	
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	1,241	45 1	12,779	II	
Grand Total	81,396			91,362	
-	£	£	£	£	
Average paid per employee	1,080 .	513	791	489	

3. Power, Fuel and Light Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1953-54. The expenditure by factories on power, fuel and light, including the value of lubricants and water, is of considerable importance; in 1953-54 it amounted to a new high level of £120,458,000, an increase of £11,121,000 as compared with the previous year and nearly eight times the corresponding value in 1938-39. The following table shows the value of power, fuel and light, etc., used in the different classes of industry :—

FACTORIES : VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1953-54.

			(£'000.)					
	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1.	Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-				1			
	ducts	1.889	1,431	450	674	664	254	5,362
	Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	3,234	1,839	287	499		138	6,542
	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils and Grease	3,315	1,961	208	760	363	102	6,709
rv.	Industrial Metals, Machines,							
v.	Conveyances	21,551	4,288	1,327	4,807	720	785	33,478
	and Plate	102	103	9	23	11	I	249
¥1.	Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	1,423	1,786	51	148	48	116	3,572
VII.	Skins and Leather (not Cloth-			-				
	ing or Footwear)	420	419	63		53	6	1,095
¥Щ.	Clothing (except Knitted)	790	707	141	117	80	27	1,862
<u>іл.</u> Х.	Food, Drink and Tobacco Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	5,544	4,684	2,488	1,198	903	366	15,183
	Wood Turning and Carving Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	1,226	533	333	124	289	174	2,679
д1.	etc.	143	76	34	35	22	6	316
XII.	Paper, Stationery, Printing,	-43	1 /0	34	53		0	510
	Bookbinding, etc.	1,032	1,097	110	230	71	806	3,346
	Rubber	871	774	110	80	15	15	1,865
	Musical Instruments	58	12	(b)	; (b)	(b) ;	*	70
XV.	Miscellaneous Products	395	338	16	42	9	3	803
						-		
	Total, Classes I. to XV.	41,993	20,048	5,627	8,871	3,793	2,799	83,131
<b>X</b> VI.	Heat, Light and Power	16,454	9,032	5,028	3,629	3,179	5	37,327
	Grand Total	58,447	29,080	10,655	12,500	6,972	2,804	120,458

(a) Includes value of lubricants and water. (b) Less than £500.

(ii) Values of Items, 1953-54. The following table shows the values of the various items of power, fuel and light used in factories in each State, during the year:—

FACTORIES : VALUE OF ITEMS OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1953-54. (£'000.)

Particula	<b>IF</b> 8.		N.S.W.	Victoria	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Decemen	••		21,171	4,212 5,528	6,030	'b) 4,507	2,892	866	39,678 5,528
Brown Coal Brigu				2,527				••	2,527
Coke			11,581	842	315	2,692	147	251	15,828
			423	747	406	390	462,	190	2,618
		••	4,383	4,986	1,047	1,335	1,392	365	13,508
			746	427	3	82	14	- 18	1,290
Electricity .			14,709	7,186	2,059	2,629	1,535	904	29,022
	:.		2,245	734	155	205	72	34	3,445
Other (Charcoal, e	etc.)	••	673	352	38	253	121	60	I,497
	••	••	1,586	890	267	202	152	52	3,149
Lubricating Oils .	•	••	930	. <sup>6</sup> 49	335	205	185	64	2,368
Total	•	•••	58,447	29,080	10,655	12,500	6,972	2,804	120,458

(a) Includes value of lubricants and water. Leigh Creek coal.

(b) Includes  $\pounds 1,223,000$ , the value of 434,000 tons of

(iii) Quantities of Fuel Used, 1953-54. The following table shows the quantities of fuel used in factories in each State during the year :---

Particulars.	Unit.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal, Binck Brown Brown Coal Briquettes Coke Wood Fuel Oil Tar (Fuel)	'ooo tons "" 'ooo gals.	5,457  1,986 198 58,224 29,609	590 7,007 557 106 450 71,474 7,735	1,456  263 12,193 122	(a) 926  163 18,293 2,100	568  359 15,518 431	206  16 100 3,851 432	9,203 7,007 557 2,464 1,533 179,553 40,429

FACTORIES : OUANTITIES OF FUEL USED, 1953-54.

(a) Includes 434,000 tons of Leigh Creek coal.

(iv) Total Value, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54. The next table shows the amounts expended on power, fuel and light during these years :-

> FACTORIES : VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED.(a) ( £'000 )

			(				
Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
1938-39          1948-49          1949-50          1950-51          1951-52          1952-53          1953-54	7,652 21,611 25,536 35,381 48,664 53,630 58,447	4,000 11,337 13,695 17,371 21,990 25,626 29,080	1,423 4,086 5,119 6,295 8,286 9,624 10,655	1,018 5,123 5,942 7,267 10,409 11,806 12,500	1,169 2,745 3,184 3,759 5,173 6,175 6,972	438 1,160 1,354 1,609 2,107 2,476 2,804	15,700 46,062 54,830 71,682 96,629 109,337 120,458

(a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

4. Value of Materials Used.-(i) In Classes of Industry, 1953-54. The value of materials used (which includes the value of containers, packing, etc., the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant) in factories in Australia in 1953-54 reached £1,747,973.000, representing 56.5 per cent. of the value of the final output (see para. 5). The following table shows the value of the materials used in various classes of industry in each State :----

#### FACTORIES : VALUE OF MATERIALS USED, 1953-54. ( f'

T,	90	U.)		
		1	 	

			(					
	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust	Tas.	Aust.
I.	Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-							!
	ducts	20,849	8,434	2.541	2,685	2,200	924	37,732
П	Bricks. Pottery, Glass, etc	7,120		496	1,446		181	13,582
- m	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3,***	+9*	-,++*	• • • •		13,301
	Paints, Oils and Grease	62,749	41,531	5,675	9,314	6,745 ;	1,104	127,118
IV.	Industrial Metals, Machines,		+-,55-	51-75	5,5-4		•,•••	,
	Conveyances	279,971	138,305	35,024	73,898	17,192	12,052	556,442
v.	Precious Metals, Jewellery	1	:					1 33-997-
	and Plate	1,296	2,339	83	157	85	3	3,963
VI.	Textiles and Textile Goods			-		• .		5.7-5
	(not Dress)	42,275	62,602	4,295	3,412	3.025	5.139	120,748
VII.	Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	1	1					
	ing or Footwear)	13,869		2,877		1,373	213	38,569
VIII.	Clothing (except Knitted)	39,611	44,038		3,184	2,450	338	
IX.	Food, Drink and Tobacco	143,312	146.320	128,855	33,341	26,892	12,814	491,534
Х.	Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.	1	!					:
	Wood Turning and Carving	31,990	19,879	13,067	7,371	6,459	3,956	82,722
XI.	Furniture of Wood, Bedding,		1		•			
	etc	9,634	7,064	3,090	2,513	1,688	357	24,346
XII.	Paper, Stationery, Printing,		1					1
	Bookbinding, etc.	35.502	31,369		4,033	2,245	4.513	82,579
	Rubber	13,377		2,496	· 1,294	196	170	29,084
	Musical Instruments	1,236	242	: 8	4	I		1,491
XV.	Miscellaneous Products	9,564	11,681	420	787	173	65	22,690
	Total, Classes I. to XV.	712,355	541,715	209,547	1 50,964	71,514	41,829	1,727,924
<b>XVI</b> .	Heat, Light and Power	8,956	6,396	1,904	1,626	954	213	20,049
	Grand Total	721,311	548.111	211.451	1 5 2, 5 9 0	72,468	42,042	1,747.973

(ii) Total Amount, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54. The following table shows the values of materials used in factories for these years :---

Year.		n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia
1938-39 1948-49 1949-50 1950-51 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54	   	120,502 336,914 384,467 522,422 647,291 627,954 721,311	82,971 252,741 293,528 382,002 477,617 476,439 548,111	42,596 97,045 108,682 134,457 150,427 187,572 211,451	20,309 75,227 83,277 117,547 139,198 133,818 152,590	9,604 29,199 34,750 46,452 58,652 63,943 72,468	5,321 19,422 24,390 32,401 40,025 38,029 42,042	281,303 810,548 929,094 1,235,281 1,513,210 1,527,805 1,747,973

FACTORIES : VALUE OF MATERIALS USED. ( £'000.)

5. Value of Output.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1953-54. The value of the output of factories in the various classes in each State in 1953-54 is shown in the following table. It represents the selling value at the factory of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products. In addition, it includes the amount received for other work done such as repair work, assembling and making up for customers. The difference between the sum of the values of the materials and of the power, fuel and light used, and the value of output is the real value of factory production (see para. 6).

> FACTORIES : VALUE OF OUTPUT, 1953-54. ( £'000.)

	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I.	Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-							
	A	33,660	17.595	4,928	6,006	5,296	2,176	69,061
TT	Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	24,074					704	
111	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	-4,074	,	~,~,~	4,555	3,-44	/~4	40,334
	Paints, Oils and Grease	108,089	70.837	8,919	15,603	10,616	2.080	216,144
IV.	Industrial Metals, Machines,				-51 5			
	Conveyances	514,534	281,162	69,987	132,283	36,900	23.343	1,058,218
V.	Precious Metals, Jewellery							
	and Plate	3,766	5,546	375	554	359	18	10,618
VI.	Textiles and Textile Goods					· }	1	
	(not Dress)	70,974	108,248	6,179	5,510	4,144	7,823	202,878
VII.	Skins and Leather (not Cloth-							-
-	ing or Footwear)	20,686					337	56,277
viii.	Clothing (except Knitted)	78,247				5,618	1,040	
	Food, Drink and Tobacco	210,784	206,235	166,325	46,315	36,438	18,500	684,597
д,	Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	-6					~ 6 * 0	
VI	Wood Turning and Carving Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	56,934	36,796	24,043	11,994	13,745	7,619	151,131
АІ.	etc.	18,360	12.411	6 776		3,151	821	16 0 00
¥ IT	Paper, Stationery, Printing,	10,300	13,441	5,735	4,522	3,134	021	46,030
ΔЦ.	Bookbinding, etc.	69.586	59,839	10,402	9,109	5,281	11,020	165,237
8111	Bubber	22,271		4,768			386	
	Musical Instruments	2,765			2,300			3,407
	Miscellaneous Products	20,780			1,674		227	
		,,	,,,,,	37-	-,-,+			+-,55
	Total, Classes I. to XV.	1.255.510	061.561	321,439	757 251	127,920	76.00.1	2,999,881
		.,.,,,,,,,	3011304	3~~,433	~57:55+		7-1-94	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
					,			
XVI.	Beat, Light and Power	44.291	23,941	10,022	7,957	6.667	1,817	95,59
		4191	-3,941	,9	11937	-,,/	-,/	35,59.
	Grand Total	1,299,801	985,505	332,361	265 211	134,587	77.011	3,095,47

(ii) Total, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54. The following table shows the value of output in each State during these years :--

Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39	••	218,420	152,967	63,321	35,005	19,549	11,158	500,420
1948-49	••	609.724	446.838	154.670	124,072	53.417	36,657	1,425.378
1949-50	••	693.203	526.466	175.156	141.573	63.978	45.080	1.645.456
1950-51	••	923.912	675.033	216,212	192,623	84.431	58.624	2.150.835
1951-52	••	1,139,346	833.967	250,043	232,853	106,571	71,926	2,634,706
1952-53	••	1,139.326	860,147	295,405	234,813	119,310	71,003	2,720.004
1953-54	••	1,299,801	985.505	332,361	265,311	134,587	77,911	3,095,476

#### FACTORIES : VALUE OF OUTPUT.

6. Value of Production.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1953-54. The value of production for any industry was defined at the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925 as "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production".

In accordance with this definition, it was agreed that a deduction consisting of the costs of raw material, containers, power, fuel, light, lubricants. water, tools replaced, repairs to plant and depreciation should be made from the "value of output". All these deductions with the exception of depreciation are included in the items "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" as defined above. On account of the difficulty experienced in securing accurate figures for depreciation, it was agreed that no deduction should be made on this account for the present. The value of production as given in the following tables is obtained, therefore, by deducting "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" from the "value of the output".

The figure thus calculated is, however, not the net value of production. The deduction for depreciation, particulars of which are shown in § 9, pars. 4, was recorded as £47,197,000 for 1953-54. Many miscellaneous expenses, such as taxation, insurance, advertising and other sundry charges, have not been taken into account. Therefore, it must not be inferred that when wages and salaries are deducted from the value of production the whole of the "surplus" is available for interest and profit.

The value of factory production therefore approximates "net value added" in the manufacturing process. It amounted in 1953-54 to  $\pounds_{1,227}$  million to which Class IV., Industrial Metals, etc., with  $\pounds_{463}$  million or nearly eight times the value of production of this class in 1938-39, made the greatest contribution. This total value of production in 1953-54 represented an increase of  $\pounds_{1,44}$  million over the figure for 1952-53 and  $\pounds_{1,024}$  million (503 per cent.) over the value of production recorded in 1938-39.

The following table shows the value of production in 1953-54 in each State for the various classes of industry.

<sup>(£&#</sup>x27;000.)

_	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
١.	Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	i						
	ducts	10,921	7.730	1,937	2,646	2,334	999	26,507
11	Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	13,720	6,205	1,307	2,605	2,008	384	26,229
	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	- 317 20	0,200	-, 507	_,,	-,	304	
••••	Paints, Oils and Grease	42 025	27,346	3,036	5,529	3,508	873	82,317
IV	Industrial Metals, Machines,	1 43	1 -7554-	5,-5-	3,3-3	3,3	-75	
		213,012	138,569	33,636	53,578	18,997	10,506	468,298
Υ.	Precious Metals, Jewellery	,	-0-10-0	551-5	00,07-			1
	and Plate	2.367	3.103	284	374	263	15	6,406
VI.	Textiles and Textile Goods	1	5. 5					
	(not Dress)	27,276	43,860	1,833	1,950	1.071	2,568	78,558
V11.	Skins and Leather (not Cloth-		1	, 0-	1			
	ing or Footwear)	6,397	6,464	1,440	1,454	740	118	16,613
VIII.	Clothing (except Knitted)	37,846	41,286	6.447	4,221	3.087	676	93,563
IX.	Food, Drink and Tobacco	61,929	55,231	34,982	11,776	8,643	5,320	177,881
X.	Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.;	1						
	Wood Turning and Carving	23,719	16,383	10,643	4,500	6,997	3,489	65,731
XI.	Furniture of Wood, Bedding,				1			]
	etc	. 8,584	6,301	2,610	1,974	1,441	457	21,367
XII.	Paper, Stationery, Printing,				1 .			1
	Bookbinding, etc	33,052	27,373	5,375	4,846	2,965	5,701	79,312
	Rubber	8,022	9,296	2,162	1,193	227	202	21,102
	Musical Instruments	1,471	296	37	29	12	••	1,845
XV.	Miscellaneous Products	10,821	10,357	536	844	320	159	23,037
	Total, Classes I. to XV.	501,162	399,800	106,265	97,519	52,613	31.467	1,188,826
XVI.	Heat. Light and Power	18.881	8,514	3,990	2.702	2,534	1,598	38.210
	~ ~ ~ · · ·				· · · · ·			
	Grand Total	520.043	408,314	110,255	100,221	55,147	33,065	1,227,04

#### FACTORIES : VALUE OF PRODUCTION, 1953-54.

(£'000.)

(ii) Total and Averages, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54. The value of production and the amount per person employed and per head of population are shown in the following table. For Australia as a whole the value of production per head of population increased from £29.34 per head in 1938-39 to £137.86 per head in 1953-54. For value per person employed, the increase was not quite so pronounced (from £360 per head in 1938-39 to £1,240 in 1953-54) owing to the considerable increase in the number of persons employed in 1953-54 as compared with 1938-39.

						····	 I	<u>.</u>
Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia
			VA	LUE. (£°	.)			
938-39		90,266	65,996	19,302	13.678	8,776	5,399	203,417
948-49		251,199	182,700	53,540	43,722	21,474	16,074	568,769
949-50		283,201	219,244	61,354	52,353	26,044	19,336	661,532
1950-51		366,109	275,660	75,460	67,809	34,220	24,614	843,872
1951-52		443,39I	334,360	91,330	83,246	42,746	29,794	1,024,867
952-53	i	457,742	358,032	98,209	89,189	49,192	30,498	1,082,862
953-54		520.043	408,314	110,255	100,221	55,147	33,065	1,227,045
			PER PERS		··········	·		
938-39		395	327	357	315	378	391	360
948-49	- • • j	664	626	645	577	560	711	639
949-50	· · ·	741	722	690	667	639	823	721
950-51	- 1 T - E	900	870	798	817	782	1,033	871
1951-52		1,092	1,032	968	992	947	1,240	1,048
1952-53	••	1,204	1,152	1,055	1,108	1,089	1,298	1,160
953-54	<u>···</u>	1,292	1.233	1,124	1,172	1,162	1.345	1,240
		F	Per Head	of Popu	LATION.	(£.)		
938-39	1	33.00	35.25	19.14	22.98	18.80	22.72	29.34
948-49		81.98	86.49	47.18	65.73	41.12	59.92	72.93
949-50	• •	89.28	101.02	52.75	76.22	47.72	69.71	82.18
1950-51		111.82	123.24	63.26	95.37	59.89	85.59	101.53
951-52		132.12	145.28	74.79	114.14	72.31	93-79	120.02
1952-53		133.84	151.55	78.64	119.00	80.28	98.72	123.79
1953-54		152.70	168.53	84.78	127.50	87.44	1 106.85	137.86

FACTORIES : VALUE OF PRODUCTION.

7. Value of Output and Cost of Production.—As the total value of the output for Australia for 1953-54 was recorded as £3,095,476,000 there remained, after payment of £1,747,973,000 for the value of the materials used, £705,137,000 for salaries and wages and £120,458,000 for power, fuel and light, a balance of £521,908,000 to provide for all other costs and overhead expenses such as rent, interest, insurance, pay-roll tax, income tax, depreciation, etc., as well as drawings by working proprietors and profit. The following table gives corresponding particulars for each State for the year 1953-54:—

FACTORIES : VA	LUE OF	OUTPUT	AND	COST	0F	PRODUCTION.	1953-54.
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State.	 Materials Used. (a)	Power, Fuel and Light. (b)	Salaries and Wages.	Balance (Output less Materials, Fuel and Wages.)(c)	Total Valu- of Output.
		nd Cost, e £'000.)	TC.		
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania Australia	    721,311 548,111 211,451 152,590 72,468 42,042 1,747,973	58,447 29,080 10,655 12,500 6,972 2,804 120,458	293,586 236,037 63,433 63,110 31,590 17,381 705,137	226,457 172,277 46,822 37,111 23,557 15,684 521,908	1,299,801 985,505 332,361 265,311 134,587 77,911 3,095,476

(a) Includes the value of containers, packing, etc., also the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant.
 (b) Includes lubricants and water.
 (c) See paragraph preceding this table.

## § 9. Value of Land, Buildings, Plant and Machinery.

1. General.—The following statement shows the value of land and buildings and of plant and machinery used in connexion with manufacturing industries during the year 1953-54 :--

FACTORIES : VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1953-54.

(£'000.)

Value of	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia
Land and buildings Plant and machinery	196,724 233,022	158,389 181,058	40,003 64,160	36,579 46,788	24,739 28,195	26.997 27,492	483,431 580,715
Total	. 429,746	339,447	104,163	83,367	52,934	54,489	1,064,146

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises and plant.

The values recorded in this section are generally the values apportioned in the books of the individual firms after allowance has been made for depreciation, but they include estimates of the capital value of premises and plant rented. The totals shown in the table consequently do not represent the actual amount of capital invested in the items specified.

2. Value of Land and Buildings.—(i) Total for Australia. The following table shows for Australia as a whole the approximate value of land and buildings occupied in connexion with manufacturing industries for 1938-39, and 1949-50 to 1953-54.

		<u> </u>	000.,				
	Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53,	1953- <b>54</b> .
L	Treatment of Non-metalliferous						
	Mine and Quarry Products	2,779	4.851	6,281	6,905	7.431	8,091
п.	Bricks. Pottery. Glass. etc.	2,953	4,719	5,883	6,761	7,723	8,535
III.	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	{			-		
	Paints, Oils and Grease	7,377	22,076	20,920	25,262	30,996	36,931
EV.	Industrial Mctals, Machines,			i		[	-
	Conveyances	34,841	81,682	97,021	117,513	137,724	159,325
<b>V</b> .	Precious Metals, Jewellery and	)	1		]	1 .	-
_	Plate	633	1,614	1,688	2,037	2,311	2,523
VI.	Textiles and Textile Goods (not						
_	Dress)	6,000	14,838	18.004	20,845	22,482	25,443
VII.	Skins and Leather (not Clothing						
	or Footwear)	2,096	4,158	4.764	5,382	5,734	6,072
VIII.	Clothing (except Knitted)	10,624	19,763	22,128	24.768	26,359	28.584
IX.	Food. Drink and Tobacco	33,273	52,197	60,217	68,916	78,278	86,625
Х.	Sawmills. Joinery, Boxes, etc.,						
	Wood Turning and Carving.	4.107	9,442	11,680	14,505	16,361	18,297
XI.	Furniture of Wood, Bedding,						
	_etc	2.533	4,828	5,776	6,812	7,256	8,069
ΔП.	Paper, Stationery, Printing,						
	Bookbinding, etc	10.639	16,234	20,207	24,691	27,284	30,444
	Rubber	1,676	3,038	3,792	4,620	5,530	6,668
	Musical Instruments	105	325	387	380	398	<b>468</b>
XV.	Miscellaneous Products	1,433	4.360	5.035	6,266	6,705	7,570
	Total, Classes I. to XV	121,069	244,125	283.783	355,663	382,572	433,645
<b>X</b> VI.	Heat, Light and Power	9,851	13,424	19,002	23,827	31,874	49.786
	Grand Total	130,920	259.349	302,785	359,490	414,446	483,431

FACTORIES : VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS(a), AUSTRALIA. (£'000.)

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

(ii) In Classes of Industry in States, 1953-54. The following table gives particulars of the various classes of industry in each State.

> FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS(a), 1953-54. )

(£'0	000.
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			(~ 0000)					
•	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I.	Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-							
	3	3,517	2,467	499	549	492	567	8,091
11	Bricks. Pottery, Glass. etc.	4,182	1,861	611	705	993	183	8,535
	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	4,-02	.,	••••	1.5	1 33	,	-1733
	Paints, Oils and Grease	17,029	13,229	1,092	2,233	2,514	834	36,931
ſ٧.	Industrial Metals, Machines,		· 31==3	-, -,	,			5.75
	Conveyances	73,126	50,913	10,431	13,762	7,268	3,825	159,325
٧.	Precious Metals, Jewellery						-	
	and Plate	896	1,237	110	135	133	12	2,523
<b>VI</b> .	Textiles and Textile Goods		·		1	1.1		1
	(not Dress)	9,421	13,902	573	635	436	476	25,443
<b>VII.</b>	Skins and Leather (not Cloth-					i . I		
	ing or Footwear)	2,376	2,445	312	576	184	172	6,072
	Clothing (except Knitted)	12,758	10,687	2,138	1,440	1,210	351	28,584
IX.	Food. Drink and Tobacco	29,518	27,163	14,171	7,335	4,991	3,447	86,625
А.	Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,			•		1 1		
-	Wood Turning and Carving	7,638	4,829	1,8:5	I,658	x,559	798	18,297
ы.	Furniture of Wood, Bedding,							
* 11	etc.	3,150	2,582	991	614	577	155	8,069
A.II.	Paper, Stationery, Printing,	00-			8-			
* 111	Bookbinding, etc.	11,882	10,905	1,939	1,383 378	837 188	3,408 115	30,444 6,668
	Maralan I. Tashimana anda		2,633	535	3/0	100	•	468
	Missellansons Dasdasta	338	3,800	4 194	267	158		7.570
<b>A</b>	miscenaneous Products	3,093	3,009	194	207		49	7,370
	Total, Classes I. to XV.	181,743	148,856	35,422	31,682	21,550	14,392	433,645
XVI.	Heat, Light and Power	14,981	9,533	4,581	4,897	3,189	12,605	49,786
	Grand Total	196,724	158,389	40,003	36,579	24,739	26,997	483,431

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

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(iii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of land and buildings in each State for the years 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54 :---

#### FACTORIES : VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS.(a)

(£'000.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39		57,353	42,026	12,299	8,711	6,814	3,717	130,920
1948-49		101,241	73,384	18.508	22,218	10,054	7,335	232,740
1949-50.		110,597	84,124	20,806	24,317	11,055	8,650	259,549
1950-51		130,468	101.326	23,958	23,303	13,380	10,350	302,785
1951-52		153,662	119,465	28,610	28,507	16,747	12,499	359,490
1952-53		170,576	135,324	34,720	31,904	20,960	14,962	414,446
1953-54	• •	196,724	158,389	40,003	36,579	24,739	26,997	483,431

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

Prior to 1929-30 the increase in the value of land and buildings was uninterrupted. rising from £23 million in 1903 to £118 million in 1929-30, a growth of £95 million in 27 years. During the three years ended 1932-33, there was a decline of £12 million to £105.8 million, but since that year the value has risen annually and stood at £483.4 million in 1953-54.

3. Value of Plant and Machinery.—(i) Total for Australia, 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1953-54. The following table shows for Australia the approximate value of plant and machinery used in factories.

Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1949~50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous						
Mine and Quarry Products.	7,028	8,055	9,239	11,911	16,155	17.829
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass. etc.	3,145	4,991	6,057	7,461	8,811	9,741
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,						
Paints, Oils and Grease	6,754	23,518	26,247	30,559	39,024	53,528
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, ;						
Conveyances	33,038	77,597	90,801	112,940	131,857	148,178
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery and						
Plate	197	770	808	955	1,012	1,002
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not						_
Dress)	6,657	17,485	21,218	23,973	25,030	27.567
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing						
or Footwear)	973	2,535	2,994	3,642	3,894	4,031
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	2,557	7,792	9,294			12,363
IX. Food. Drink and Tobacco	32,101	48,318	56,489	66,712	77.512	90,624
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,				15.869		
Wood Turning and Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	3,908	10,377	12,614	15.009	17.851	19,002
etc.	728	1,679	0.000	2,483		2.870
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	720	1,079	2,035	2,403	2,692	2,070
Bookbinding, etc.	9,188	19,193	25,301	33,613	38,129	41,566
XIII. Rubber	1,368	2,754	3,456	4,171	4,875	5.677
XIV. Musical Instruments	1,300	154	227			458
XV. Miscellaneous Products	758	3,275	4,008		5.075	5.968
		3,~75				J.900
Total. Classes 1. to XV	108,412	228,193	270,788	329,668	383,403	440.707
XVI. Heat. Light and Power	35,250	57,109	65,827	80,476	110,131	140,008
		·	·	: 		
Grand Total	143,662	285,602	336,615	410,144	493.534	580,715

FACTORIES : VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), AUSTRALIA. (£'000.)

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

Except for the years 1930-31 to 1933-34, when decreases were recorded, there has been a continuous increase in the value of plant and machinery in factories in Australia. The increase in 1953-54 of £87.2 million over 1952-53 extended over all industrial classes except Class V. The greatest increase occurred in Class XVI., Heat, Light and Power. (ii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery in each State during the years 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54. During 1953-54 increases occurred in all States, Victoria showing the largest increase, £33.7 million.

Year.	;	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39	· · · · · ·	62,693	38,627	18,095	9,750	8,095	6,402	143,662
1948-49		99,812	76,080	25,757	22,792	9,800	12,253	246,494
1949-50		113,864	92,748	28,904	24,901	11,457	13,728	285,602
1950-51		136,491	107,261	34,235	26,759	14,713	17,156	336,615
1951-52		166,437	128,934	41,290	32,177	20,716	20,590	410,144
1952-53		207,733	147,305	51,670	40,111	24,035	22,620	493,534
1953-54		233,022	181,058	64,160	46,788	28,195	27,492	580,715

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY.(a)

(£'000.)

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

(iii) Value according to Class of Industry, 1953-54. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery used in factories in each State during 1953-54 according to class of industry.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1953-54.

(£'000.)

	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I.	Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
	ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts	10,034	2,962	1,292	2,489	-		
п	Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	4,889	2,085	910	2,409	705 1,032	347	17,820
	Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	4,009	1 2,005	910	594	1,032	231	9,74
	Paints, Oils and Grease	23,110	21.036	1,105	3,291	2,947	2,039	53,52
IV	Industrial Metals, Machines,	-3,110	1 21,030	1,105	3,~91	*,947	~,039	3.3,34
	Conveyances	78,589	39,687	7.868	14,870	4,642	2,522	148,17
V.	Precious Metals, Jewellery	,0,509	3,,,	,,,,,,,,,	-410/0	4,041	-,5~-	140,17
••	and Plate	382	479	36	57	42	6	1,00:
VI.	Textiles and Textile Goods	5	115	J-	57	+-	U	1,00
	(not Dress)	9,835	15.469	866	434	333	630	27,56
VII.	Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			101	555	• 3*	-7,50
	ing or Footwear)	1,674	1.393	353	381	186	47	4,03
111.	Clothing (except Knitted)	4,703	5,292	983	709	518	158	12,36
	Food, Drink and Tobacco	26,916	23,980	26.284	6,666	4.229	2,519	90,62
Х.	Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.		,	·				,,,,,,
	Wood Turning and Carving	6,947	4,462	3.068	1.284	1,768	1,473	19,00
XI.	Furniture of Wood, Bedding,							5.
	etc	1,018	875	382	293	239	63	2,870
XII.	Paper, Stationery, Printing,		. :					
	Bookbinding, etc.	11,573	16,633	2,142	1,808	1,326	8,384	41,860
	Rubber	2,369	2,287	501	340	104	76	5,67
	Musical Instruments	368	85 -	3 (	I	I		45
XV.	Miscellaneous Products	2,384	3.153	94	253	63	21	5,96
	Total, Classes I. to XV.	184,821	139,878	45,887	33,470	18,135	18,516	440,707
VI.	Heat, Light and Power	48.201	41,180	18,273	13,318	10,060	8,976	140,008
	Grand Totai	233,022	181,038	64,160	46,788	28,195	27,492	580,71

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

4. Depreciation of Land and Buildings and Plant and Machinery, 1953-54.—The following table shows the allowance made for the depreciation of land and buildings and plant and machinery used in connexion with the manufacturing industries in each State as recorded by factory proprietors at the annual census of factory production.

..

(2000.)											
	Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Тав.	Aust			
I. T	reatment of Non-metallifer-										
	ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts				262	116		. 86.			
	ricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	1,099 557	267 262	101 145	57	113	24 31	1,869 1,165			
m a	hemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	557	202	43	5/	1	31	1,105			
	Paints, Oils and Grease	2,112	1,431	165	357	338	427	4,830			
IV. In	dustrial Metals, Machines,			-	}			1. 5			
	Conveyances	6,687	3,843	976	1,525	435	420	13,886			
V. Pi	recious Metals, Jewellery	_			1						
	and Plate	26	40	2	4	2		74			
VI. Te	extiles and Textile Goods		- 0			1 1	~5				
111 G1	(not Dress) sins and Leather (not Cloth-	1,051	1,801	72	76	41	76	3,117			
	ing or Footwear)	105	113	22	29	17	3	280			
	lothing (except Knitted)	430	404	61	43	40	17	995			
IX. F	ood. Drink and Tobacco	2,358	2,545	2,095	555	357	218	8,129			
	wmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	-735-	-,545	-1-55	335						
	Wood Turning and Carving	645	446	255	121	174	167	1,808			
XI. Fi	urniture of Wood, Bedding,				1		j				
	etc	85	59	33	24	19	5	225			
XII. Pa	aper, Stationery, Printing,		1 1		1						
	Bookbinding, etc.	1,192	1,411	179	204	69	437	3,492			
XIII. R	and a Transformation	606	562	96	62	111	то	1,347			
	usical Instruments	59	8	• •	••	·· _	••	67			
AV. M	iscellaneous Products	309	390	10	23	6	4	742			
	Total, Classes I. to XV.	17,321	13,582	4,212	3,342	1,738	1,839	42,034			
AVI. H	eat, Light and Power	3,129	200	789	398	497	150	5,163			
	()										
	Grand Total	20,450	13,782	5,001	3,740	2,235	1,989	47,197			

#### FACTORIES: ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AND PLANT AND MACHINERY, 1953-54.

(£'000.)

5. Land and Buildings, Plant and Machinery---Values, Additions and Replacements, Depreciation, 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1953-54.--The following table summarizes the recorded totals for Australia, in this section, and also includes particulars of additions and replacements.

# FACTORIES : VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY, AUSTRALIA.

(£'000.)

			lues as at une.(a)		nd Replace- ring year.	Depreciation allowed during year.		
Year.		Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	
1938-39		130,920	143,662	5,578	17,781	1,911	8,736	
1948-49		232,740	246,494	15,029	47,226	2,864	21,666	
1949-50	1	259,549	285,602	18,551	59,562	2,983	25,906	
1950-51	•• }	302,785	336,615		81,003	3,859	33,006	
1951-52	••	359,490	410,144	37,702	96,370	3,634	30,479	
1952-53	• • •	414,446	493,534	48,006	119,790	4,683	33,039	
1953-54		483,431	580,715	55,668	128,453	5,673	41,524	

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises, plant and machinery.

# § 10. Principal Factory Products.

The monthly factory production of certain commodities is shown in the monthly and quarterly publications of this Bureau and in the Secondary Industries Bulletin.

The following table shows the total recorded production of some of the principal articles manufactured in Australia during the years ended 30th June, 1952 to 1954. A more complete list, together with values, where available, is published in the Secondary Industries Bulletin.

#### QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES : AUSTRALIA.

Artic	le.			Unit of Quantity.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Acid-							
Nitric	••	••	•••	Ton	9,344	· 8,693 627,283	11,501 731.897
Sulphuric Aerated and Carbonated	Watara	••	••	'ooo gals.	650,239	53,221	56,624
Asbestos Cement Buildin			::	'000 sq. yds.	57,092 23,321	24,260	26,084
Bacon and Ham			••	Ton	33,163	34,254	33,651
Bags- Leather, Fibre, etc							
Handbags Leather				No.	820,879	918,485	957,810
TH					579,406	512,158	470,379
Other			••	,,	156,841	148,891	134,873
School Bags			••	,,	109,223	136,186	137,316
			•••	,,	1,061,316	958,099	1,189,899
			••	,,	4,976	2,161	2,902
All other	• •	••	••		269,029	249,110	229,090
Baking Powder	••	••	••	1b.	638,253	775,982	771,227
Rath Heaters-				No			
Electric Gas	••	• •	••	No.	25,618	17,510	19,045 27,360
0 11 1 12 1	••	••	••	.,	29,264 59,056	23,367 41,087	42,325
	••	••	••	Doz.	115,726	135,743	156,509
Baths, C.I.P.E.	••	• •		No.	76,848	64,720	89,387
Batteries, Wet Cell type					1,164,623	1,145,715	1,398,985
Beer (excluding Waste ]				'ooo gals.	182,506	192,344	208,557
Biscuits				'000 lb.	149,947	148,278	150,475
Blankets				Pair	645,256	469,713	601,163
Boots, Shoes and Slippe	rs (not I	ubber)-	-		- 107 0		
Boots and Shoes	• • `	'		'ooo pairs	16,795	16,249	18,071
Sandals			••	,,	1,715	1,459	1,878
Slippers Bran (Wheaten)	• •	••	••	· · · · · · ·	7,578	<b>6</b> ,966	8,558
Bran (Wheaten)	••		••	Ton (2,000 lb.)	318,108	304,394	274,307
Brassieres	••	••	••	Doz.	377,989	329,745	416,88 <b>9</b>
Bricks, Clay	• •	••	••	2000	719,869	667,055	801,998
Brooms	• •	••	••	Gross	20,379	18,747	18,539
Brushes (b) Butter	••	••		Ton	116,513 131,166	127,017 163,589	128,845 156,117
Butter	••	••	••	101	131,100	105,509	150,117
Candles		••	••	Cwt.	16,931	14,256	8,611
Cardigans, Sweaters, etc	<b>.</b>		••	Doz.	684,673	700,566	989, <b>5</b> 29
Cement, Portland	••	••	••	Ton	1,237,461	1,439,096	1,700,127
Cheese	••		••	'000 lb.	40,582	46.592	49,043
Cigarettes	÷.	••	••		11,749	13,879	18,303
Cleansing and Scouring Cloth	Powders	••	••	Cwt.	83,426	94,447	99,187
Cotton		••	••	000 sq. yds.	32,365	25,716	33,618
Woollen and Worsted	l (c)	••	••	"	29,790	29,400	34,832
Ooke							
Metallurgical	••	••	••	Ton	1,636,982	1,858,428	2,010,404
Other	••	••	••		1,203,602	1,071,106	839,793
Confectionery- Chocolate				'ooo lb.	6	r9 a.6-	60 000
Other	••	••	••	1	61,276	58,961	62,599 76,872
Ooppers-	••	••	••	**	78,735	76,644	70,872
Electric				No.	41,045	24,673	29,935
Gas		•••			37,889	25,039	28,047
Inserts (all types)				"	107,069	79,407	85,300
Cordials and Syrups				'ooo gals.	7,204	5,628	3,967
				Doz.	131,305	122,262	155,408
Corsets and Corselets		· •		1		,	1
Corsets and Corselets Cosmetic Creams and L	otions						
Corsets and Corselets Cosmetic Creams and L Face Cream	otions		••	Cwt.	3,934	4,923	5,412
Cosmetic Creams and L Face Cream Hand Creams and Lo	tions		::	-	3,934 2,089	4,923 3,124	4,800
Cosmetic Creams and L Face Cream Hand Creams and Lo Other Skin Creams as	tions				2,089 9,264	3,124 6,958	4,800 0,102
Cosmetic Creams and L Face Cream Hand Creams and Lo	tions		••	-	2,089	3,124	5,412 4,800 0,102 6,155 85,063

(e) Includes Kitbags.

(b) Excludes Industrial Metal and Bristle.

(c) Includes Mixtures.

Arti	cle.		Unit of Quantity.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Dynamos— Alternators	••		No.	508	200	293
Generators	••	•• ••	"	16,256	8,194	9,331
Electricity Enamels, Natural and	 Synthetic	··· ··	Mill. kWh '000 gals.	11,297 2,093	12,045 2,108	13, <b>70</b> 7 2,698
Engines Diesel, other than Ma Petrol	arine		No.	4,225	4,919	3,787
Marine Other (a)	••	··· ··		2,112 26,206	1,232 16,527	1,357 23,680
Essences, Flavouring-	•••		" Gal.			
Domestic Industrial	••	•••••		93,125 258,651	92,592 198,092	96,3 <b>59</b> 245,812
Face Powder Fans, Electric			Cwt. No.	2,848 75,264	2,898 39,292	3,396 42,283
Fats. Edible- Dripping	••		Cwt.	280,799	426,010	357,802
Other	••			261.427	237,902	204,207
Fibrous Plaster Sheets Fish. Tinned (including	 Fish Los	 n	'000 sq. yds. '000 lb.	16.470	15,418	16,185 6,605
Floorboards				7,295	7,705	
Australian Timber Imported Timber	••	·· ··	'ooo super. ft.	76,147 9,272	87,009 3,943	110,536
Flour, Wheaten (b)			Ton (2,000 lb.)	1,721,150	(c) 1,726,300	(c) 1,609,058
Flour. Self-raising		••	Cwt.	1,255,099	1,105,835	1,116,278
Fruit Juices	••	••	'ooo gals.	1,134	2,075	3,161
Gas Gloves Dress	••	•••••	Mill. cubic ft.	40,391	40,722	42,100
Lesther			Doz. pairs	15,393	25,254	12,113
Other	••	•• ••	,,	53,668	9C,397	112,892
Work, All types Golf Clubs	••	··· ··	Doz.	241,984 11,371	158,543 8,951	214,596 15,563
Handkerchiefs-						
Men's	••	•••		1,047,452	979,959	1,234,162
Women's Hats and Caps	••	••••••		909,141 491,512	882,164 510,492	1.538,067
Hose, Rubber		••• ••	'000 lin. ft.	20,336	13,412	530,521 12,531
Ice			Ton	1,032,823	960,034	877,803
Ice Cream	••	•••	'ooo gais.	17,306	13,425	13,678
Iron and Steel— Pig Iron		•• ••	'ooo tons	1,430	1,692	1,827
Ingot Steel		•••••••	,,	1,521	1,801	2,117
Blooms and Billets	••	•• ••		1,361	1,688	1,921
frons, Electric	••	•• ••	No.	225,207	179.842	229,910
Jams and Preserves-			'000 lb.			0 - 69 -
Fruit, Preserved (d)	••	••••••	,, noo in:	108,173 256,133	77,521 228,379	85,687 338,562
Vegetables, Preserved	1	•••••		100,446	66,306	40,265
Jelly Crystals	••	•• ••	"	11,927	9,553	11,028
Kalsomine	••	·· ··	, , ,	7,363	3,787	3,396
Lacquer, Clear and Cold	ours		Gal.	1,190,663	1,012,782	1,306,661
Lard Lawn Mowers-	••	•••	Cwt.	35,363	41,266	40,973
Electric	••	·· ··	No.	28,717	12.849	21,922
Petrol Hand		•••	,,	818	5,614	9.849
Leather-	••	•• ••	"	97,142	54,186	85,867
Sole and Belting		•••	'000 lb.	38,636	38,298	38,675
Harness, Skirt, etc. Upholstery		•• ••	1 1000 in A	1,881	1,607	1,546
Dressed from Hides	••	·· ·· ·· ··	'000 sq. ft.	10,095 44,753	10,343 46,541	13,097 50,333
Dressed from Skins			,,	25,270	22,561	26,811
Lime-Quick	••		ton	123,876	119,731 36,877	123.774
Hydrated Agricultural	••	•• ••	"	37,422	35,877	44,047
Linseed Oil-from Loca	l Crushing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'oco gals.	87,942 252	99,883 1,475	108,746 338
from Unre Lubricating Oil	fined .	• ••	.,,	4,264	1,911	3,946
	••	• • • •	,,	x5,880	11,290	14,241

## QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES : AUSTRALIA—continued.

(a) Excludes Motor Car, Motor Cycle, Tractor and Aero Engines. (b) Includes Wheatmeal for Raking. (c) Includes Sharps. (d) Includes Canned Apple, all types.

### QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

		CAINIA-COMUM			
Article.		Unit of Quantity.	1951-52.	195253.	1953-54.
Malt, Barley		'ooo bus.	6,073	6,620	7,078
Margarino- Table Other Mattresses-Wire Inner Spring Soft Filled, etc		ooo lb.	15,952	15,856	21,866
Table			56,168	49,337	49,939
Mattresses—Wire	• •		221,880	238,527	262,930
Mattresses—Wire Inner Spring Soft Filled atc	••	, ,,	280,084 399,348	329,604 349,426	418,811
Soft Filled, etc.	••	'000 lb. (	399,340	209,376	367,116 160,268
Milk-		1	101,000	209,370	100,200
	•••	'000 lb.	117,527	124,063	94,944
Concentrated (Whole)	• •		117,527 37,503	124,063 32,465	43,599
Powdered (Whole) (a).	••	Gross	60,899	72,654 9,658	68,643
Condensed Concentrated (Whole) Powdered (Whole) (a) Mops, Floor Motor Bodies made Motor Spirit (including Benzol)	••	No.	9,396 98,470	90,822	11,964 114,745
Motor Spirit (including Benzol)			96,108	106,793	182,319
Motors, Electric		No.	610,363	601,659	972,887
NT 11			•		
Nails	••	Ton Doz.	24,751	18,392	22,008
Necktles	••	Ton	412,755 · 32,648	522,590 34,010	589,142 60,406
nowspille	••	101	32,040	34,010	00,400
Oatmeal including Rolled Oats	••	Cwt.	363,398	381,237	400,095
Paint-Water	••	'000 lb.	22,543	24,796	31,930
Oil		'ooo gals	22,543 5,513 3,209	4,300	5,180
Peanut Butter and Paste Perambulators	•••	'ooo lb. No.	111,357	3,419 131,699	4,313
Pickles			9,748	7,388	153,048 6,896
		Cwt.	14.337	7,388 18,028	19,047
Zinc Oxide		23	223.448	87,260	172,807
White Lead	· •	,,	181,70.4	68,284	} 337,794
Other, including Dry Colours Plywood, & inch basis	• •	'000 sq. ft.	257,882 159,153	204,684 115,728	161,581
Pollard Pyjamas-	•••	Ton (2,000 lb.)	358,883	369,243	335,890
Men's and Boy's (Suits only) Women's and Girl's (incl. Nightdresses)	)	Doz. ,,	226,963 300,401	180,147 289,104	273,423 322,010
Racquet Frames (all types)	•••	No.	14,948 1,925	17,391 1,127	22,224 I,442
Domestic	•••		192,812	182,134	274,487
Rice (Cleaned) Ropes and Cables (excluding Wire)	•••	Cwt. "	659,470 141,420	718,556 105,519	904,207 115,182
Sauce		'ooo pints	30,643	25,977	25,770
Sausage Casings		Cwt.	78,294	70,603	62,824
Semolina			217,700		
Shirts (Men's and Boys')	••	Doz.	1,101,548	881,447	1,239,471
Sink Heaters	••	No.	33,001	20,565	24,907
Household		Cwt.	647.274	593,201	568,754
Flakes and Chips (b)			641,274 67,666	76,601	77,406
Industrial (including Wool Scouring Sc	oap)	· ,, · ·	88,676	84,173	9 <b>9,983</b>
Sand	••	"	41.006	28,982	22,045
Toilet and Hand Shaving, including Sticks and Creams	• •	¦ ••	316,050	272,630	300,248
Soft	•••	**	7,039 18,858	7,095 14,512	
Liquid		,	116,608	124,098	144,215
Shampoo	••		7,810	7,561	8,547
Soap Extracts and Powders	••		929,310	885,158	890,241
Socks and Stockings	••	Doz. pairs	1,461,517	1,574,846	1,894,936
We are to	•••		1,867,261	2,337,332	2,793,050
Women's		ا ,, ا	461,505	422,406	570.167
Children's	••	'ooo pints	38,877	22,621	25,509
Spades and Shovels	••	Doz.	31,257	21,821	25,322
	••	Cwt.	329,947 137,565	312,188 70,385	334,298 90, <b>33</b> 9
		Ton	119,205	130,029	134,607
Stoves, Ovens and Ranges-					5177
Domestic Cooking—		1			
Solid Fuel	• •	No.	71,695	47,033	50,376
Gas	••	"	51,007 101,769	35,731	43,040 81,508
Electric(c).	•••	Ton	745.401	63,385 948,886	1,254,387
Sugar-Raw (94 liet bire)	••		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,-,4,,507
Sugar—Raw (94 net titre) Refined		1 ,, 1	493,480	440,320	1 444,015
Refined	::	17 11	493,486 63,815	440,326 70,174	449,015 70,811
Refined			493,480 63,815 1,597,080	440,320 70,174 1,581,001	449,015 70,811 1,771,196

(a) Includes Malted Milk and Infants' and Invalids' Foods. (b) Includes industrial flakes and chips. (c) Includes Stovettes, Cookers, etc.

Art	icle.			Unit of Quantity.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Talcum Powder Tallow—			•••	Cwt.	20,944	24,637	30,153
Inedible				1	833,236	1,120,308	1,101,114
Edible	••	••		,,	232,024	317,722	388,222
riles, Roofing-	••	••	••	"	*32,014	3-7,7	300,
Cement				1000	66,483	46,934	44,651
Terracotta				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	48,859	57,977	63,782
l'imber-				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	40,-07	<i>311,377</i> ,	- 3/2
From Native Logs-				! .	1	•	
Hardwood	••		••	'ooo super. ft.	1,166,114	1,115.423	1,159,163
Softwood		••	••		226,652	224,374	235,383
From Imported Log	<b>3</b> —				· - 1		
Hardwood	••	••	••	,,	} 13,468	13,588	20.627
Softwood	••	••	••	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	J		
Coasters, Electric (Don	nestic)	••	••	No.	198,599	117,815	154,860
Lopacco	••	••	••	'000 lb.	21,615	22,334	23,400
Fomato Juice	••	••	• •	Gal.	1,003,804	1,863,640	622,314
Lowels	•:	••	••	Doz.	506,965	626,672	659,987
Fransformers and Con-	verters	•		**-		1	
Above 20 k.v.a.	••	••	• •	No.	3,039	3,250	2,949
Below 20 k.v.a.	•• •	••	••	Cwt.	235,612	207,084	309,901
Twine (all types)	••	••	••	CWL.	110,557	86,465	107,629
Fyres, Pneumatic	- ()-			No.			
Motor Car and Moto	r Cycle	••	••	1	1,874,857	1,288,352	2,214,041
All Other (excl. Bloy		••	• •	, ,,	587,806	329,848	509,663
All Ouler (exci. Bley	(cie)	••	••	"	114,653	75,834	165,868
Umbrellas				1	367,306	338,548	430,422
Underwear				ooo doz.	3,681	3,243	4,239
					J,	55-40 4	
Vacuum Cleaners (Don	nestic)	••		No.	64,065	38,398	57,275
Varnishes	••	••		'ooo gals.	3,575	2,930	3,135
Washing Machines, Ho	usehold,	Electric	••	No.	99,429	91,384	146,250
Weatherboards-							
Australian Timber	••	••	••	'ooo super. ft.	20,921	20,944	24,880
Imported Timber	••	••	••	m., " 11.	4,680	3,003	3,271
Wheatmeal (a)	••	••	••	Ton (2,000 lb.)	90,255	88,101	137,732
Wheelbarrows (Metal)	••	••	••	No.	67,573	62,364	78,87
Wireless-					1		
Cabinets Wood				No.	78,186		82,603
Other	••	••	••			55,044	
Receiving Sets	••	••	••	,,	288,296	190,098	304,45
Wool Scoured—	• •			"	358,379	298,955	437.51
For Sale				'000 lb.	38,843	37,348	40,536
For use in own work	 		••	£	30,116		38,240
On Commission		•••		"	51,839	29,218	57.78
Wool Tops				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	24,815	26.467	32,75
	••	••	••	· · ·	-4,013 (	20.407	3-173.
Yarn (b)							
Cotton				,,	34,461	27,611	38,101
Woollen				, ,,	17,002	15,468	19,868
Worsted					19,500	20.141	26,070
				1	- 2,0		7-7

## QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES : AUSTRALIA--continued.

(a) Excludes Wheatmeal for Baking included with Flour. of the fibre mentioned.

(b) Including mixtures predominantly

# § 11. Individual Industries.

1. General.—Particulars in pages 328-55, §§ 2-9 afford a general view of the magnitude of industries in the sixteen groups adopted by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. While it is not possible, within the limits of this work, to give a detailed account of each industry, particular industries dealt with hereunder are of special importance because of the employment which they provide for labour and capital or for other features of special interest. Where there are only one or two establishments in a particular industry in the State or the Commonwealth, details of activities are not published, but are combined with some other factory group so that operations of individual concerns will not be disclosed.

The statistics in the following tables should be read in the light of the following definitions.

Factory. A factory is taken to be a manufacturing establishment in which four or more persons are employed or in which power, other than manual, is used. Average Number of Persons Employed. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory are counted as factory employees, including working proprietors and "out-workers". The average number of persons employed means, in general, the average number over the whole year and not the average over the period worked.

Value of Materials Used. This item includes the value, in the usual sense, of the materials used, stores used, containers, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant.

Value of Fuel. etc., Used. This item includes also the cost of power and light used, of lubricants and of water.

Value of Output. The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value at the factory of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products, also the value of other work done.

Value of Production. The value of production is obtained by deducting "Value of materials used" and "Value of fuel used", as defined above, from the "Value of output". This method of valuing factory production has been adopted by the Statistical offices throughout Australia.

Rated Horse-power of Engines Used. Statistics of power used in factories other than Central Electric Stations relate to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use.

For more detailed definitions see § 1, par. 6 of this chapter, page 325.

Details of some of the principal articles produced in factories in Australia during the years 1951-52 to 1953-54 are shown in the table in the preceding pages (§ 10).

2. Portland Cement and Cement Goods.—The manufacture of Portland Cement and Cement Goods is an important industry included in Class I. Particulars for the three industries under this general heading are shown for 1953-54 and for a selected number of years in the following table.

## PORTLAND CEMENT, ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS, ETC., AND OTHER CEMENT GOODS. Australia, 1953-54.

			. 1.		
Items.		Portland Cement.	Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.	Other Cement Goods.	Total.
Number of factories		13	16	450	479
Number of persons employed		2,727	2,314	4,263	9,304
Balaries and wages paid	£	2,330,546	1,977,141	3,127,316	7.435,003
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£	3,642,068	178,984	128,710	3,949,762
Value of materials used	£	4,850,898	4,376,761	6,784,832	16,012,491
Value of production	£	5,358,132	3,381,432	5,458,863	14,198,427
Total value of output	£	13,851,098	7,937,177	12,372,405	34,160,680
Value of land and buildings	£	1,652,966	903.092	1,650,410	4,200,468
Value of plant and machinery	£	7,543,725	1,288,664	1,963,358	10,795,747
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in a	ise h.p.	67,337	9,060	12,863	89,260

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	. 132	450	526	559	504	479
Number of persons employed .		8,033	9,192	9,851	9,352	9,304
Salaries and wages paid £'oo	0 897	3.673	4,860	6,469	6,942	7,435
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'oo	0 562	1,444	1,794	2,418	3,436	3,950
Value of materials used £'oo	0 1,542	6,671	9.025	12,608	14,303	16,013
Value of production £'oo		6,540	8,635	11,169	12,197	14,198
Total value of output £'00		14.655	19,454	26,285	29,936	34,161
Value of land and buildings £'00		2,283	3,250	3,466	3,890	4,206
Value of plant and machinery £'00		3,970	4,691	6,455	10,018	10,796
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i		51.77=		,,,,,,		
use h.r		71.000	75,584	81,691	91,880	89,260

3. Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines.—In 1945-46 the classification of factories was amended to provide for the separate tabulation of factories engaged in the production of Industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids and those engaged in producing Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations, which previously had been combined. Details for each of these industries are given in the next two tables for 1953-54 with comparisons with previous years. However, it should be noted that in order to avoid the publication of confidential information, particulars relating to Industrial and Heavy Chemicals include details for the Explosives industry.

- 203 54-												
Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Таз.	Australia.					
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used, £ Value of production £ Total value of output £ Value of pland and buildings Value of pland and machinery £ Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	1,435,389 13,981,105 9,715,615 25,132,109	5,727 4,665,155 653,136 9,560,899 8,207,762 18,421,797 5,422,095 7,545,472	258 192,893 46,515 266,344 436,121 748,980 103,782 165,874	730 624,965 544,230 1,006,412 1,849,361 3,400,003 705,645 1,630,483	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	234 11,765 9,906,692 2,756,787 25,157,890 20,643,716 48,558,393 13,389,044 23,572,816 90,807					

## INDUSTRIAL AND HEAVY CHEMICALS AND ACIDS (INCLUDING EXPLOSIVES).

1953--54.

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1945-46.	1949–50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54
Number of factories		165	199	207	219	229	234
Number of persons employed		10,228	9,749	10,615	11,504	11,253	11,765
Salaries and wages paid	. £'000	3,450	4,890	6,243	8,539	8,928	9,907
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	. £'000	618	1,064	1,546	2,110	2,210	2,757
Value of materials used	. £'000	6,007	10,522	16,857	21,097	19,538	25,158
Value of production	. £'000	6,627	9,075	13,373	17,180	16,879	20,643
Total value of output	. £'000	13,252	20,661	31,776	40,387	38,627	48,558
Value of land and buildings	. £'000	11,697	10,696	7,770	8,828	11,923	13,389
Value of plant and machinery	. £'000	10,964	9,708	11,043	12,507	19,612	23,573
Horse-power of engines ordinari	ly		1		}		}
in use	. <b>b.</b> p.	69,399	72,183	74,613	76,890	85,254	90,807

(a) Not available for publication ; included with total for Australia.

## PHARMACEUTICAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	8. Aust.	W. Aust.	Таз.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used £ Value of production £ Total value of output £ Value of pland and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	8,433,756 14,013,066 1,658,301	1,629,862 132,321 4,509,185 3,754,452 8,395,958 2,754,349 1,045,369	(a) (a) (a)	13 480 290,633 26,642 1,085,653 462,928 1,575,223 175,836 78,939 1,295	56,176 3,319 124,676 174,398 302,393 115,281	(a) (a) (a)	208 6,012 3,898,486 237,817 12,017,483 12,968,772 25,224,074 4,755,228 1,792,512 12,777

A	US	ST	B٨	1.1	Ι.

Items.		1945-46.	1949-50.	1950- 51.	1951-52.	1952-53	1953-54
Number of factories		215	205	201	208	206	208
Number of persons employed		5.514	5,157	5,538	6,149	5,363	6,012
	2000	1,699	1,840	2,423	3,433	3,468	3,898
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	000	57	73	9T	150	197	238
Value of materials used £	000	5,402	6,371	8,291	9,877	9,784	12,017
Value of production £	000	4,790	6,566	8,985	10,314	10,188	12,969
	000	10,249	13,010	17, 67	20.341	20,169	25,224
Value of land and buildings £	000	1,534	1,706	1,963	3,332	3,931	4,755
Value of plant and machinery £	000	598	767	823	1,286	1,569	1,793
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1			-			
in use	h.p. I	6,324	7,816	8,357	10,618	12,238	12,777

(a) Not available for publication ; included with total for Australia.

4. White Lead, Paint and Varnish.—The following table shows particulars of this ndustry for each State during 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years.

		1953-54	•				
Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
umber of factories	77	57		13		2	174
umber of persons employed	2,768	1,306	292	480	(a)	(a)	4,934
laries and wages paid £	2,119,824	1,021,726	195,245	360,585	(a)	(a)	3,756,752
alue of power, fuel, etc., used £	233,251	65,789	12,816	21,420	(a)	(a)	337,126
alue of materials used £	9.793,104	4,969,046		2,114,382		(a)	18,603,030
alue of production £		3,170,397			(a)	(a)	9,891,088
otal value of output £	14,776,489					(a)	28,831,214
alue of land and buildings £		1,071,618				(a)	4,065,912
alue of plant and machinery £				344,586	(a)	(a)	2,230,202
orse-power of engines ordinarily					. ,		
fn use h.p.	13,640	5,979	1,100	<b>1</b> ,466	(a)	(a)	22,719
alue of plant and machinery £ orse-power of engines ordinarily	945,044	766,301	133,052	344,586	(a)	(	(a)

# WHITE LEAD, PAINTS AND VARNISH.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54
Number of factories	102	149	I54	158	175	174
Number of persons employed .	. 2,271	4,526	4,985	5,141	4,622	4,934
Salaries and wages paid £'oo		2,097	2,784	3,378	3,346	3,757
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'oc	45	171	229	303	258	332
Value of materials used £'oo		10,903	14,157	16,623	14,657	18,60
Value of production £'oo	0 1,585	5,296	7,010	8,112	8,583	9,891
Total value of output £'oo		16,370	21,396	24,038	23,498	28,831
Value of land and buildings £'oc		2,038	2,831	3,213	3,669	4,060
Value of plant and machinery £'oc	324	I,345	1,548	1,842	2,113	2,230
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	in l			1 .		1
use h.	p. 1 7,696	17,681	19,875	21,412	22,769	22,719

5. Soap and Candle Factories.—The following table shows particulars of factories in the Soap and Candle industry in each State for 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years :—

# SOAP AND CANDLES.

1953–54.											
Items.	n.s.w.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.				
Number of factories	48	23			3	3					
Number of persons employed	1,884	680	282		(a)	(a)	3,058				
Salaries and wages paid £	1,631,281	562,584	194,986	104,081	(a)	(a)	2,544,461				
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	170,656	219,280	17,464			(a)	427,601				
Value of materials used £	5,801,573	3,264,735				(a)	10,213,932				
Value of production £	4,319,477					(a)	6,731,952				
Total value of output. £	10,201,706		1,040,614		(a)	(a)	17,373,485				
Value of land and buildings £	601,286					(a)	1,565,269				
Value of plant and machinery £	932,894					(a)	2,243,993				
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1		00/-0-		1 ) 1						
in use h.p.	4,532	2,711	862	513	(a)	(a)	8,795				

(a) Not available for publication ; figures are included in total for Australia.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	<u> </u>	65		93	88	89	
Number of persons employed		2,620	3,646	3,502	3,440	3,028	3,058
	000	501	1,605	1,974	2,555	2,460	2,544
	000	76	285	353	453	475	427
	000	1,568	5,499	6,330	8,384	8,846	10,214
	000	1,886	4,442	4,609	4,638	6,324	6,732
	000	3,530	10,226	11,292	13,475	15,645	17,373
	000	666	1,115	1,200	1,301	1,487	1,565
	000	577	1,201	1,341	1,693	1,985	2,244
Horse-power of engines ordinarily						;	-
иве 1	h.p.	5,267	7,515	7,447	8,769	8,606	8.795
Materials used—	-					•	
	wt.	535,511	1,008,257	1,123,895	1,134,935	1,024,772	1,120,828
Alkali for Soap (a)	,, 1	194,869	326,648	343,378	403,241	386,176	377,451
Coconut oil-refined and unrefi	ned		\ -		\$		ł
	wt.	138,954	78,893	91,404	113,203	95,825	86,576
Articles produced-					1	1	1
	wt.	978,113			1,304,987		1,247,228
Soap Extracts and Powders	.,	191,232	697,848	754,758	929,310		890,241
Candles made	,, I	28.649	21,245	12,871	16,931	14,256	8,611
(a) Includes Soda Ash. (a)	b) So	an made i	n all factor	ries includi	ng those no	ot classified	as "Soap

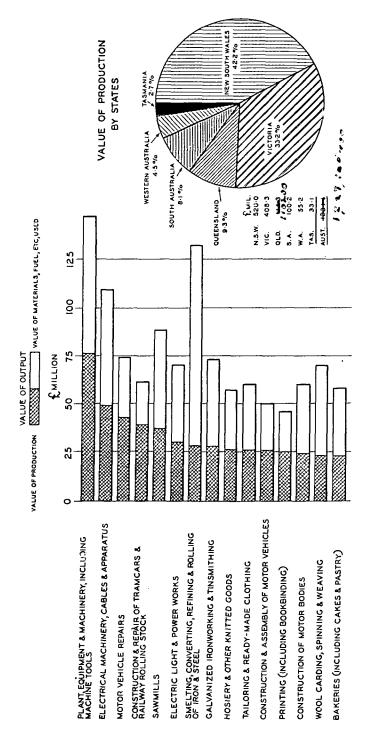
(a) Includes Soda Ash. (b) Soap made in all factories including those not classified as "Soap and Candle" factories.

NOTE.—Preliminary figures of production in 1954-55 were Soap, 1,268,488 cwt.; Soap Extracts and Powders, 1,003,592 cwt.

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PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, AUSTRALIA, 1953-54



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6. Chemical Fertilizers .- The following table shows particulars of the factories engaged in the manufacture of chemical fertilizers in each State during 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years. Details of the consumption, imports and exports of fertilizers will be found in Chapter XXI.—Agricultural Production.

# CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS.

1953-54.

Items.	N.S.V	w.	Victor	ia.	Q'land	1.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories		14				8	· 7	5	<u>۲</u>	51
Number of persons employed	I.	066	Ι.	336	(a)		860		(a)	4,531
Salaries and wages paid £			1,210,		(a)		735.765			3,987,924
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	433,		176,	998	(a)		82,650			842,305
Value of materials used £	3,376,		6,141.	686	(a)		3,542,292	4,827,575	(a)	20,520,982
Value of production	1,610,	328	2,922,	067	(a)			1,566,225		8,109,140
Total value of output £	5,420,	653	9,240,	75 I	(a)		1,937,511	6,514,091	(a)	29.472,427
Value of land and buildings £	2,394,		754,	092	(a)	1	495,985	1,518,466	(a)	6,067,213
Value of plant and machinery £	2,665,	728	1,148,	388	(a)	1	963,111	1,530,319	(a)	8,666,852
Horse-power of engines ordi-				1						
narily in use h.p.	12,	622	13,	717	(a)	,	6,399	4,86;	+ (a)	41,641
AUSTRALIA.										
Items.	1	1938	3-39.	194	.9-50.	195	50-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories			36		51		49	49	51	51
Number of persons employed		2	,540		3,889		4,012	4,325	4,483	4.531
Salaries and wages paid	£'000 '		601		2,051		2,540	3,361	3,759	3,98*
Value of power, fuel. etc., used	£'000 -		114		407		440	589	786	842
Value of materials used	£'000 ;	3	,231	I	2,737	I	4,014	20,297	21,100	20,521
	£'000	1	,600		3,998		4,312	5,998	7.255	8,109
Total value of output	£'000 }	4	,945	I	7,142	I	8,766	26,884	29,141	29,472
	£'000	I	,449		3,633		3.900	4,244	4.791	6,067
	£'000		,353		4,849		5,418	5,804	6,215	8,067
Horse-power of engines ordinari	ly in		1		i		1			
use	h.p. '	18	,165	3	0,855	3	6.274	38.220	39.5	41,641
(a) Not available for	nublice	tion	· 6m	TOD /	re inch	idad	in the t	atal for A	tralia	

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

7. Iron and Steel Works and Engineering.—(i) General. In 1945-46 the classification of factories was amended to provide for the tabulation in four separate groups of those industries previously included under Iron and Steel and Engineering. The first group (Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel) covers blast furnaces, steel works and rolling mills. The second group, Foundries (Ferrous), covers those engaged in the founding of iron and steel. The third group (Plant, Equipment and Machinery including Machine Tools) covers those industries engaged in the production of boilers, engines, machines and machinery, machine tools, structural steel fabrications. steel furniture, etc. The fourth group (Other Engineering) includes jobbing and general engineers, not elsewhere included.

(ii) Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel. In the following table particulars are shown for each State for 1953-54 and for Australia in selected years for the group Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel.

SMELTING, CONVERTING, REFINING AND ROLLING OF IRON AND STEEL.

		1953-5	4.				
Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	19	10			I		33
Number of persons employed	15,218	1,133		(a)	(a)		16,688
Salaries and wages paid £	14,302,365			(a)	(a)		15,608,81(
Value of power, fuel. etc., used £	13,359,219	242,561		(a)	(a)		15,430,293
Value of materials used £	87.472,332	886,147		(a)	(α)		88,802,180
Value of production £	25,443,829	1,302,276		(a)	(a)		27.994,696
Total value of output £	126275380	2,430,984		(a)	(a)		132227178
Value of land and buildings £	3,941,965	514,280,		(a)	(a)	••	6,508,440
Value of plant and machinery £	23,369,632	682,764		(a)	(a)		24,278,983
Horse-power of engines ordi-		!			· · ·		
narily in use . h.p.	276,331	8,650		(a)	(a)		287,619
		AUSTRAI	JA.				
Items.		1945-46.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53	1953-54
Number of factories		27	30	30	30	32	33
Number of persons employed		1	11,500	13,419	14.192	16,188	16,688
Salaries and wages paid	. £'000		6.978	9.245	11,904	14.455	15,609
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£'000		5.516	7,896	11,186	14,683	15,430
Value of materials used	£'000		29,747	40,580	53,342	76.983	88,802
Value of production	. £'000		12,784	16,594	20,311	27.336	27,995
Total value of output	£'000	29,304	48.047	65,070	84.839	118,404	132,227
Value of land and buildings	., £'000	2,197	2,812	3,259	4.064	5,278	6,508

Value of plant and machinery ... £'000 5.669 7.185 9,191 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. 198.317 213.529 216.617 (a) Not available for publication ; figures are included in the total for Australia.

4032/55.-12

Value of plant and machinery

ł

24,279 287.618

20,753 218.857 2.48.440

1.992

Particulars of the production of pig-iron and steel will be found in Chapter XXVI.---Mineral Industry.

(iii) Foundries (Ferrous). Particulars covering those industries classified as founding of iron and steel are shown for each State for 1953-54 and for Australia in selected years in the following table :--

# FOUNDRIES—FERROUS.

	19	23.	-34	4.	
-	_		•		

	1			1			
Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories		204	22	23	17		357
Number of persons employed	2,599		652				6,611
Salaries and wages paid £	2.110,312	1,827,025	461,065	428,681	301,695		5,128,778
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	265,810	227,757	37,642	89,116	81,577	I	701,908
Value of materials used £	1,451,376	1,477,273	375,815	413,507	338,896		4,056,867
Value of production	2,780,733	2.700,264	871,065	692,255	425,133	1	7,469,450
Total value of output £	4,497,925		1,284,522	1,194,878	845,606	[	12,228,225
Value of land and buildings £	953,049		257,266	167,962	106,172		2,298,579
Value of plant and machinery £	915,374		302,151		111,361		2,123,285
Horse-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use h.p.	9,940	8,022	2,567	2,561	2,325		25,415
	_	AUSTRA	LIA.				
Items.		1945-46	1949-50	. 1950-51	1. 1951-52.	1952-53	1953-54.
Number of factories Number of persons employed	•••••••	312 5,344				373 6,584	357 6,611

Number of factories	• •		312	353	358	365	373	357
Number of persons employed			5,344	6,346	7,198	7,243	6,584	6,611
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	1,612	2,985	4,134	5,252	4,989	5,129
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	161	341	475	633	642	703
Value of materials used		• £'000	1,210	2,116	3,262	4,331	4,026	4,057
Value of production		£'000	2,341	4,648	6,024	7,622	7,337	7,469
Total value of output	• •	£'000	3,712	7,105	9,761	12,586	12,005	12,228
Value of land and buildings		£'000	988	1,207	1,570	1,736	2,144	2,299
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	619	1,063	1,357	1,574	1,923	2,123
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in	use h.p.	1 13,381	19,306	23.976	25.107	24.467	25,415
							<u> </u>	

(iv) Plant, Equipment and Machinery (including Machine Tools). The next table shows particulars for this group for each State during 1953-54 and for Australia for the years 1945-46 and 1949-50 to 1953-54:—

PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY (INCLUDING MACHINE TOOLS).

1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used £ Value of production £ Total value of output. £ Value of land and buildings £ Value of land machinery £	900,878 27,440,068 30,402,028 58,742,974 10,988,658	20,260 16,120,490 677,928 23,199,455 26,363,060 50,240,443 9,318,213	5,599 3,764,549 165,357 4,460,730 5,810,365 10436452 1,161,275	8,186 6,521,264 389,234 10,634,311 10,169,326 21,192,871 2,254,175	2,653 1,903,496 83,859 2,454,591 3,121,083 5,659,533 1,394,980	97,757 1,329 99,215 131,344 231,888 141,290	47,619,726 2,218,585 68,288,370 75,997,206 146504161 25,258,591
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	82,219			2,134,396 24,096		498	198,300

## AUSTRALIA.

AUSTRAMA.										
Items.		1945-46.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.			
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc. used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinardi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	1,038 46,123 14,259 605 16,455 21,044 38,104 7,227 7,046 101,810	1,498 56,344 26,495 1,075 38,457 40,958 80,490 12,680 12,571 158,402	I,555 60,990 35,215 I,434 53,040 55,934 I10,408 I5,904 I4,968 205,736	I,684 64,066 45,434 I,937 68,943 71,810 I42,690 I9,383 I7,870 196,664	I,787 60,140 45,414 2,095 63,134 70,790 136,019 22,332 19,784 197,031	I,911 60,840 47,620 2,219 68,288 75,997 146,504 25,259 21,335 198,300		

(v) Other Engineering. Details covering jobbing and general engineering works not elsewhere included are shown for each State for 1953-54 and for Australia in selected years in the following table.

		1953-5	i4				
Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	158,533 4,023,214 6,372,264 10,554,011 3,006,163 1,877,506	8,702 6,582,568 208,746 7,8 0,002 10,461,303 18,510,051 4,224,179 3,363,449	26,223 851,908 1,334,530 2,212,661 465,185 398,345	2,121,462 72,159 2,042,321 3,078,026 5,192,506 1,109,771 800,362	908 557,517 32,863 631,312 914,336 1,578,511 430.812 224,558	32,211 1,038,025 1,594,301 2,664,537 664,385	15,099,567 530,735 16,426,782 23,754,760
		AUSTRA	LIA.				
Items.		1945-46.	1949-50.	1950-51	1. 1951-52	1952-53	1953-54
Number of factories		963	1,495			1,975	2,041

#### OTHER ENGINEERING.

Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used 13,112 16,798 18,487 20,398 20,005 20,981 . . £'000 £'000 3,634 6,977 9,495 291 13,124 13,804 15,100 . . 413 14,268 241 460 530 . . Value of materials used ... Value of production 16,427 £'000 3.599 6,637 9,855 14.041 . . £'000 11,086 20,681 5,432 15,323 21,551 23,755 . . 9,193 40,712 Total value of output £'000 17,964 25,469 35,362 36.052 Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery 8,285 6,366 £'000 2,369 5,191 5,089 4,098 7,021 0,900 . . £'000 3,515 2,091 5,434 7,044 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. 26.005 47,396 59.024 62,774 56,397

8. Extracting and Refining of Non-ferrous Metals; Alloys.—The following table shows particulars of establishments engaged in metal extraction and ore reduction including secondary recovery of metals, but excluding blast furnaces engaged in production of pig iron from iron ore, for each State during 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted that as "Ore Beneficiation and Concentration", formerly included as part of this section of Manufacturing Industry, was transferred to the Mining Industry in 1952-53 details for that and later years are not comparable with those for 1951-52 and earlier years.

EXTRACTING AND REFINING OF NON-FERROUS METALS ; ALLOYS.

1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust. (a)	Tas.	Au-tralia.
Number of factories	27	21	6	3		2	
Number of persons employed	1.363	258	462	(b)		(b)	6.59z
Salaries and wages paid £	1,253.657	228,228	569,829	(b)		(b)	6,069.180
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	489.711	34,496	554,456	(b)		(b)	3,062.733
Value of materials used £	10,046,410	1,999,559	11,127.630	(b)		(b)	53,710,725
Value of production £	2,105,338	562,013	1,724 719	(b)		(b)	12,648,166
Total value of output £	12,641,459	2,596,068	13,406,805	(b)	••	(b)	69.421,624
Value of land and buildings £	571,809	186,757	972,917	(b)		(b)	2,742,576
Value of plant and machinery £	782,391	102.584	1,309,101	(b)		(b)	5,389,983
Horse-power of engines ordi-							1
narily in use h.p.	8,461	655	16,192	(b)	<u> </u>	(b)	65,067

Australia.											
Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53. (c)	1953-54. (c)					
Number of factories	42	62	65	67	59	59					
Number of persons employed	5,532	7,394	7,664	7.812	6,958	6,502					
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	1,613	4.324	5,268	6.515	6,085	6.669					
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	593	1.908	2,323	3,130	2,803	3.663					
Value of materials used £'000	16,844	38,993	59,735	71,097	44,181	53,711					
Value of production £'000	3,892	15,718	20.435	27.496	14,163	12,648					
Total velue of output £'000	21.334	56.619	82,493	101,723	61,437	69,122					
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,177	1,861	2,017	2,075	2,669	2,743					
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,526	4,605	4,723	4,936	4,371	5.390					
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in											
use h.p.	54,450	79,320	88,410	81,567	70,424	65,067					

(a) In Western Australia the majority of the plants are worked at the mines and are therefore not included. (b) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (c) See text above table.

9. Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years.

1953-54.											
Items.	N.S.V	v.	Victor	ia.	Q'lan	a.	S. Aus	t.   W	. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons employed	25,	495 481	8,	331 875	Ι,	62 620	1,4		64 770	158	38,377
Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used £	19,840 1,064 41,566	108		900	29,	422		37	186,829 18,255 566,659	4,828	28,968,916 1,391,150 58,236,901
Value of production £ Total value of output £ Value of land and buildings £	34,571 77,201	341 671	10,299, 23,420,	214 433	1,717, 3,512,	417 385	1,354,0	22 8 62 1,	849,771 534,685	240,207 420,787	49,031,972 108660023
Value of plant and machinery £ Horse-power of engines ordi-	8,850 6,270	726	2,552,						309,5 <b>3</b> 8 104,307	99,679	13.828,945 9,709,393
										74,088	
Items.		193	38-39.	19.	4950.	19	30-51.	195	1-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories			360		811		867		928	965	1,028
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid	£'000		0,666 2,031		30,956		35,494 18,816		5,772	31,949 22,903	38,377 28,969
Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used	£'000 £'000		105 3,195		453		637 31,680		976	991 36,668	1,391 58,237
Value of production Total value of output	£'000 £'000		3,655	:	21,154 42,756		30,867 53,184	38	3,244 1,924	38,633	49,032
Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery	£'000 £'000		1,627 897		6,293		8,224	9	5,957	11,270 8,168	13,829
Horse-power of engines ordinar use	ily in h.p.	ı	2.043		43,095		55.854		2.814	66.512	74.088

# ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, CABLES AND APPARATUS.

10. Railway and Tramway Workshops (Government and Local Authority).—The railway and tramway workshops, which form an important part of Class IV., are chiefly owned by State Governments and Local Authorities. Workshops (fifteen in 1953-54) controlled by non-public bodies are not included in the figures below :—

TRAMCARS AND RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK.(a)

#### 1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	44	24	12	14	23		124
Number of persons employed	16,423		6,405			914	39,262
Salaries and wages paid £	12,122,300		4,192,054		2,561.761		28,424,547
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	418,936	197,534		159,740			993,875
Valu of materials used £	6,102,964	4,153,593	2,454,163	2,619,507	1,460,337	302,169	17,092.733
Value of production	14,270,078	6,997,880	4,969,832	4,242,601	3,040,165	833.431	34.353,987
Total value of output £		11,349,007					52,440,595
Value of land and buildings £	5,222,594	1,682,676	590,820	1,196,788	403,097	633,970	9.729,945
Value of plant and machinery £	7,802,648			1,490,901	922,949	318,213	12,165,551
Borse-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use h.p.	41,289	19.910	16.257	17,540	10,233	3,249	108,478
		AUSTRA	LIA.				

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	. 117	127	126	126	123	124
Number of persons employed .	. 27,310	38,432	38,253	38,499	39,073	39,262
Salaries and wages paid £'oc	0 6,721	18,057	20,914	26,281	28,002	28,425
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'oc	0 226	500	617	812	907	994
Value of materials used £'oc	0 4,976	11,133	12,165	15,151	16,706	17,093
Value of production £'oc	0 8.021	21,643	25,738	31,375	33,875	34,354
Total value of output £'oc	0 13,223	33,276	38.520	47,338	51,488	52,441
Value of land and buildings £'oc		8,051	7,983	8,786	9,279	9.730
Value of plant and machinery £'oc		7,925	8,277	9,218	10,701	12,166
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	n		1		1	
use . h.		89,864	93,567	97,585	98,251	108.478

(a) Government and Local Authority only.

A railway workshop in the Northern Territory is chiefly engaged in making repairs to rolling stock, etc., no new goods being manufactured. Particulars of this establishment are not included in any of the tables in this chapter.

11. Motor Vehicles.—The industries catering for the motor trade are included in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines and Conveyances. In the table below a summary is given of the principal statistics for 1953-54 for each branch of industry associated with the motor trade of Australia.

## MOTOR VEHICLES : CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC., AUSTRALIA.

			1953-14.				
Items.			Construc- tion and Assembly.	Repairs.	Motor Bodies. (a)	Motor Acces- sories.	Total.
Number of factories	<u> </u>		68,	6,972	1,072	190	8,302
Number of persons employed		•••	15,335,	46,889	21,183	6,506	89,913
Salaries and wages paid		£	12,965,369	28,057,953	16,472,657		62,454,490
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£	710,078	872,920	570,254	323,760	
Value of materials used		£	23,656,241		35,220,047	5,544,485	94,172,699
Value of production	••	£	25,580,773	43,348,858	24.189,742		101,054,563
Total value of output	••	£	49,947,092		59,980,043		197,704,274
Value of land and buildings	••	£	6,517,146	28,947,533	7,122,786	3,247,598	45,835,063
Value of plant and machinery	•••	£	4,808,962		5,576,518		23,396,809
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in use	h.p. 1	31,098	48,078	43,658	24,096	146,930

(a) Includes motor body repairing, panel beating, duco spraying, etc.

In the next table similar details are shown on a State basis for 1953-54 and for Australia for selected years for these branches combined.

MOTOR VEHICLES : CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC.

195	3-54-

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	3:414	2,172	1.085	64C	725	266	8,302
Number of persons employed			9,170	14.119	6,092	1,971	89,913
Salaries and wages paid £	18,578,675	22,337,852	5,126,558	11,201,919	4,016,223	1,193,263	62,454,490
Value of power, fuel, etc.,							
used £	749,636				171,255		
							94,172,699
							101,054,563
Total value of output £	54,499,029	74,123,399	15,456,146	37,789,915	12,869,016	2,966,769	197,704,274
Value of land and buildings £	18,457,426	14,463,802	3,850,974	4,582,889	3,176,664	1,303,308	45,835,(6)
Value of plant and machinery£		8,251,416	1,417,806	4,392,643	1,205,875	341,627	23,396,809
Horzo-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use h.p.	43,842	51.147	10,589	28,778	10,153	2,421	146,930

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1945–46.	1949-50.	1950–51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	195354.
Number of factories	••••	3,592	5,330	5,730	6,587	7,422	8,302
Number of persons employed		39,706	67,874	75,580	82,123	82,609	89,913
Salaries and wages paid	£'000	10,582	28,685	38,789	51,799	54,666	62,454
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£'000	395	895	1,215	1,610	1.987	2,477
Value of materials used	£'000	12,143	32,427	48,542	70,967	74.405	94,173
Value of production	£'000	15,818	45,091	60,592	78,808	86.305	101.054
Total value of output	£'000	28,356	78,413	110,349	151,385	162,697	197,704
Value of land and buildings	£'000	9,878	18.801	23,361	30,799	38,718	45,835
Value of plant and machinery	£'000	3,758	9,464	11,495	14,982	20,120	23,397
Horse-power of engines ordinarily				. 150			
in use	h.p.	56,117	95,755	109,707	126,228	139,253	146,930

The table below shows the output of motor bodies and the imports of motor bodies and motor chassis for 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1954-55:—

PRODUCTION AND IMPORTS OF MOTOR BODIES(a) AND IMPORTS OF MOTOR CHASSIS : AUSTRALIA.

	Ite	ms.		1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951~52.	195253.	1953-54.	1954~55. (b)
Motor Bodie	(a)-	·								
Made	• • • •		No.	79,436	67,196	92,718	98,470	90,822	114.745	127.476
Value			£'000.	6,421	14,095					(c)
Assembled	from in	nported E	Panels				-			
		-	No.	(d)	29,819	33,212	29,205	21,566	43,077	59,863
Imported			No.	532	115,484	92,791	101,628	7,568,	26,874	37,924
Value		• •	£'000.	64	17.994	14,275	16,657	1,441	5,956	8,593
Motor Chassi	×			1						
Imported	• •		No.	76,094	187,363		172,419	59,724	137,331	164,756
Value	•••		£'000	7,315	41,965	46,920	49,864	21,650	36,461	33,209
(a) Eral			(1)	D-+1!!				(A) N		

(a) Excludes sidecars. (b) Preliminary—subject to revision. (c) Not yet available.

12. Agricultural Machines and Implements.—Owing to the extensive agricultural activities conducted in Australia and the demand for modern mechanized farm equipment, the manufacture of agriculturel implements constitutes an important branch of

Australian industry. The articles manufactured include a wide range of implements for tillage, seeding, and planting and the harvesting of crops. Other farm machinery made includes windmills, chaff-cutters and machinery used in the dairying industry.

The following table shows details of establishments classified as agricultural implement works in each State for 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years.

## AGRICULTURAL MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS.

1953-54,

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	119	76	36	34	28		29
Number of persons employed	2,032	6,285	1,511		404		11,930
Salaries and wages paid £	1,589.876	5,331,607	980,531	1,283,741	287,220		9,472,975
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	84,350			89,379	10,124		636,41
Value of materials used £	1,581,059	8,599,849	1.078,416	1,533,103	195,930		12,988,352
Value of production	2,366,876	7,689,112	1,453.570	1,990,403	424,302		13,924,26
Total value of output £	4,032,285	16,691,518	2,581,987	3,612,885	630,356		27,549,03
Value of land and buildings £	1,217,286	1,456.906	402,702	522,749	317,917		3,917.560
Value of plant and machinery £	715,364	1,995,436	365,667	449,840	101,030		3,627,33
Horse-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use h.p.	7,858	19.729	4,954	6,405	897		39,84

A				

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	161	208	225	257	270	293
Number of persons employed	6,563	10,454	11,651	12,481	11,608	11,930
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,373	5,012	6,894	9,044	8,838	9,473
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	82	292	433	555	600	637
Value of materials used £'000	1,485	6,910	9.952	13,521	11,103	12.985
Value of production £'000	1,836	6,983	9,854	13,051	12.787	13,924
Total value of output £'000	3,403	14,185	20,239	27,127	24.490	27,549
Value of land and buildings £,000	997	2,201	2,814	3,320	3,701	3,918
Value of plant and machinery £'000	011	2,215	2,877	3,365	3.526	3,627
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	-		,			
use h.p.	13,346	28,139	33,464	34,598	37.372	39.843

13. Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus.—The introduction of wireless broadcasting in 1923 gave rise to a new industry in Australia. Early statistical details of the industry are not available as they were grouped together with other electrical apparatus. In 1930-31 a new classification of factories was adopted and "Wireless Apparatus" was shown as a separate industry. The industry is confined mainly to New South Wales and Victoria, but is becoming increasingly important in South Australia. The number of broadcast listeners' licences increased from a third of a million in 1930-31 to over two million at 30th June, 1955, and this increase reflects the advancement of the industry during that period. During the war years considerable expansion took place in the industry to meet the requirements of the fighting services and apart from a slight drop in output in 1945-46, this expansion has continued.

	WIRELESS AN	D AMPLIFYING	APPARATUS :	AUSTRALIA.
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Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	72	129	139	I41	149	162
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000	4,828	9,283	10,628	8,733	6.912	8,125
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	754 23	3,745 101	5,140 147	5,361 184	4.707	5.751
Value of materials used £'000	1,356	6,409	9,229	8,487	7.661	9.782
Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000	1,123	5,252	7,219	7,023	6.042	7,454
Total value of output <u>£'000</u> Value of land and buildings <u>£'000</u>	2,502	11,762	16,595 1,339	15,694	13.882 1.713	17,435
Value of plant and machinery £'000	305	770	946	980	969	1,132
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in				-		
Use $h.p.$ Domestic receiving sets made(a) No.	2,710	10,357	13,565	12,055	10,596	9,274
Domestic receiving sets made(a) No.	163,821	343.323	459.436	358,379	298.955	437,513

(a) Including radiograms and car radios.

NOTE .-- There were 444,286 domestic receiving sets made in 1954-55.

14. Cotton.—(i) General. Cotton has been grown in Australia since 1860, but never on a very large scale. The average annual quantity of unginned cotton produced during the five years ended 1938-39 was 18 million lb. and slightly over 2 million lb. in the five years ended 1953-54. Arising out of the development in the local manufacture of cotton materials and the further expansion following the outbreak of war in 1939, plans were completed for an extension of the area devoted to the cultivation of this crop. The downward trend which commenced with the war in the Pacific persisted until recent years but production has recently risen and in 1953-54 amounted to 5,132,000 lb. The growing of cotton, which is restricted to Queensland, is referred to in some detail in Chapter XXI.—Agricultural Production.

(ii) Ginning. The ginning and marketing of cotton is controlled by the Queensland Cotton Board. The Board operates ginneries and processes by-products. The production of raw cotton is insufficient for local factory requirements and is supplemented by imports from overseas, chiefly (1953-54) from India, Pakistan, Brazil, Egypt, Peru and the United States of America.

(iii) Spinning and Wearing. The recent expansion in the spinning and weaving section of the cotton industry marks an important event in its development. New factories have been established and Australia is now producing an extensive range of cotton goods, including duck and canvas from cotton or flax, denims, drill, etc., tyre cord and tyre cord fabric. The number of establishments engaged in cotton spinning and weaving in Australia and other particulars of the industry are shown in the following table for the years 1938-39, and 1949-50 to 1953-54.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid for the second Value of power, fuel, etc., used for the second Value of materials used for the second Value of production for the second Total value of output for the second Value of land and buildings for the second Value of plant and machinery for the second Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	50 1,357 979 2,386 704 736	93 8,377 3,306 308 9,889 5,991 16,188 2,844 4,118	91 9,233 4,473 441 16,873 7,534 24,848 3,215 4,020	94 8,840 5,297 554 20,803 9,272 30,629 3,695 4,214	93 7,673 5,090 551 14,747 8,126 23,424 3,951 4,370	96 9,470 6,602 18,083 10,809 29,582 4,104 4,411
use h.p.		29,118	31,468	32,285	36,517	33,201

COTTON SPINNING AND WEAVING : AUSTRALIA.

15. Wool Carding, Spinning and Weaving.—The importance of this industry is emphasised by the fact that Australia is the world's chief source of wool and the development of the woollen industry since its establishment at an early period in Australian history is of singular interest. The production consists chiefly of woollen cloth and tweed, worsted cloth, rugs, blankets and yarn, all of which have acquired a reputation for purity and durability.

WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING.

1953-54	•

Number of factories5693435164Salaries and wages paid $\pounds$ 4,523,9827,621,760433,136361,245(a)(a)14,381,744Value of power, fuel, etc., used $\pounds$ 4,003,6667,03632,05333,054(a)(a)14,381,744Value of power, fuel, etc., used $\pounds$ 4,003,6657,03632,05333,054(a)(a)14,381,744Value of power, fuel, etc., used $\pounds$ 14,040,26322,551,0651,604,716975,021(a)(a)1,328,975Value of production $\pounds$ 7,474,67112,068,647570,071581,111(a)14,363,805Value of plant and mobildings $\pounds$ 2,512,3303,608,311177,34534,250(a)(a)6,598,864Value of plant and machinery $\pounds$ 2,970,6255,169,298356,78889,452(a)(a)9,086,659Horse-power of engines ordi-77,6255,169,298356,78889,452(a)(a)9,086,659	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>				
Number of persons employed7,13311,655 $877$ $613$ $(a)$ $(a)$ $22,619$ Salaries and wages paid£ $4,523,952$ $7,621,760$ $433,136$ $361,245$ $(a)$ $(a)$ $14,381,744$ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ $4,70,036$ $672,036$ $32,053$ $33,054$ $(a)$ $(a)$ $14,381,744$ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ $14,040,263$ $22,551,965$ $1,604,716$ $975,921$ $(a)$ $(a)$ $14,383,754$ Value of production.£ $17,474,671$ $12,2068,664$ $570,071$ $581,111$ $(a)$ $13,236,862$ Total value of output£ $22,978,970$ $32,292,642$ $2,206,84;1,1590,086$ $(a)$ $(a)$ $65,958,864$ Value of land and bulldings£ $2,512,330$ $3,698,3111$ $177,345$ $34,250$ $(a)$ $(a)$ $68,93,778$ Value of engines ordi $57,697,625$ $5,169,298$ $356,788$ $89,452$ $(a)$ $(a)$ $6,98,86,59$	Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
	Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used £ Value of production £ Total value of output £ Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Value of engines ordi-	7,133 4,523,982 470,036 14,040,263 7,474,671 21,984,970 2,512,330 2,970,625	11,655 7,621,760 672,030 22,551,965 12,068,647 35,292,642 3,698,311 5,169,298	87c 433,136 32,053 1,604,716 570,071 2,206,84c 177,345 356,788	361,245 33,054 975,921 581,111 1,590,086 34,250 89,452	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	164 22,619 14,381,744 1,328,975 45,033,084 73,236,805 69,598,864 6,893,778 9,086,059 68,715

	Aus	TRALIA.			_	
Items.	1938-39. (b)	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	90	168	176	181	171	164
Number of persons employed	19,608	24,354	24,333	21,244	19,729	22,619
Salaries and wages paid L'ooo	2,888	9,404	11,349	11,543	12,028	14,382
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	393	831	952	1,057	1,175	1,329
Value of materials used £'000	7,33I	32,741	53,872	44,064	34,655	45,033
Value of production £'000	4,791	16,426	18,610	16,272	19,226	23,237
Total value of output £'000	12,515	49,998	73,434	61,393	55,056	69,599
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,380	4,347	5,369	6,161	6,242	6,894
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,370	5,235	6,898	7,881	8,183	9,086
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	Į		1			
use h.p.	42,944	63,669	69,070	69,232	67,911	68,715
Articles produced—	1		1			ł
Woollen and worsted cloth (c)						1
(d) 'ooo sq. yds.	31,768	38,028	38,454	29,790	29,400	34,794
Blankets and rugs (c) '000	I,270	1,914	2,068	1,382	1,035	1,340

#### WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING-continued.

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.
 (b) Includes Woolscouring Works in Victoria and Tasmania and Woolscouring Works and Fellmongeries in South Australia.
 (c) Includes production in other industries.
 (d) Includes mixtures.

Preliminary details of production in 1954-55 were: Woollen and worsted cloth, 28,400,000 square yards; blankets and rugs, 1,683,000.

16. Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods.—Details for each State for 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table :—

HOSIERY AND OTHER KNITTED GOODS.

1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used£ Value of materials used £ Value of production £ Total value of output £ Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Horse-power of engines ordi- oarily in use h.p.	221,907 10,060,976 8,095,567 18,378,450 2,378,104	15,390 9,159,653 44,4,278 18,462,401 17,081,053 35,987,732 4,598,502 5,049,642	310,937 9,081 1,446,158 686,266 2,141,505 152,266 184,316	49,054 2,507 99,622 74,162 176,291 31,207 20,916	184 88,456 3,906 237,408 166,961 408,275 68,459 37,852	2,098 65,491 51,404 118,993 24,849 13,807	14,277,085 683,777 30,372,056 26,155,413 57,211,246 7,253,387 7,200,892

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	313	496	510	548	587	645
Number of persons employed	18,159	21,577	22,268	21,342	20,694	23,937
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,332	7,382	9,605	11,179	11,641	14,277
Value of power. fuel, etc., used £'000	133	315	386	480	588	68.4
Value of materials used £'000	4,284	16,637	22,834	24,517	23,939	30,372
Value of production £'000	3,809	12.399	16,257	18,028	21,164	26,155
Total value of output £'000	8,226	29.351	39,477	43,025	45,691	57,211
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,962	3,877	4,755	5,602	6,329	7,253
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,931	3,815	4,905	5,894	6,038	7,201
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in					1	
use h.p.	8,884	14,625	16,925	19,677	17,997	18,478

The following quantities of yarn were used in these establishments during 1953-54 :---Worsted, 8,206,507 lb.; woollen, 104,384 lb.; wool or worsted and cotton, 378,216 lb.; Wool or worsted and nylon, 48,946 lb.; wool or worsted and rayon, 1,241,941 lb.; cotton, 9,257,773 lb.; mercerised cotton, 818,283 lb.; cotton and rayon, 56,848 lb.; rayon, spun 1,787,680 lb.; rayon filament, 6,195,312 lb.; silk, 31,255 lb.; nylon, spun, 295,291 lb.; nylon filament, 1,162,619 lb.; other, 309,219 lb. Production of garments and stockings is shown in § 10. 17. Tanning, Currying and Leather Dressing.—(i) Details of Industry. In Class VII. the most important industry is tanning. Formerly the production of tanneries in Australia was confined to the coarser sorts of leathers, but there are now very few kinds which cannot be produced locally, and an export trade has been built up in some varieties.

# TANNING, CURRYING AND LEATHER DRESSING.

#### 1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power, fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used £ Value of materials used £ Value of production £ Total value of output £ Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	69 1,980 1,732,081 186,326 4,258,693 2,432,782 6,877,801 770,018 804,287 12,684	1,939,965 166,169 3,963,734 3.043,728 7,173,631 1,052,556 783,430	448,106 34,244 1,350,053 645,340 2,029,637 103,279 206,923	223 170,048 17,185 463.970 295,318 776,473 86,974 142,800	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	$(a) \\ (a) $	142 5.445 4,464,373 417,556 10,476,745 6,671,673 17,565,974 2.054,745 1,990,371 31,182

Not available for publication ; figures are included in the total for Australia.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	132	145	143	143	141	142
Number of persons employed	4,375	5,473	5,362	5,274	5,240	5,145
Salaries and wages paid £'ood	920	2,755	3,200	3,889	4,163	4.464
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	88	243	275	352	382	417
Value of materials used £'ood	2,983	6,846	8,221	8,796	9,488	11,477
Value of production £'ood	1,522	4,330	4,950	5,912	5,983	6,672
Total value of output £'ood	4,593	1 11,419	13,446	15,060	15,853	17,566
Value of land and buildings £'coo	814	1,355	1,638	1,857	1,983	2,035
Value of plant and machinery £'000	524	1,171	1,425	1,703	1,832	1,990
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		1	//=0			
use h.p		25,792	27,684	28,980	30,314	31,182

(ii) Materials Used and Articles Produced. The quantities of materials used and leather produced in tanneries in each State in 1953-54 are shown in the following table:—

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Materials used	984,672		396,350		(a)	(a)	
Skins	904,072	1,147,414	390,330	147,521	(")	(0)	2,835,047
Calf	849,483	545,049	22,727	( <i>a</i> )	(a)		1,629,458
Cont	(a)	(a)	,/*/	(4)			440,490
Sheep, including Pelts "	2,079,330		(a)	(a)(b)			b3,473,130
Morgunial	46,412			(a)			108,396
Bark used	4.0,412	1 9,400	()	()		••	100,390
Wattle tons	3,899	5,286	938	<i>(a)</i>	(11)	(a)	6) 10,941
Mallet and Other	(a)	1,102	(a)	(a)	238		b) 1,901
Tanning extract used	3,111		2,033	(a)	952	(a)	9,067
Articles produced-	5,	-,7,43	-,-55	,	75-	()	,,
Leather made-							1
Sole and Belting 1b.	11.133.054	16,103,750	6.865.316	1.346.130	(a) 1	(a)	38,674.598
Harness	539.761				(a)	`́	1,546,447
Upholstery sq. ft.	( <i>a</i> )	7,185,187		(a)	(a)		13,006,682
Dressed and Upper from			• •	. ,			
Hides							1
Sold by Measure-							
ment—			1				i
Patent sq. ft.	(a)	(a) +					3,186,136
All Other ,, ,,	16,137,405	17,814,727	7,186,855	3,876,321	(4)	(a)	47,146,512
Sold by Weight (all					1		
kinds) lb.	(a)	204,544	(a)	•••	5,027	(a)	296,940
Dressed from skins-	1				,		
Calf Eq. ft.		3,671,277	1,637,658	<i>(a)</i>	71,987	(a)	10.744,052
Goat ,, ,,	1,975,493		<i></i>		!	• •	2,054,262
Sheep ,, ,,		1,613,349.		(a)(b)		••	. 013,366,093
Marsuplal ,, ,,	270, 27	137. 77	(7)	( <i>a</i> )		••	1 580,012

## TANNERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1953-54.

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Includes an amount produced or used in other works.

18. Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing.—Statistics showing the distribution of this industry between States in 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table :—

# TAILORING AND READY-MADE CLOTHING.

1953-54.

ltems.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	914	648	141,	111	131	18	1,963
Number of persons employed .	17,086	10.593	2,572	1,720	1,041	252	33,264
Salaries and wages paid £	8.742.284		1,116,719	822,995	455,189	123,198	17,214,505
Value of power. fuel. etc., used £	197,044					2,075	380,127
Value of materials used £		12,523.828					33,598,450
Value of production £	13,080,085	9,248,825					26,075,543
Total value of output £	30,251,339	21,899,240	3.967,057	2,277,533	1,386,097		60,054,120
Value of land and buildings £	4,446,971	2,315,555			312,855	60,680	8,250,603
Value of plant and machinery £	1,324,796	907,433	126,860	109,405	45,336	9,562	2,523,392
Horse-power of engines ordi-						i	
narily in use h.p.	5,247	2,914	487	464	182	45	9,339

#### AUSTRALIA.

·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	1,177	1.902	1.890	1,995	1.961	1.963
Number of persons employed	26,499	37.250	38.535	36,226	32,200	33,264
Salaries and wages paid . £'ood	3,168	11.246	14,206	16,132	15,681	17,215
Value of power, fuel, etc., used f'ood		204	249	320	363	380
Value of materials used £'ood	4.947	20,187	27,539	30,075	28,767	33,598
Value of production £'000		17,085	21,349		23,581	20.076
Total value of output £'000		37,476	42,137		52,711	60.05.1
Value of land and buildings £'ood		5,872	6,538		7:573	8,251
Value of plant and machinery £'000		1.666	2,030	2,431	2,469	2.523
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		i í			1 11.5	
use h.p		8.805	10,137	11.003	10.693	0.339

19. Dressmaking and Millinery Establishments.—Particulars of dressmaking and millinery establishments in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1949-50 to 1953-54 are shown in the following table :—

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY : AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952 53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	. 869	1,313	1,328	1,423	1.405	1.433
	. 16,398	22.384	22,557	20.912	18,913	19.197
Salaries and wages paid for	0 1,653	6,244	7,568	8,412	8,490	9,230
Value of power, fuel. etc., used f'oo		112	130	149	170	187
Value of materials used £'oo		8,996	11,567	12,123	11,746	13,634
Value of production £'oo	0 2,592	9,812	11,868	12,700	13,193	14,392
Total value of output £'oo		18,920	23,565	24,972	25.109	28,213
Value of land and buildings £'00		3,626	4,068	4,588	4,726	5.033
Value of plant and machinery £'00		713	903	1,032	1,065	1,108
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	n	1				-, -
use h.		4.361	4.671	4.899	4,790	4,858

20. Shirts, Collars and Underclothing.—Particulars of this industry are shown below for each State for 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years :--

## SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING.

1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	1.48	163	21	25	19		379
Number of persons employed	3,745		988			34	11,150
Salaries and wages paid £	1,928,656	2,820,270	445.145	197.580	279,039	13.151	5,683,841
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	34.623	41,481	6.736	3.426	5,204	65	91,535
Value of materials used £		5.999.686	413.101	263.624	460.145	1.245	12,077,095
Value of production . £	3,008,203	5.098,227	600,920		372,396	15,231	9,377,518
Total value of output £		11,139,394	1.050.760		837,745	16.541	21,546,148
Value of land and buildings £		1,287,626			94,875	1.4.520	2,416,906
Value of plant and machinery £	310,008	457,966	56,285	22.754	52,010	5,940	904,963
Horse-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use h.p.	1.560	2,201	101	162	181	16	4,320

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	AUS	1 NALIA.				
Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories Number of persons employed	11081	397 12,545	410 12,870	419 12,640	379	379
Salaries and wages paid £'oo Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'oo	0 1,143	3,515	4,452	5,361	4,397	5,684
Value of materials used £'oo Value of production £'oo	0 2,651	8,915 5,978	10,730	12,333	9.670 t	12,C77 9,377
Total value of output £'oo Value of land and buildings £'oo	0 4,435	14,953 1,833	18,305	21,130	17,270	21,546
Value of plant and machinery £'00 Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	0 231	693	845	885	846.	905
use h.r		3,795	6,017	5,189	4,779	4,320

#### SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING-continued.

AUSTRALIA.

21. Boots and Shoes.—(i) Details of Industry. The boot and shoe factories hold an important place both in regard to employment afforded and extent of output. The following tables refer to boot and shoe factories as distinct from those devoted to repairing. It has been necessary to include details of boot and shoe repairing in Tasmania, in order to conceal confidential information for that State. Factories engaged in the manufacture of rubber boots and shoes are excluded, being classified under Rubber Goods, see para. 38, page 386.

BOOTS AND 2	SHO	)ES.
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1953-54.

. Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Australia.
Number of factories	101	239	3+	23	I	22	520
Number of persons employed	7,544			1,379	767	180	22,953
Salaries and wages paid £		7,114,644	946,857	875,123	441.048	99,093	14,215,261
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	89.347					1,304	224,804
Value of materials used £	6,319.973	11,059,291	1,364,717	.034,336	596,840	133,099	20,508,256
Value of production	6,577,505	9,866,437	1,146,77*	1,123,613	597,791	132,351	19,444,472
Total value of output £	12,986,825	21,025,593			1,203,179		40,177,532
Value of land and buildings £	1,274,502	1,604,864	216,838	219,885	138,068	36,715	3.490,872
Value of plant and machinery £	771,651	1,711,239	247,919	262,260	134,291	24,342	3,151,702
Horse-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use . h.p.	4,933	9,150	885	981	595	135	16,679

А	$\mathbf{ns}$	ŤR	AT.	IA.

Items.			1945-46.	194 <b>9-50.</b>	195 <b>0-5</b> 1.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories			383	510	521	540	509	520
Number of persons employed			18,264	23,180	23,783	22.775	20,920	22,953
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	4,408	8,410	10,274	12,415	12,430	14,215
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	75	123	141	172	197	225
Value of materials used		£'000	7,520	12,353	15,390	18,058	17,668	20,508
Value of production	••	£'000	6,472	11,892	14,611	17,162	17,162	19,444
Total value of output		£'000	14,067	24,368	30,142	35,392	35,027	40,177
Value of land and buildings	••	£'000	1,518	2,328	2,822	3,310	3,227	3,491
Value of plant and machinery	•••	£'000	1,222	1,877	2,265	2,402	2,653	3,152
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in 1	ise h.p.	9,678	15,644	17,200	18,573	18,214	16,679

(a) Includes details of boot and shoe repairing.

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The number and value of boots, shoes and slippers made in factories producing and repairing boots and shoes in each State are shown for 1953-54 in the following table. Particulars relating to the output of rubber boots and shoes are not included :--

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORIES : OUTPUT, 1953-54.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Quantity— Boots, shoes and sandals pairs Slippers ,, Value—	6,744,102 2,902,064	9.631,948 4,240,842	1,382.097 723,571	1,430,492 (a)	650,207 624,313		19,948,623 8,557,746
Boots, shoes and sandals £	11,095,206	17.318,983 2,865,708	310.321		341,850	<u>(a)</u>	33,574,349 5,1 <u>49,33</u> 5

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

22. Flour-milling.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows the position of the grain-milling industry in each State for the year 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years :--

## FLOUR-MILLING.

#### 1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	53	37	II		20	10	157
Number of persons employed	1,723		(a)	460	543	(a)	4,602
Salaries and wages paid £	1,492,078	1,057,925	(a)	378,421	439,385	(a)	3,847,152
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	374,114	177,421	(a)	94,845	125,181	(a)	847,310
Value of materials used £	20,666,320	14,947,772	(a)	5,611,561	6,752,569	(a)	53,945,882
Value of production		2,405,804	(a)	700,225	834,845		8,133,863
Total value of output £		17,530,997	(a)	6,406,631	7,712,595	(a)	62,927,064
Value of land and buildings £	1,578,721	1,164,232	(a)	264,098	697,789	(a)	4,259,932
Value of plant and machinery £	2,041,200	1,226,794	(a)	471,395	602,736	(a)	4,921,168
Horse-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use h.p.	17,443	14,007	<i>(a)</i>	4,392	5,260	(a)	52,545

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	172	161	165	162	158	157
Number of persons employed	1 0 78 2	4,541	4.842	4,681	4,892	4,602
Salaries and wages paid £'ood	896	2,349	2,933	3,466	3,884	3,847
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000		444	545	730	866	847
Value of materials used for formation for the second secon	10,573	27.837	34,350	45,576	51,373	53,946
Value of production £'000		4.277	5,636	7.313	8,296	8,134
Total value of output £'ood	12,895	32.558	40.531	53.619	60,535	62,927
Value of land and buildings £'000		2,557	3,177	3,606	3,912	4,260
Value of plant and machinery £'000		2,593	3,408	4,106	4,531	4,921
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		,,,,,,,	571			17,2
use h.p		36,081	38,413	41,824	44.781	52,545

(ii) Production of Flour and By-products. The production of flour by the mills in each State (including other than flour mills) for the years 1938-39 and 1948-49 to 1954-55 was as follows :---

FLOUR-MILLING: PRODUCTION OF FLOUR.

(Tons of 2,000 lb.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia.
1938-39	547,162	436,829	84,314	146,262	138,583	19,582	1,372,73
1948-49 (a)	667,645	479,288	110,843	211,787	183,143	26,484	1,679,190
1949-50 (a)	597,491	447,784	112,995	162,259	161,251	27,243	1,509,02
1950–51 (a)	694,036	448,881	116,503	189,962	218,841	27,336	1,695,550
1951–52 (a)	578,686	559,224	124,703	206,856	223,936	27,745	1,721,150
1952–53(a)(b)	543,693	592,465	132,839	201,685	227,269	28,349	1,726,30
1953 - 54(a)(b)	603,575	473,842	138,524	164,907	197,654	30,556	1,600,05
1954-55(a)(b)(c)	570,895	452,536	156,668	141,517	189,603	29,247	1,538,460
(a) Includes	wheatmeal f	or baking	(b) Incl	udes also sh	arns	(c) Prelimina	aty subject

In addition, 610,000 tons of bran and pollard were made in 1953-54 and 566,000 tons in 1954-55. The total quantity of wheat ground in flour mills was 72,354,671 bushels in 1953-54 and 70,287,909 bushels in 1954-55.

23. Bakeries.—Information regarding establishments in which the manufacture of bread, cakes, etc., was carried on is given in the table below. It should be noted, however, that the details refer only to establishments coming within the definition of a factory as explained at the beginning of this section. For that reason the tables do not give complete details of the industry, as a large number of bakehouses not coming within the definition are excluded. This is true of all other industries covered by the statistics of manufacturing production, but, in view of the omission of such a large number of establishments in this instance, special mention is deemed necessary.

## BAKERIES (INCLUDING CAKES AND PASTRY).

1953-54.

Number of persons employed         7,343         5,327         2,312         1,292         980         1,503         18,753           Sahnries and wages paid         £         3,876,974         2,852,675         1,048,068         741,355         467,862         99,7318         9,954,28           Value of power fuel, etc., used £         739,336         515,345         194,999         132,082         93,699         129,729         1,805,199           Value of materials used         £         171,632,528         8,933,182         3,632,306         2,500,270         1,760,484,4,369,961         32,828,43           Value of notdertion         £         8,915,016         6,742,142         2,522,888         1,574,455         1,142,732         2,290,720         2,306,93           Total value of output         £         21,286,880         16,190,669         6,350,103         4,206,807         2,99,618         6,709,416         5,774,055           Value of land and buildings         £         5,694,495         3,913,899         1,162,078         9,44,122         657,996         1,244,498         13,617,008           Value of plant and machinery £         2,631,0019         2,758,595         551,055         583,2653         393,110°         622,7337         7,188,05 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>								
Number of persons employed         7,343         5,327         2,312         1,292         980         1,504         18,755           salaries and wages paid         £         3,876,974         2,852,675         1,048,068         711,355         467,892         907,318         9,954,28           Value of power fuel, etc., used         £         739,336         515,334         19,4999         132,082         93,692         907,318         9,954,28           Value of power fuel, etc., used         £         17,632,528         8,933,182         3,632,306         2,500,270         1,760,484,4,369,961         32,828,48           Value of production         £         11,632,528         8,933,182         3,632,306         2,500,270         1,760,484,4,369,961         32,828,48           Total value of output         £         21,286,880         16,190,669         6,350,103         4,206,807         2,99,6618         6,709,416         57,740,55           Value of land and buildings         £         5,694,495         3,913,899         1,162,078         94,1122         657,996         1,244,498         13,617,085           Value of plant and machinery t         2,631,009         2,758,595         565,1065         583,263         93,100         622,737         7,185,05 <th>Items.</th> <th>N.S.W.</th> <th>Victoria.</th> <th>Q'land.</th> <th>S. Aust.</th> <th>W. Aust.</th> <th>Tas.(a)</th> <th>Australia</th>	Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Australia
	Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £ Value of power. fuel, etc., used £ Value of materials used £ Value of production £ Total value of output £ Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Horse-power of engines ordi-	7,343 3,876,974 739,336 11,632,528 8,915,016 21,286,880 5,694,495 2,631,019	5,327 2,852,675 515,345 8,933,182 6,742,142 16,190,669 3,913,899 2,276,859	2,312 1,048,068 194,999 3,632,306 2,522,858 6,350,163 1,162,078 651,065	1,292 741,355 132,082 2,500,270 1,574,455 4,206,807 944,122 583,263	980 467,892 93,699 1,760,184 1,142,735 2,996,618 657,996 393,110	1,504 967,318 129,729 4,369,961 2,209,726 6,709,416 1,244,498 622,737	18,755 9,954,282 1,805,190 32,828,431 23,106,932 57,740,553 13,617,088 7,158,053

(a) Includes confectionery.

1951-52. 1952-53. 1953-54. Items. 1938-39. 1949-50. 1950-51. 3,347 18,332 8,571 1,486 3,534 18,405 9,368 1.694 Number of factories 3,064 3,167 3,687 18,758 1,958 Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel. etc., used 17,925 5,891 11,715 17,929 6,942 £'000 9,954 1,805 1,993 1,116 £'000 306 6,651 917 18,406 Value of materials used 26,451 18,624 29,672 £'000 20,786 32,829 . . Value of production 12,987 14,893 21,788 23,107 £'000 4,509 . . Total value of output Value of land and buildings £'000 11,466 32,310 8,817 36,795 46,561 53,154 57,741 4,960 9,199 4,078 £'000 10,789 12,145 13.617 Value of plant and machinery 3,635 5.082 £'000 1,478 7,158 0,073 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. 10,855 19,160 20,483 22,248 23.792 26,462 . . .

AUSTRALIA.

24. Sugar-mills.—(i) General. Sugar-cane is grown in New South Wales and Queensland and particulars of area, yield, etc., are given in extended detail in Chapter XXI.—Agricultural Production.

The products of the sugar-mill are raw sugar and molasses, the former being sent to the refineries in different parts of Australia for further treatment. Particulars of cane crushed and sugar produced embodied in the following table refer to the quantities treated during the years ended 30th June, irrespective of the season in which the cane was grown; consequently the figures relating to cane crushed and sugar produced may differ slightly from those given in Chapter XXI.—Agricultural Production, which relate to harvest years.

	S	UGAR-MII	.LS.			
Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
	New	SOUTH V	VALES.			
Number of factories		3	3 282	176	3 138	3 156
Number of persons employed Cane crushed tons	212 337,038	227 330,740	359,849	321,388	125,714	263,249
Raw sugar produced (94 net titre) tons	45,106	40,706	41,258	41,060	14,272	34,004
;	·(	QUEENSLAI	ND.	·	·	·
Number of factories	33	. 32	32	31	31	31
Number of persons employed Cane crushed tons	4,419 5,432,193	5,898 6,518,006	6,394 6,691,704	5,612 5,005,172	6,495 6,841,536	7,358 8,751,063
Raw sugar produced (94 net titre) tons Molasses	775,064	896,413	879,844	704,341	934,614	1,220,383
Sold to distilleries 'ooo gals	8,276	17,596	15,234	12,557	15,774	23,323 5,486
Used as fodder,, ,, Used as manure, ,,	4,237 3,293	5,563 7,517	5,582	5,900 5,484	7.499	11,466
Run to waste,,	499	283	50	37	76	168
Burnt as fuel, ,, ,, Sold or used for other purposes	3,749	1,490	2,371	1,005	934	183
'ooo gals. Total molasses disposed	232	727	581	324	426	516
of 'ooo gals	20,286	33,176	29,373	25,307	30,596	41,142

25. Sugar-refining.—The establishment of the sugar-refining industry considerably antedates the establishment of the sugar-milling industry, the raw material operated on in the earlier years coming chiefly from Mauritius and the East. In 1953 54 there were two sugar refinerics in Queensland and one each in New South Wales, Victoria. South Australia and Western Australia. The quantity of raw sugar treated amounted to 465.848 tons for a yield of 449.015 tons of refined sugar.

26. Confectionery.—The figures for 1953-54 for each State and for Australia for a series of years are shown hereunder :---

CONFECTIONERY.

1953-54

ftems.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.(b)
Number of factories	97	99	23	22		( <i>a</i> )	2.4
Number of persons employed	2,930		318	351			6.97
Salaries and wages paid £	1.939,654	1.960.725		184.837	168,169		4.382.03
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	230,206	162.704.	10.920		17,589		443.91
Value of materials used £	6,543,033	6.001.657	462.973				13,856.92
Value of production	4.381,630	3,130,110	223,152	258.106			8,307.46
fotal value of output £	11,154,869	9.303.471	697,0.15	697,107			122,608,30
Value of land and buildings £	1.180.350	985.339					2,649,92
Value of plant and machinery £	1.398,150	1,333,615	108,764	114,666			3,038.77
Horse-power of engines ordi-					2,10		1
narily in use h.p.	13.864	12,016	826	1,578	479	(11)	28.76

AUSTRALIA.(b)									
Items.	1	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.		
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinan use	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	148 7,256 1,041 107 3,102 2,418 5,627 1,423 1,364 16,154	16,475 2,071 2,087	10,370 6,810 17,479 2,319 2,421	7,361 4,006 371 11,997 7,801 20,169 2,428 2,704	6,873 4,084 436 12,554 7,910 20,900 2,510 2,872	249 6,976 4,382 444 13,857 8,307 22,608 2,650 3,039 28,763		

(a) Not available for publication. Included with Bakeries.

(b) Excludes Tasmania.

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27. Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of factories included in this class for each State for 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years :—

JAM, FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNING, PICKLES, SAUCES, VINEGAR.

1953-54.							
Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land	I. S. Aus	t. W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	59	6.	-, <u></u> , ł	18	23 11	22	197
Number of persons employed	2.734		, I,	1,29		1,111	11,101
Salaries and wages paid £	1,990,566	3,242,993	3 1,033,3	319' 819,1	26 78,278	701,013	7,870,295
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	195.986	295,37	58,0	146 54.7	27 5,424	49,76	660,220
Value of materials used £	6.779,912	13,546,31	5 4,513,6	24 3,19 ,0		1,624,56	28,074,662
Value of production		7,546,96		23 1,062,1			14,991.684
Total value of output £	1 , 101,835	21,388,659	6,735,-	93 3,309,0			11,526,572
Value of land and buildings £		2,540,87					0,136,665
Value of plant and machinery £	1,431,856	2,443,32	7 386,2	253 414.8	52 49,090	678.13	5.403,519
Horse-power of engines ordi-	1						
narily in use h.p.	8,983	14,630	2,	376 1.8	87 371	3.47	31.721
····	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		AUSTR	ALIA.				
Items.	Ţ	938-39. 1	949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories					201		1 107
Number of persons employed	•• 1	123 6,476	197 12,200			204 10.845	197 11.101
Salaries and wages paid	£'000	1,149	4,901	6,298			7,870
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£'000	97	415	521	672	636	660
Value of materials used	£'000	4,800	17.481	21,234			28,875
Value of production	£'000	2,334	8,374	10.685			14,992
Total value of output	£'000	7,231	26,270	32,440		40.526	44,527
Value of land and buildings	£'000	1,382	3,490	4,082		6.025	6,137
Value of plant and machinery	2'000	721	3,118			5,095	5,404
Horse-power of engines ordinar			,,	3,720	414-3	5,095	3,404
use	h.p.	7,873	25,314	26,718	29,792	30,241	31,721

(ii) *Production.* During the 1939-45 War, production of jams increased greatly and an output of 171 million lb. was attained in 1943-44. Production afterwards decreased, but attained a new record of 198.5 million lb. in 1947-48. It dropped to 85.7 million lb. in 1953-54. Preliminary figures for 1954-55 show production as being 78.7 million lb.

The peak output of preserved fruit occurred in 1953-54 with 338.6 million lb. compared with the previous highest level of 256.1 million lb. attained in 1951-52 Preliminary figures for 1954-55 show production as being 313.9 million lb.

There has also been a marked development in the production of canned vegetables. In 1938-39 output totalled 10.3 million lb. but, as a result of the war-time demand by the armed services, production reached the record level of 119.1 million lb. in 1944-45. However, it has since declined and in 1953-54 amounted to 40.3 million lb. Preliminary figures for 1954-55 show production as being 46.9 million lb.

The following table shows the total quantity and value of jams, pickles, sauces and other items manufactured in each State in 1953-54:---

JAMS, PRESERVED	FRUIT	AND	VEGETABLES,	PICKLES	AND	SAUCES :	OUTPUT.
			1953-54.				

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Jams 'ooo lb.	23,800	(a)14,395	9,896	6,863	733	(b)	85,687
Fruit, preserved.	52,592	176,755	59,376	32,072	91	17,676	338,562
Fruit Pulp(d) cwt. Fruit Juices, natural	££,609	49,681	15,006	13,801	18,102	82.013	223,212
'oon gals.	21.1	71	2,552	171	73	80	3,161
Vegetables, preserved			-,5,12		i 74		3,
'000 lb.	19,603	14.784	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	40,265
Tomato Pulp(d) cwt.	24,522	148,131	(e)	15,202	11,486	(c)	199.547
Tomato Paste, Puree, etc.					1 1		
'000 pints	286	927	(c)	(c)	(c)	• •	1,325
Pickles ,	2,951	2,161	152	1,420	212 .	• •	6,856
Sauces	10,425	10,622	1,745	1,834	692	451	25,770
Soup (canned)	3,070	22,175		243	21		25,509

(a) Includes Tasmania. (b) Included with Victoria. (c) Not available for publication Figures are included in total for Australia. (d) Including quantities made and used in the works producing. 28. Bacon-curing.—(i) Details of Industry. The table hereunder shows particulars of factories engaged in bacon-curing in each State for 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years :—

#### **BACON-CURING.**

## 1953-54

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	32		9	13	4	11	85
Number of persons employed	608	623	1,053	380		96	2,975
Salaries and wages paid £	502,853	460,726			166,553	74,117	2,269,968
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£	81,371		70,052			5.912	297,652
Value of materials used £	4,524,168		6,507,900	2,071,384			19,448,512
Value of production	1,081,675		1,439,066	379.066	172,283	154.802	4,409,987
Total value of output £	5,687,214		8,017,018				24,156,151
Value of land and buildings £	474,171						1,737,304
Value of plant and machinery £	211,759						
Horse-power of engines ordi-	77 5 5	, 5 - 4	÷ ,,				
narily in use h.p.	2,194	2,753	3,696	1,832	762	448	11,685

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'ooo Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'ooo Value of materials used £'ooo Value of production £'ooo Value of land and buildings £'ooo Value of plant and machinery £'ooo	76 2,047 480 77 3,768 865 4,710 750 357	86 2,907 1,318 170 12,518 2,283 14,971 1,079 537	84 2,961 1,577 204 14,076 2,930 17,210 1,270 610	83 2,838 1,895 251 16,269 3,907 20,427 1,356 724	85 2,994 2,225 292 18,836 4,026 23,154 1,635 917	85 2,975 2,270 298 19,448 4,410 24,156 1,737 955
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	9,389	10,093	10,472	10,700	11,636	11,685

(ii) Quantity of Production. The number of pigs cured and the quantity of bacon and ham and lard produced in factories in each State for 1953-54 are shown in the following table :--

BACON-CURING FACTORIES : PIGS CURED AND PRODUCTION, 1953-54.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Pigs killed for bacon and ham— For curing on own account For curing on commission	208,204 10,985	131,272 1,716	224,595 1,165	61,438 552	} 77,219	27,010	{ 729122 15034
Pork and green bacon used for- Curing on own account 'ooo lb. Curing on commission ,, Sugar used to to Finished bacon and ham made (b)-	1,711 4,565 76	2,276 2 19	(a)  145	(a) <sub>24</sub>	835 5 23	(a) <sub>14</sub>	5,547 4,572 301
On own account 'ooo lb. On commission ,, Green bacon and ham ,, Lard produced cwt.	18,652 5,524 1,127 4,732	14,270 185 1,328 6,657	20,587 129 2,545 10,566	6,217 53 462 3,647	7,713 10 736 5.471	1,983 56 246 900	69,422 5,957 6,444 40,973

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia. (b) Includes smoked bacon and ham, cooked ham (not smoked) made for retail sale, and canned bacon and ham.

Bacon and ham and other pig products are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIII — Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products.

20. Butter, Cheese and Condensed and Dried Milk.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of butter, cheese and condensed and dried milk factories in each State for 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years.

# BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED AND DRIED MILK.

1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria	Q'lan	d. S.	Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	7	8 1	35	<u> </u>	40	15	21	380
Number of persons employed	2,41			623	771	294		
Salaries and wages paid £	1,913.75		52 1,143,		63,868			8,416,36
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £		8, 1,314,4			15,800			2,396,420
Value of materials used £							3,323,543	
Value of production £							520,297	
Total value of output £	20,706,40	2 53,299,9	29 24,627,				3,896,701	112330040
Value of land and buildings £	2,880,95	9 4,217,2	21 1,405,			146,772	259,478	9,364,96
Value of plant and machinery £		6 5,545,5	39 1,788,	948 4	33,936	272,930	226,757	12,082,77
Horse-power of engines ordi-								
narily in use . h.p.	32,97	7 32,4	84 19,	715	5,863	1,838	1,986	94,86
AUSTRALIA.								
Items.		938-39.	1949-50.	1950-	-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.

Items.	1938–39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid for Value of power, fuel, etc., used for Value of materials used for Value of production for Total value of output for Value of land and buildings for Salaries for the salaries for the salar	6,851 1,570 390 29,162 3,543 33,095 2,880	8.099 70,201 4,562	409 10,707 6,020 1,504 61,581 10,790 73,875 5,400	399 10,473 7,186 1,837 68,038 12,535 82,410 6,585	384 10,641 8,098 2,339 97,291 14,350 113,980 7,571	380 10,580 8,416 2,396 94,020 15,914 112,330 9,365
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		5,547	7,014	8,569	10,250	12,083
use h.p	45,059	69,809	74,199	77,439	84,428	<u>  91,86</u> 3

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The next table shows the quantities and values of butter, cheese and condensed milk produced and the quantities of milk used in their production during 1953-54. These details are restricted to factory production and therefore exclude farm output.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED MILK, ETC. FACTORIES : PRODUCTION, 1953-54.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	QId.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
	M/	TERIALS	USED.	·	·	•	·
Whole Milk used in manufacture of-		1		<u> </u>	1 1		1
Butter		296,322	189,190	31,909	28,205	37,678	721,410
Cheese ,, Condensed, Dried and other Milk	7,333	54,925	15,162	24,915	(a)	.(a)	105,719
Products		59,732	(a)	(a)	3,089	2,881	86,667
Sugar		13,229	(a)	(a)	( <i>a</i> )	(a)	16,508
		PRODUCTI	05.		<u></u>		
11		1 ( . ( . (	1				1
Butter ton Cheese (Green Weight)	29,713	63,616 25,977	41,797 (b) 6,746	7,586	$\begin{pmatrix} 6,142\\ (a) \end{pmatrix}$	7,263 (4)	156,117 (b) 49,043
Condensed Milk (Sweetened	3,210	25,977	(0,0,740	11,012	(4)	(4)	(0) 49,043
and Unsweetened)	(0)	35,999		(a)	<i>(a)</i>	• •	42,386
Concentrated—			1				
Whole Milk	(a)	5,268	(a)	• •	(a)	(a)	19,161
Skim Milk Powdered Full Cream Milk	•••	(a)	(a)		1 1	·	797
Spear	b c	11.221	h	1	1 1	(	15,616
Roller	12 (")	1,687	$\left  \right\rangle$ (a)	' (#)	(a)	(a) {	3,289
Infants' and Invalids' Foods	r ·	1	1		1	, c	3,,
(including Malted Milk and	1	1			1		i
Milk Sugar)	(4)	, (a)	1	••		(4)	11,740
Powdered Skim Milk-			5			c	0.000
Spray ,, Roller	3,235	5,996 7,7 18	<i>(</i> ")	( <i>a</i> )	(a)	(a) {	9,339 10,465
Butter Milk and Whey Pourles	627	3.713	(a)	162	(0)	· · · ·	5,358
Casein	(a)	. (a)	1				3,827
Ice Cream Mix-	1	• ·			1 1		1
Powder,	(0)	(G)	•••	(11)	(7)	••	582
Liquid ,,	(1)	(a)	1	1		••	2,098
Processed Cheese	( <i>a</i> )	<u>' (e)</u>	(7)	<u></u>	<u> </u>	· · ·	14,337

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in tot: I for Australia. tons of cheese valued at £26,348 made in establishments not classified as factories. (b) Includes 119

The butter, cheese and condensed milk industries are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIII.-Farmyard. Dairy and Bee Products.

30. Meat and Fish Preserving.—The industries included in this group are engaged chiefly in the freezing and preserving of meat. Works have been established at the seaports for the purpose of handling beef, lamb and mutton for export, and insulated space for the carriage of chilled and frozen produce is provided by shipping companies trading between Australia and other parts of the world. The substitution of chilled for frozen meat exported is referred to in Chapter XXII.—Pastoral Production. In recent years there has been considerable expansion in the canning of meat and fish.

#### MEAT AND FISH PRESERVING.

19	53-	-54	•

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust	Tas.	Australia
Sumber of factories	14	16	2(	21	24	4	10(
Number of persons employed	849	1,064	6,25	340	56;	46	9,11
alaries and wages paid £	585,580		5,217,04		510,467		7,391,88
alue of power, fuel, etc., used£	100,950	166,352				4,502	
Zalue of materials used £	3,137,737	5,155,044	33,640,136	1,136,418	3.536,037		46,671,05
alue of production £	1,161,631	1,264,704	7,525.280	373.611	1.000,629		11.374,11
"otal value of output 👔 🗜	1,400,315		41,874,23				59,060,24
alue of land and buildings £	393,316		2,494,431		761,652		4.500.46.
Value of plant and machinery £ Horse-power of engines ordi-	385,347	477,185	1,290,309	148,169	496.206	28,921	2,826,13
narily in use h.p.	3.057	2,931	20,356	1,011	4.11.4	341	31,81

AUSTRALIA.										
Items,	1938-39	1949-50.	1950-31.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54				
Number of factories	3	86	86	87		106				
	4,00	8,552	7,940	7.356	8.771	9,113				
Salaries and wages paid £'oo	0 1,18	4,165	4,752	5.222	6,820	7,395				
Value of power, fuel. etc., used £'oo	0 1 134	550	633	742	972	1.015				
Value of materials used £'oo					47,637	46,671				
Value of production £'00						11,374				
Total value of output £'oo	o 8,086	31,390			60,735	59,060				
Value of land and buildings £'oo	0 1,966					4,500				
Value of plant and machinery £'00						2,826				
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	n   ''''		-,-,,		,,	1				
use h.j		28,668	30,081	34,510	33,328	31,810				

Particulars of the quantities and values of beef, mutton and lamb preserved by cold process exported from Australia over a series of years will be found in Chapter XXII.— Pastoral Production.

31. Breweries.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table gives particulars of breweries in each State for the year 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted, however, that the data shown are not strictly comparable throughout, owing to the inability or failure of some breweries to furnish a separate return for each branch of activity. Consequently the figures for some States include details of employment, wages, output, etc., not connected with the brewing of beer, although associated with it. These extraneous activities include cooperage, malt works, aerated waters, etc.

BREWERIES. 1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	9	7	6	4	3	2	31
Number of persons employed	1,737	2,152	779	745	(a) <sup>–</sup>	(a)	6,193
Salaries and wages paid £	1,674,080	1,730,707	593,579	634.531		(a)	5.325,416
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	493,568	400,405			(a)	(a)	1,366,161
Value of materials used £		7,060,641	1,787,853	1,800,040		(a)	19,974,349
Value of production . £		3,048,705				(a)	13,048,265
Total value of $output(b)$ £		10.509.751				(a)	34,388,775
Value of land and buildings £		2,351.068				(a)	7.255.798
Value of plant and machinery £		1,318,513				(a)	7,681,217
Horse-power of engines ordi-		,,,,,,,	,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	,,,,
narily in use h.p.	15,467	0.306	6.128	3.506	(11)	<i>(a)</i>	38.803

BREWERIES—continued
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AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid É'ooo Value of power, fuel, etc., used É'ooo Value of materials used É'ooo Value of production É'ooo Value of land and buildings É'ooo Value of plant and machinery É'ooo Value of plant and machinery É'ooo Value of plant and machinery É'ooo	3,698 1,215 251 3,407 5,372 9,030 2,801 2,737	30 5,258 2,896 704 7,584 7,563 15,851 3,507 3,623	29 5.517 3,666 849 9,081 8,458 18,388 5,162 4,489	31 5,914 4,564 1,145 11,739 10,298 23,182 5,715 4,832	32 5,904 5,030 1,388 16,452 11,458 29,208 6,480 5,870	31 6,193 5.325 1.366 19,975 13,048 34,389 7,256 7,681
use h.p.		26,512	28,765	30,181 /	32,754	38,803
(a) Not available for publication;	figures are	included i	in total for	Australia.	(b)	

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australia. (b) Excise Duty.

(ii) Production, Consumption, Materials Used. The quantity of ale, stout and beer brewed fell from 73.7 million gallons in 1928–29 to 49.8 million gallons in 1931–32, but thereafter increased each year to 109.2 million gallons in 1941–42. Under the Control of Liquor Order which operated between March, 1942 and March, 1946, the production of beer was restricted and consequently output remained static at about 100 million gallons from 1942–43 to 1944–45. Thereafter production increased, and in 1954–55 amounted to over 220 million gallons.

The average annual consumption of ale, stout and beer prior to the economic depression of the early thirties exceeded 11 gallons per head of the population : it dropped to 7.32 gallons in 1931-32, increased to 13.76 gallons in 1941-42 and declined again to about 13 gallons during the period of control. The consumption per head had increased to 24.09 gallons by 1954-55.

The table below shows the quantities of materials used and the quantity and value of ale, stout and beer (excluding waste beer) brewed in each State during 1953-54 :----

Par	ticulars.		N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
			·	MATERIA	LS USEI	).	·!		·
Malt Hops Sugar	 	bus. lb. ton		2,047,945 1,332,912 12,122	683,695 460,248 4,139	438,046		(a) (a) (a)	6,378,087 4,874,837 41,273
	Ale,	BEER	AND STO	UT BREW	ED (EXC	LUDING V	VASTE BE	:ER).	
Quantity Value(b)	. 00	o gals. £'000	79,943 11,881		21,323 3,684		$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ a \end{pmatrix}$	(a) (a)	208,557
(a) Not a	vailable	for pub	lication;	figures are	included i	in total fo	r Australia.	(	(b) Excludes

## **BREWERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1953-54.**

32. Wineries and Distilleries.—The following table shows particulars of the operations of Wineries and Distilleries for each State during 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of

### WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

vears.

ltems.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	32	32	5	78	17,	· .	164
Number of persons employed	275	314	1821	1,154	56	• •	1,981
Salaries and wages paid £	229,529	235,316;	121,149	860,918	28,271	• •	1,475,183
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	97,060	70,041	79,786	116,137	1,941		364,965
Value of materials used £	1,040.397	676,616	345.043	3.542,670		• •	5,721,169
Value of production £	785,078	532,175	266,281	1,605,472	64,466	• •	3,253,472
Total value of output £	1,922,535	1,278,832	691,110	5.264,279	182,850	• •	9,339,606
Value of land and buildings £	566,900	251,931	181.579	1,234.545	48.709	· .	2,283,664
Value of plant and machinery £	546,468	374,657	269.787	881,028	35,763	۰.	2,107,703
Horse-power of engines ordi-			· · · ·				
narily in use h.p. !		2,639	591	6,073	293	<u> </u>	11,275

1953-54.

### WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES-continued.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	135	· 146	153	158	167	164
Number of persons employed	1,133	2,130	2,158	2,277	2,021	1,981
Salaries and wages paid £'000	246	976	1,122	1,416	1,431	1,475
Value of power, fuel. etc., used £'000		260	294	383	333	365
Value of materials used £'000		4,484	4,810	7.076	5,464	5.721
Value of production £'000	811	2,169	2,637	3,118	3,198	3,254
Fotal value of output £'000	2,290	6,913	7,74I	10,577	8,995	9,340
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,002	1,500	1,795	1,920	2,104	2,284
Value of plant and machinery £'000	916	1,210	1,556	1,774	1,913	2,108
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in						
use h.p.	4,396	8,175	9,189	11,038	10,995	11,275

33. Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes.—Particulars of establishments in which the manufacture of tobacco, cigars or cigarettes was carried on during 1953-54 are shown below for each State and for Australia for a series of years. There are no such factories in Tasmania.

TOBACCO,	CIGARS	AND	CIGARET	ΓES.
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1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Australia.
Number of factories	15	12	7	····	2	36
Number of persons employed	2,451	2,023	(a)		(a)	4,757
Salaries and wages paid £	1,804,984	1,437,632	(a)		(a)	3,416,708
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	106,851	37,853			(a)	151,043
Value of materials used £	15,845,396	10,370,568			(a)	26,834,971
Value of production £	3,951,651	4,089,786		• •	(a)	8,340,848
Fotal value of output £	19,903,898	14,498,207	(a)		(a)	35,326,862
Value of land and buildings £	742,802	841,731	(a)	• •	(a)	1,821,696
Value of plant and machinery £	679,324	1,014,396	(a)		(a)	1,916,924
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in						
use h.p.	4,327	2,145	(a)	<u>.</u> .	(a)	6,919

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	30	37	37	36	37	36
Number of persons employed	5,544	5,167	5,044	4,971	4,704	4,757
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,096	1,992	2,380	2,932	3,204	3,417
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	34	89	90	126	144	151
Value of materials used £'000	7,081	15,016	16,599	19,419	22,416	26,835
Value of production £'000	2,685	3,869	4,897	5,206	7,078	8,341
Cotal value of output £'000	9,800	18,974	21,586	24,751	29,638	35,327
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,042	1,276	1,485	1,598	1,741	1,822
Value of plant and machinery £'000	943	1,060	1,171	1,284	1,458	1,917
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in						
use h.p.	4,610	5,796	6,056	5,862	6,028	6,919
Leaf used—	1					
Australian (stemmed) 'ooolb,	4,489	3,313	3,775	3,664	4,222	4,866
Imported (stemmed) 'ooolb.	16,011	24,043	24,558	26,131	28,410	33,076
Tobacco made 'ooolb.	16,305	20,168	20,967	21,615	22,334	23,400
Cigars made 'ooolb.	238	169	179	175	129	173
Cigarettes made 'ooolb,	6,731	10,341	10,679	11.749	13,879	18,303

(a) Not available for publication ; figures are included in total for Australia.

For many years the production of locally-grown leaf was comparatively small, and manufacturers were dependent on imported leaf for the supply of their raw material. Increased import duties stimulated local production, and the quantity of Australian leaf used by manufacturers rose from 1.2 million lb. in 1929-30 to over 3 million lb. in 1930-31. During the 1939-45 War about 4.7 million lb. of Australian-grown leaf was used annually, but in subsequent years the figure fell, and the 1953-54 usage showed an increase to 4.9 million lb. In this connexion, see Chapter XXI.---Agricultural Production.

Imports of tobacco during 1953-54 comprised—manufactured tobacco, 200,925 lb.; cigars, 39,734 lb.; cigarettes, 6,210,425 lb.; unmanufactured tobacco, 37,253,690 lb 34. Sawmills, etc.—The most important industry in Class X. is that of sawmilling. Because of difficulties associated with the classifying of sawmills into forest and town, they have been combined in the following table, together with plywood and bark mills.

#### SAWMILLS, PLYWOOD AND BARK MILLS.

#### 1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
	546,968 19,759,994 12,834,120 33,141,082 3,157,37-	7,360 4,960,036 392,214 11,478,692 8,604,979 20,475,885 2,053,273 2,915,836	8,603 5,268,134 282,594 10,574,679 8,671,845 19,529,118 1,339,852 2,652,710	2,116 1,661,613 71,548 4,754,713 2,355,069 7,181, <b>3</b> 30 933,710 821,431	4,395 2,993,390 250,813 4,535,788 5,020,889 9,807,490 942,311 1,394,757	2,194 1,483,861 95,796 2,947,286 2,375,434 5,418,516 403,873 855,470	35,489 23,561,900 1,639,933 54,051,152 39,862,336 95,553,421 8,830,393 12,515,871

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid <u>Fooo</u> Value of power, fuel, etc., used E'ooo Value of materials used <u>E'ooo</u> Value of production <u>E'ooo</u> Potal value of output <u>E'ooo</u> Value of land and buildings <u>E'ooo</u> Value of land and buildings <u>E'ooo</u> Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use <u>h</u> p.	1,660 19,104 3,635 226 8,523 5,789 14,538 2,055 2,786 90,315	2,781 31,493 12,031 804 27,020 20,727 48,551 4,477 7,077 243,927	2,937 32,978 14,999 1,032 34,965 26,747 62,744 5,819 8,881 276,232		3,264 34,589 21,392 1,548 46,710 35,710 83,968 8,097 11,918 333,297	3,138 35,489 23,562 1,640 54,051 39,862 95,553 8,830 12,516 337,558	

The sawmill output of native timber, which declined from 740 million super. feet in 1925-26 to the abnormally low figure of 237 million super. feet during the depth of the depression, recovered to 717 million super. feet in 1938-39 and by 1954-55 had risen to 1,422 million super. feet. Further reference is made to the sawmilling industry in Chapter XXIV.—Forestry.

35. Cabinet and Furniture Making and Upholstery.—These industries constitute the principal manufactures in Class XI. The following table shows particulars for each State in 1953-54 :—

CABINET AND FURNITURE MAKING AND UPHOLSTERY, 1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	525	549	227	121	153	67	1,64
Number of persons employed	5,253	4,447	2,382	1,560		431	
Salaries and wages paid £	3.523.657	2,719,519			646,524		9,334,62
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	103,468					4,498	
Value of materials used £		3,977,256	2,048,036				14,714,44
Value of production £	5,574,618	4,338,569	1,927,158	1,418,474	1,068,521		14,693,01
fotal value of output £	11,367,175	8,376,561					29,648,71
Value of land and buildings £	2,118,757	1,807.921		434,912			5,634,74
Value of plant and machinery £	618,376	622,383	280,581				1,970,31
Horse-power of engines ordi-					]		
narily in use h.p.	14,936	14,489	6,371	5,437	3,505	1,478	46,21

36. Printing Works.—Printing and bookbinding rank high in importance among the industries of Australia, and in 1953-54 afforded employment for 35.390 employees, and paid £26,023,000 in salaries and wages, while the value of output amounted to £86,054,000. The first table below gives particulars of establishments engaged in general printing in each State for 1953-54. These establishments include those engaged in lithographic

printing, bookbinding, paper ruling and linotyping and Government printing works. Establishments producing newspapers and periodicals are shown separately in the second table to follow :—

**GOVERNMENT AND GENERAL PRINTING WORKS, 1953-54.** 

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'hand.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	237,679 9,700,424 11,050,952 20,989,055 3,763,271 4,105,649	7,725 5,452.015 126,040 6,955,789 8,576,365 15,658,194 3,296,680 3,617,350	2,150 1,282,749 33,318 1,316,612 1,970,019 3,319,949 671,266	973,697 26,201 1,061,719 1,544,850 2,632,770	1,256 755,65 23,892 909,349 1,419,109 2,352,350 471,796 561,033	375,340 7,250 408,140 543,302 958,692 151,786 231,822	22,252 15,434,440 454,380 20,352,033 25,104,597 45,911,010 8,792,699 9,887,935

NEWSPAPERS	AND	PERIODICALS,	1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	182	113	57	33	24	7	416
Number of persons employed	5,686	3,380	1,966	1,055	641	410	13,138
Salaries and wages paid £	4,543,558	2,829,469	1,416,333	917,773	531,434	349,815	10,588,382
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	249,869	104,793	59,275	30,369	34,630	5,276	484,212
Value of materials used £	8,964,537	6,568,338	2,241,298	1,517,762	1,015,039	245,618	20,552,592
Value of production . £	8,473,456	4,842,317	2,536.692	1,672,641	1,168,972	412,555	19,106,633
Total value of output £	17,687,862	11,515,448	4,837,265	3,220,772	2,218,641	663,449	40,143,437
Value of land and buildings £		1,230,180				161,415	6.618.520
Value of plant and machinery £	3,470,613	2,916,887	1,145,485	497,829	683,360	110,875	8,825,049
Horse-power of engines ordi-							
narily in use . h.p.	16,705	9.985	4,492	2.796	1,980	575	36,533
	l						

37. Paper Making.—Although the paper manufacturing industry has been established in Australia for many years it was not until the manufacture of paper pulp from indigenous timber commenced in 1938-39 that any marked development occurred.

Plants producing pulp from eucalypt timber are operating in Victoria and Tasmania. whilst in South Australia pulp is being produced from locally-grown softwoods. The production of pulp rose from 6,000 tons in 1938-39 to 88,000 tons in 1946-47, and remained about this level until 1953-54, when production totalled 137,000 tons.

The number of factories operating in 1953-54 comprised two in New South Wales, nine in Victoria, one in Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia and four in Tasmania. In the latter State, newsprint, writing and printing papers are produced, and in the other States wrappings, other papers and boards. Particulars for this industry are shown in the following table.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories		14	14	16	17	18
Number of persons employed .		6,160	6,336	7,237	6,441	7,179
Salaries and wages paid £'00	0 467	3,183	4,231	5,852	5,338	6,130
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'00	0 201	998	1,181	1,610	1,649	2,048
Value of materials used £'00	0 1,096	6,154	7,487	14,558	12,637	15,198
Value of production £'00	0 1,005	6,581	9,165	12,623	11,085	15,451
fotal value of output £'00		13,733	17,833	28,791	25.371	32,697
Value of land and buildings £'00		3,331	4,871	6,820	7,324	8,106
Value of plant and machinery £'00		5,754	9,814	12,961	15.263	16,810
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i		5//04	3,		- 3, 5	
use		95,999	103,098	112,469	127,558	141,373

PAPER MAKING, INCLUDING PULP MILLS : AUSTRALIA.

38. Rubber Goods.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1953-54 and excludes establishments engaged primarily in the retreading and repairing of tyres.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	. 33	46	7	õ	2	1	
Number of persons employed .	. 5.996		978	606	(a)	(a)	12,421
Salaries and wages paid	£ 5,198,534	4,147,602	678,831	510,410	(a)	(a)	10,549.573
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£ 798,572	713,696	68,485	49,282		(a)	1,632,453
Value of materials used	£ 12,331,661	10,623,038	1,943,067	842,479		(a)	25,778,271
Value of production	£ 6,653,438	8,487,178	1,602,325	805,923	(a)	(a)	17,569,585
Total value of output	£ 19,783.671	19,823,912	3,613,877	1,697,684	(a)	(a)	41,980,309
Value of land and buildings		2,123,371				(a)	4,515,654
	£ 1,901,394	1,983,520	275,441	182,368		(a)	4,361,352
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	5 I						1
in use h.r	. 44,356	40,958	5,886	2,257	( <i>a</i> )	(a)	93,621

RUBBER GOODS, 1953-54.

(a) Not available for separate publication ; figures included in total for Australia.

39. Electric Light and Power Works.—(i) Details of Industry. The increased demand for electrical energy has been responsible for considerable development in electric light and power works during recent years. For further information on this subject see Chapter X.—Electric Power Generation and Distribution. Particulars of the industry for each State during the year 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years are shown below :—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS.

1953-54.

ltems.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
Number of factories	84	67		44 (1)	93 961	9	351
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £	5,140 4,764,853	2,431,526	1,061,656	(a)	849,712	(a)	11,395 10,308,2 <b>8</b> ;
Value of materials used £	2.930,358	8,902,076 404.579	900,494	(a)	3,079,371	(a)	35,082,984 4,800,123
Total value of output £	13,996,253 31,401,278	16,168,746	9,056,553	(a)	2,308,621 5,663,331	(a)	30,098,090 69.981,197
	13,681.350 42,714,300				3,046,293 8,595,465		47,369,225
Generators in talled—Kilowatt cajac'ty k.W.	1,421,951				198,982		3,416,609
				(/			

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid for Value of power, fuel, etc., used for Value of production for Value of production for Total value of output for Value of land and buildings for Value of land machinery for	. 6,508 D 1,977 0 3,239 0 530 D 8,714 D 12,483 0 8,388	358 9,433 5,368 15,491 2,180 12,885 30,556 13,486 45,454	354 9,815 6,541 21,259 2,712 14,790 38,761 16,932 \$3.441	331 10.381 8,178 28,724 3,481 18,065 50,27C 21,641 66,630	349 10,891 9,675 32,205 3,296 24,582 60,083 29,531 94,169	351 11,395 10,308 35,083 4,800 30,098 69,981 47,369 122,773

(a) Not available for separate publication ; figures included in total for Australia.

Particulars of the types of engines and generators installed in Electric Light and Power Works and their rated horse-power are given on page 333.

(ii) Production. The increase in the production of electric light and power in each of the States since 1938-39 is shown in the following table :---

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS : ELECTRICITY PRODUCED. (Million kWh)

Year.		N.S W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Australia
. 1938-39	· · · -	1.918.5	1.222.5	387.3	256.3	307.0	566.7	4,688.3
1948-49		3.,17.0	2 504 0	890.3	566.6	398.6	976.4	9,052.9
1040-50		3.758.1	2.706.1	971.6	593.8	417.5	1,061.6	9.508.7
1050-51		4.251. 1	2.875.9	1,115.4	713.0	469.9	1,077.7	10,503.3
1951-52		4.628.1	2,964.1	1,242.1	787.8	529.7	1,145.5	11,297.3
1952-53		1,868.3	2.193.0	1.349.1	822.3	568.7	*,213.5	12,944.8
1953-54		5,450.I	3.692.7	1.510.7	055.2	626.9	1,471.4	13,707.0
1351-55 (a)		5 007.5	4,150 5	1,658.7	1.157 9	738.5	1.595.3	15.298.4

(a) Preliminary-subject to revision.

40. Gas-works.--(i) Details of Industry. Gas-works are in operation in the majority of important towns in Australia. The following table shows particulars of gas-works in each State for the year 1953-54 and for Australia for a series of years :--

## GAS-WORKS.

## 1953-54.

Items.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Number of factories	39	34	16	3	4	2	98
Number of persons employed	1,533	34 1,461	434	(a)	201	(a)	4,141
Salaries and wages paid £	1,422,455	1,393,032	342,789	(a)	180,647	(a)	3,767,359
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £	1,979,861	129,185		(a)	98,986		2,244,073
Value of materials used £	6,025,510	5,991,089	1,003,178		678,560	(a)	15,248,733
Value of production £	4,884,807	1,652,034	835,836	(a)	225,622	(a)	8,120,811
Total value of output £	12,890,208	7,772,308	1,865,897	(a)	1,003,168	(a)	25,613,617
Value of land and buildings £	1,299,645	610,660	285,960	(a)	142,578	(a)	2,416,176
Value of plant and machinery £	5,486,579	6,255,590	1,605,318	(a)	1,464,799	(a)	17,234,856
Horse-power of engines ordi-		-	-				
narily in use h.p.	15,342	9,740	2,134	(a)	1,202	(a)	30,055

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1949-50.	1950-51.	1951-52	1952-53.	1953-54.
Number of factories	107	100	100	100	99	
Number of persons employed	2,931	3,815	3,871	4,042	4,199	4,141
Salaries and wages paid £'000	785	2,027	2,401	3,207	3,553	3,767
Value of power, fuel, light, etc., used				1		
£'000	251	845	1,179	1,777	2,080	2,244
Value of materials used £'000	1,872	7,220	9,450	13,401	15,576	15,249
Value of production £'000	2,694	3,663	4,426	7,165	8,473	8,121
Total value of output £'000	4,817	11,728	15,055	22,343	26,129	25,614
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,463	1,939	2,071	2,186	2,342	2,416
Value of plant and machinery £'000	7,498	11,656	12,386	13,846	15,962	17,235
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in					1	
use h.p.	17,905	26,225	28,205	28,427	29,514	30,055

(a) Not available for publication ; figures are included in the total for Australia.

#### (1) Coal Used and Production. The following table shows details for 1953-54 :-

#### GAS-WORKS: COAL USED AND PRODUCTION, 1953-54.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia
Coal used '000 tons	946				56		2,047
Gas produced million cubic ft.	20,802				I,443		42,100
Gas sold "," "," Coke produced (b) tons	17,820				1,240		36,178
Coke produced (b) tons	382,565	261,433	85,976	(a)	17,800	(a)	839,793

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in total for Australis. (b) In addition, 2,010,404 tons of metallurgical coke were made in Coke Works in 1953-54.

Since 1938-39, when the output of gas was 21 thousand million cubic feet, production has increased each year and reached 43 thousand million cubic feet in 1954-55: